

## INCOME TAX IS NOW EFFECT

BILL NOT YET SIGNED, BUT RETURNS WILL INCLUDE PRESENT EARNINGS.

425,000 ARE AFFECTED

MUST KEEP ACCOUNT OF ALL EARNINGS SINCE MARCH 1.

WILL PRODUCE \$82,298,000

To This Will Be Added \$35,000,000 or More From the Present Corporation Tax.

Washington, Sept. 27.—According to estimates completed today by treasury experts, 425,000 American citizens must keep such accurate account of their incomes this year that they will be able to report to income tax collectors next spring exactly how much they owe the government under the new income tax law.

So far as the taxable American is concerned, the income tax law is now practically in force against him. While the tariff bill in which the law is embodied will not be signed until next week, the first returns do not have to be made to the internal revenue collectors before March 1, 1914. But when the returns are made they will cover the income of citizens from March 1, 1913, to December 31, and the first payment of tax will be for money received during this period. Every single person (citizen or foreign resident) whose annual income exceeds \$1,000, and every married person with an income above \$4,000 is expected to report his or her receipts in detail to the government agents March 1 of each year. The estimate completed today indicates that the income tax will produce \$82,298,000 from the 425,000 persons taxed. This will be added to \$35,000,000 more, produced by the present corporation tax, which is continued as part of the law.

The income tax estimate follows:  
Incomes—Number—Total tax  
\$2,000 to \$5,000.....125,000 \$620,000  
\$5,000 to \$10,000.....175,000 524,000  
\$10,000 to \$15,000.....25,000 210,000  
\$15,000 to \$20,000.....25,000 185,000  
\$20,000 to \$25,000.....10,000 150,000  
\$25,000 to \$30,000.....5,000 125,000  
\$30,000 to \$35,000.....4,000 132,000  
\$35,000 to \$40,000.....2,400 476,000  
\$40,000 to \$50,000.....2,500 1,750,000  
\$50,000 to \$60,000.....200 1,200,000  
\$60,000 to \$100,000.....200 13,600,000  
\$100,000 or above.....100 2,500,000  
Totals.....425,000 \$12,298,000

Federal and State Employee Exempt. President Taft has directed the federal judges of the supreme and inferior courts now holding office and employees of "a state or any subdivision thereof," are the only persons specifically exempted from the tax by the law. The president and judges now in office were made exempt by the law, and any questions of the constitutionality of the law, and their successors in office will be compelled to pay the tax.

The general public is expected to give close study to the new law in the next few months as the first burden of the tax payment falls upon the individual citizen and his failure to report his income is punishable by a fine. It is admitted that when the first returns are made many taxable persons probably will escape payment, but with each year the government's lists of persons with taxable incomes will be made more nearly complete. Two primary methods of collecting the tax are contained in the law. One is the individual return made by the citizen, the other returns by corporations and other employers who pay their employees' taxes but the law says that under the law as it will be signed by President Wilson next week, every large company employing labor will be required to report salaries paid in excess of the \$5,000 figures and will deduct the tax from their pay envelopes.

"This payment at the source" will apply to salaries, rents, interest, royalties, partnership profits and some other sources of incomes, and persons receiving such income must be prepared to show that the money has been paid at its source.

In figuring up his net income for the taxpayer, the American business man, after deducting \$3,000 for himself, or \$4,000 if married, will have the right to claim the following additional exemptions:

Specified Exemptions.  
Necessary expenses of carrying on

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## CUPID TAKES MR. HEFFERNAN FROM IMPEACHMENT TRIAL



MR. WILLIAM J. HEFFERNAN

Whether Governor William Sulzer, of New York State, is guilty or innocent of the charges against him apparently has no concern for young Mr. Daniel Cupid, famed the world over for the number of notches carved in the bow he uses to shoot darts of love into the hearts of young and old.

Senator William J. Heffernan failed to answer to his name when the roll of judges who are trying Governor Sulzer was called, and upon inquiry it was learned he had obtained permission to remain away so that he might marry Miss Agnes Lynch, daughter of Mrs. Anna Danaher Lynch, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

## MAYES ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY PROGRESSIVES SCORE TAMMANY

NOT YET TO BEGIN CAMPAIGN, BUT MAKES KNOWN HIS INTENTIONS.

LOCAL OPTION AND STATEWIDE ALSO BLAME BARNES 'MACHINE'

Will Not Accept Campaign Contributions, and Promise a Quiet Campaign.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—Lieutenant Governor Will H. Mayes today announced his candidacy for governor of the state of Texas at the next election on a platform, the principal plank of which is local option and statewide prohibition, but which also involves other vital issues. The announcement of Mr. Mayes follows:

"Complying with numerous solicitations from all sections of the state, and conforming to my own laudable ambition to hold the highest and most responsible position within the gift of the people of Texas, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor of Texas.

"It is, in my opinion, entirely too early to begin a campaign for the office, and I could not make this announcement now but for the fact that my friends everywhere, knowing that I have had the matter under advisement for some time, are urging me to make known my intentions. It is not my desire to do anything to bring about premature political agitation, and therefore, I shall withhold an announcement of my views upon matters of vital interest to the state until later, giving the voters ample time to know what they may expect me to endeavor to do when elected their governor.

"Suffice it to say now that I shall give to the state a thorough business administration, looking to the economic handling of every department of the state government, while carefully protecting and building up our education, and eleemosynary institutions, including our public schools, improving our penal system and encouraging in every way the highest

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## Make Final Ruling on Cotton Bills of Lading

Galveston, Sept. 27.—An agreed judgment was entered as the decree of the court in the United States court for the Southern district of Texas, Judge Walter T. Burns presiding, this evening after an all day hearing on the temporary injunction granted by Judge Burns at Houston last Monday, restraining ten steamship companies and agents from making notations on port bills of lading for cotton received for shipment abroad. Under the agreed judgment entered, hereafter bills of lading for cotton shall bear printed on them as a part of the agreement the words, "received in apparent good order—bales of cotton baled in the usual American method," and where damage is noted these bills of lading shall bear in writing on their face a description of the specific damage and the number of bales so damaged. The injunction restraining the use of such notations as

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## GAMBOA STARTS HIS CAMPAIGN

RELIEVED OF DUTIES AS MINISTER, WILL START SPEECH MAKING.

LIBERALS MAY GIVE SUPPORT

Have Been Asked to Endorse Catholic Nominees—Carranza Will Not Abide by Election.

Mexico City, Sept. 27.—Federico Gamboa is losing no time in getting his campaign for the presidency under way. With only four weeks intervening before the elections and relieved of his duties as minister, he has plunged into the work of organization and has already laid plans for a campaign of speech making, which will probably draw him personally into the field as a political orator. Hundreds of telegrams were sent today from the temporary headquarters of the Catholic party to the heads of the party divisions in various parts of the country. Arrangements already have been made for twenty-five public speakers to take the field within a few days in the smaller cities and villages. Senor Gamboa himself, it was said, today, will doubtless visit a number of cities on a speech-making tour.

Establishes Campaign Headquarters. Permanent campaign headquarters have been engaged in a centrally located business block. Besides the campaign of oratory, arrangements are going forward for the presentation upon screens in moving picture theatres, with which the republic abounds, of the claims of the candidates for support. Banners and posters will be displayed to an extent never before known in Mexico.

A coalition between the Catholics and some elements of the so-called liberals has been engaged in, according to the leaders of the Catholic party. Individuals of the most radical wing of the liberals have approached the Catholics with a proposition to put forward Senor Gamboa and General Razon as the candidates, also of that faction, thus giving the liberals an opportunity to support these men without having the appearance of voting the Catholic ticket.

This is in line with Senor Gamboa's stipulation, upon accepting the presidential candidacy, that he should regard himself as the candidate of the whole people, not merely that of the Catholic party.

Gamboa Wants Diaz Recalled. It was the influence of Senor Gamboa that was responsible for the recall from Mexico of General Diaz. President Huerta was intent upon having General Diaz continue on his mission to Japan and it was only when Senor Gamboa indicated the desirability of having him rendered free to take the field as a presidential candidate that General Huerta agreed to his recall. The Catholic party leaders hope by securing the co-operation of some of the liberals to break the influence of the liberal party in the chamber of deputies and prevent the consummation of that party's proposed effort to bring about a postponement of the elections.

Carranza Will Not Abide.

Douglas, ARIZ., Sept. 27.—I declare that whoever proclaims himself president of Mexico, as the result of elections Huerta promises in October, will be considered a traitor to his country. If he falls into our hands he will be tried under the law of January 25, 1912, and the same treatment will be accorded to all who recognize him as president.

This declaration formed a part of a long message received here today from Governor Venustiano Carranza, the constitutionalist leader at Hermosillo. It was in response to a request that he state his position on the candidacy of Federico Gamboa for the Mexican

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## The Weather



Meteorological conditions yesterday and last night argued for unsettled weather today, according to Dr. I. Block, local volunteer observer. The weather maps have presented in the last few days a most confusing whirl of barometric phenomena.

Local Temperature. Thermometer and barometer readings yesterday by Dr. Block: Maximum 65°; minimum 61°; barometer 29.98, humidity 98. The total wind passage was 195 miles, the highest velocity being 10 miles, between 5 and 9 p. m.

Washington Forecast.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Forecast: Waco and vicinity—Local rains Sunday; warmer in west; Monday, fair, warmer in interior; moderate north and northeast winds. West Texas—Fair and warmer Sunday and Monday.

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## MYSTERIOUS WOMAN IS NEW DEVELOPMENT IN SULZER TRIAL

Is Believed by Board of Managers of Impeachment to Be Conversant With Many Details of the Governor's Wall Street Transactions.

## PORTFIRIO DIAZ IS SUMMONED

EX-PRESIDENT OF MEXICO IS CALLED UPON BY WAR DEPARTMENT.

THE REPLY IS NON-COMMITTAL

Too Old to Be of Service, Reason Prompting Recall Not Known.

Mexico City, Sept. 27.—General Porfirio Diaz, ex-president of Mexico, has been summoned by the war department to return to Mexico for active army service.

A cablegram sent to General Diaz today brought a non-committal reply from the ex-president, asking the war minister to await the arrival of a letter which he would dispatch him.

General Diaz is now at Biarritz, France. It is recognized here that Gen. Diaz is too old to render service, except possibly in an advisory capacity, and it is assumed that such will be expected of him.

The last words of General Diaz when he left Mexico were to the effect that he would return only if the country needed his services in the event of a foreign invasion.

No intimation is given as to the reason prompting his recall. His resignation from the army was accepted by President Madero.

Messages were sent by order of President Huerta today to all the consuls representing Mexico in foreign countries to the effect that the revolution was ended and the election would be held according to the government program. All that is now necessary, according to the president, is to keep large garrisons in principal cities and maintain order. Every guarantee for the free exercise of the franchise was promised.

## TROOPS FIRED UPON

MEXICAN FEDERALS SHOOT AT AMERICAN CAVALRYMEN NEAR EL PASO.

Forty Shots Altogether—U. S. Troops Do Not Return Fire, According to Officers.

El Paso, Sept. 27.—A detachment of United States troops, second cavalry, was fired upon late this afternoon by Mexican federal cavalrymen, the Americans being on duty patrolling the international border about fifteen miles east of El Paso.

None of the Americans was wounded. Two Texas Rangers, who were nearby, were also fired at by the Mexicans. United States army officers state tonight that their soldiers did not return the fire, although there were about 40 shots fired at them.

H. L. Rhodes, who was near the scene when the Mexicans began shooting, stated that the American troops did not return the fire and drove the Mexicans to cover. It is not known whether any Mexicans were injured.

The American troops were at a patrol station on the border about two miles east of San Elizario when they were fired upon. The Mexicans were about 200 yards from the troops when the fighting began.

The United States troop authorities at Clint, Tex., who were notified soon after the shooting, went to San Elizario to conduct an investigation. At Juarez tonight the federal authorities are also investigating the shooting.

The Mexican troops who fired at the Americans composed a scouting party which was sent east from Juarez this morning. Late tonight the troops had not returned to their barracks at Juarez.

The border patrol in the vicinity of San Elizario was doubled tonight.

## FIND CORPSE OF MAN

LIFELESS BODY LAYS IN FIELD NEAR DALLAS FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

Indications Point to Foul Murder. Age of Victim Cannot Be Determined.

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 27.—So decomposed that the hands dropped from the body when the form was laid on a slab at the undertaker's, the body of an unidentified white man was found late Saturday night in an open field a few miles east of Dallas on the Greenville road. A Fort Worth interurban ticket, dated September 21, was found in the man's pocket. His hat was initialed S. M. S. The man was well dressed. In his pockets were found a gold watch and about \$3 in money. His cause cannot be determined. Indications point to a foul murder. Sheriff Brandenburg and detectives are investigating.

## WORTHAM IN DIRECT REPLY

MAKES ANSWER FOR THE APPROPRIATION COMMITTEE.

TO THE GOVERNOR

VETO PENCIL RUN RIOT WITH APPROPRIATIONS.

SPECIFIC ITEMS ENUMERATED

Legislators Were Liberal But the Governor Was Not—Hides Behind Tom Campbell.

Fort Worth, Sept. 27.—The following reply to Governor Colquhoun's explanation of his vetoes of certain items in the eleemosynary and educational section of the general appropriation bill was issued Saturday by Louis J. Wortham, chairman of the house appropriation committee, on behalf of that committee and the legislature:

"The governor's effort to shift his dereliction to the legislative shoulders is more than amusing; it is pitiable. With all due respect to his excellency, he does not play the game fair with either his critics or the public, which may be partial to him because he occupies an exalted station.

In one paragraph he argues that he recommended to the Thirty-second legislature appropriations adequate to take care of the insane out of jail, and to house under the care of the state our deaf and dumb and blind and epileptic and tubercular. If these appropriations had been made by the Thirty-second, he would have approved them, he says.

But two years later, when the appropriations were made adequate, he strikes the death blow at many of the items with a riotous blue pencil. The governor admits that the appropriations were needed two years ago. Were they needed two years later when dilapidation of the physical properties of these institutions had made them less adequate for their purposes, and when filthy jails confined a larger number of the state's insane, and an increased number of blind, deaf, dumb, epileptic and tubercular beggars with sightless eyes, mute tongues, diseased bodies and pallid cheeks for education or curative aid?

Admitting for the argument's sake that the legislature was derelict, does that relieve you of a more serious obligation, since you claimed to be more about the needs of our eleemosynary institutions than anybody else? Can it be possible that you would resort to such an unspeakable cruel scheme of revenge on the legislature that would punish it over the unoffending heads of the state's helpless and afflicted?

Legislators Are Generous.

Texas legislators and legislatures may have been derelict at some times and in some particulars, but if either or both have been so during your administration you have been participant criminal, for there never was an hour during all your gubernatorial career when both the appropriation committees and the legislature failed to refuse to follow your leadership when you chosen to be generous to the state's unfortunates or frank with the legislature.

You claim that the legislature during its regular session did not pass the appropriation bill, yet you know that a general appropriation bill has never been passed at regular session since the appropriation year was changed in 1912. It never will be so long as such sessions are practically limited to six days. Let you forget permit me in this connection to remind you that emergency appropriations were promptly passed during the regular session of the Thirty-third legislature to restore two buildings at the A. & M. college which had been destroyed by fire because it had no fire protection, and to provide support for the penalitarians. You know, moreover, these appropriations amounted to several hundred thousand dollars, were passed without a murmur, because the legislature not only knew of its own self that these items were absolutely necessary, but for the further reason that the legislature desired to work in peace with you.

Hiding Behind Campbell. But driven to a last desperate refuge in a quagmire of confession and avoidance, you dodge behind the shoulders of Tom Campbell. I can forgive you much, but I cannot forgive you that. Because he pilfered the eleemosynary and educational institutions of Texas for a campaign tax rate, must you follow his example? If some previous governor scuttles a ship or cuts a throat, must you perform scuttles a ship or cut a throat?

Tut, tut, my dear governor, come to and fight your critics according to the rules of the game as played by men who do not dodge or side-step. You have given it out that you propose to answer them, if so, answer the questions herewith submitted.

First: Wasn't there as well-informed, as good business men, and as

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## REJECTS COMMISSION FORM

Wichita Falls, by Vote of 549 to 265, Decides to Retain Aldermanic Government.

Wichita Falls, Tex., Sept. 27.—By a vote of 549 to 265 this city today rejected a proposition to substitute the commission form of municipal government for the present aldermanic form.

Gen. Moale Dies.

San Francisco, Sept. 27.—Brig. General Edward Moale, U. S. A., retired, died here today of pneumonia, after an illness of a fortnight.

## Woman Lured to Lonely Spot and Is Murdered

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Robbery by some one who lured her to a lonely spot on terms of friendship, was held by the police tonight as the probable motive for the murder of Mrs. Mildred Allison Rexroth, 37 years old, a dancing teacher, whose body was found today on the tracks of a trolley line near Wayne, a suburb.

Before the body had been placed on the tracks, obviously to cover up the

murder, the woman had been shot in the forehead.

Efforts had been made by the murderer to obliterate the woman's identity and make it appear that she had been killed by an electric train.

A diamond ring had been taken off the woman's finger, a diamond earring which she carried about her neck had been emptied and thrown aside, but a bracelet on which were engraved her initials had been overlooked. A man named Lincoln Spencer is sought by the police.

## A MARKETABLE TITLE

Is one that will enable the purchaser to hold his land free from probable claim by another, and one that, if he wishes to sell, would be reasonably free from any doubt which would interfere with its market value.

THE ONLY SAFE WAY OF PROCURING A MARKETABLE TITLE IS THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF

### TITLE GUARANTY

BECAUSE THE ASSETS OF THIS COMPANY ARE SUPPORTING THE TITLE AND IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE WHAT MAY ARISE, WE MUST PROTECT YOUR INVESTMENT, AND IN THE EVENT OF LOSS, REIMBURSE YOU IN THE AMOUNT OF YOUR POLICY. Consult Us for Safety.

**National Exchange Insurance & Trust Company**  
Offices Thirteenth Floor Amicable Building, Waco, Texas.

## TARIFF WILL GIVE SURPLUS

\$10,000,000 TO \$16,000,000 ABOVE GOVERNMENT EXPENSES WILL BE PRODUCED.

### COTTON FUTURES ONLY HITCH

Underwood Asks House to Instruct Conferees to Urge Compromise. Senate Silent on Question.

Washington, Sept. 27.—A surplus of from \$10,000,000 to \$16,000,000 over current needs of the government will be provided by the new tariff law, in the opinion of Senator Simmons, chairman of the joint conference committee which is to report the completed democratic tariff bill to the house and senate next week. Experts from the treasury department who have been keeping up with the conference committee during its two weeks of labor, worked late tonight perfecting a complete estimate of the revenues the government will receive under the law. The total had not been completed tonight but democratic leaders were assured that there would be no deficiency.

Interest centered today about the developments in the fight over the proposed tax on trades in cotton futures. Representative Underwood introduced in the house the so-called Smith-Lever compromise plan which has the endorsement of the president, the secretary of agriculture, the postmaster-general and many southern senators and members of congress. This will be advocated in the house next week and Representative Underwood asks the house to instruct its conferees to insist on having the amendment to go into the tariff bill.

Senate leaders would not admit today that the senate would accept the compromise, although some of the senate democrats are its warm champions. Representative Underwood introduced in the house the so-called Smith-Lever compromise plan which has the endorsement of the president, the secretary of agriculture, the postmaster-general and many southern senators and members of congress. This will be advocated in the house next week and Representative Underwood asks the house to instruct its conferees to insist on having the amendment to go into the tariff bill.

The conference report was completed today and will be laid before the republican conferees Monday. Of the many amendments to the bill that were taken up by the democratic conferees, the house receded on 427 and the senate on 151; while 57 were compromised. Only one amendment, that on cotton futures, is left in disagreement.

to me that there are dozens of items, first one, then another, in the departmental and educational appropriations which put under a competent and perfectly fair analysis would reveal the utter rashness or shortsightedness or both, of your veto slaughter, from the standpoint of safe and sane economy, even more mercifully than I have endeavored to do in the foregoing presentation. I shall spare you that analysis, unless provoked to do so under the necessity of again addressing myself to the public on the subject of your riotous and miscellaneous vetoes.

LOUIS J. WORTHAM, Chairman.

Window glass at Cameron's.

Mrs. Branson opens school for small boys and girls on Monday. Public school house, 525 North Twelfth.

An Austrian engineer has invented apparatus for taking photographs at different angles from a balloon and combining them into a single correct view.

Lumolite floor stain at Cameron's.

## Do You Know

We are the one Drug Store in the City that has put on sale a full line of hot drinks and a dainty luncheonette, including

Pekay Chile .....10c

### SANDWICHES—

Boiled Ham .....10c

Spanish Pimento .....10c

Chicken Salad .....10c

Peanut Butter .....10c

Fig Nut .....15c

Combination .....20c

### SALADS—

Chicken .....15c

Shrimp .....20c

Faust Blend Coffee with Cakes .....10c

Bulgarian Buttermilk ..... 5c

"The Place Where They've Got It."

**Powers-Kelly Drug Co.**

"The sweetness of low price seldom equals the bitterness of poor quality."

## EDITOR DEXTER OF BANKERS' JOURNAL

Stricken Ill on Return From Europe. Would Now Tell World of Wonderful Vitalitas.

Editor W. W. Dexter of the Texas Bankers' Journal, published in Houston and read throughout all America, was stricken recently on his return from Europe. He with Editor Clarence Cusley of Fort Worth were the Texas representatives on the commission sent by this government to Europe to study foreign banking and financial methods. The trip was four months of mingled business and pleasure, which included receptions by even kings and queens.

On his return to Houston August 1, Editor Dexter suffered a physical collapse in the form of a bilious fever. For three days and nights he vomited almost continuously and his strength gradually ebbed until his life was despaired of. Various treatments were abandoned and at length the new earth fluid, Vitalitas, was employed. Regarding the result, Editor Dexter is here quoted:

"I would like to tell the whole world of this wonderful earth elixir. It saved my life. My turn for the better began when I started taking it. Poisons seemed to work out of me and new strength came to me. I began to sleep and to eat. Now I am a well man—I am 62 and have never felt better. No praise is too strong for Vitalitas."

The poisons are swept from the system by Vitalitas. Diseased, impotent tissues are revitalized and made again active. Derangements of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels and blood are overcome. It has no harmful ingredients. You can sample Vitalitas and see a unique display of it at the Fowers-Kelly Drug Co.

## DURFEE GIVEN DEATH PENALTY

Jury Deliberates Two Hours and Returns Verdict—Negro Declares Innocence.

Angleton, Tex., Sept. 27.—After deliberating two hours the jurors in the case of Jim Durfee, the negro convict trusty charged with the murder of Mrs. J. M. Seitz, returned a verdict of guilty with the death penalty.

Durfee received the verdict with stoicism, simply saying he was innocent. While there is no excitement, the officers will convey the negro back to the Houston jail under heavy escort by first train.

## IMPROVES WATER WORKS

Will Use Receipts to Make Extensions to Cost \$15,000—Back Taxes to Be Collected.

Temple, Tex., Sept. 27.—At a special session of the city council held yesterday a contract was entered into by the city with an attorney of Temple to collect delinquent city taxes that have accumulated since the year 1885, on the basis of 15 per cent commission on all collections. About \$40,000 in uncollected taxes are being carried on the rolls.

The council adopted an ordinance vesting complete control and charge of the waterworks system in the board of water commissioners and by a unanimous vote decided against the diversion of waterworks receipts to meet the expenses of the city. The budget for improvements in the system submitted by the water commissioners which contemplates the expenditure of \$15,000 in laying new mains and other improvements.

## STRONG CASE AGAINST WOMAN

Testimony of Bud Bellow Is Corroborated by Number of Witnesses.

Bartlesville, Okla., Sept. 27.—The testimony of Grover "Bud" Bellow, confessed accomplice in the killing of Charles T. Reuter, an attorney of Tulsa, Okla., was corroborated today by a number of witnesses and the state announced that it has practically completed the case against Laura M. Reuter, widow of the murdered man, who is charged with abetting the crime. Bellow swore that Mrs. Reuter knew of the death plot. It is thought the case will be in the hands of the jury by Friday morning. Guy McKenzie and Joe Baker are now serving life sentences for the killing of Reuter.

### THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or Any Constable of McLennan County—Greeting: Mrs. V. D. Hardwick, formerly Mrs. V. D. Graves, guardian of the estate of Zoe Inez Graves, W. D. Graves and Alice Graves, minors, has filed in the county court of McLennan County, Texas, her account for final settlement of said estate, which will be acted on at the November term, 1913, of said court.

Therefore, you are hereby commanded that by publication of this writ for at least twenty days in a newspaper printed in the county of McLennan, you give due notice to all persons interested to appear before said court at the November term thereof, 1913, commencing on the 3d day of November, 1913, and contest the said account if they see proper to do so.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Waco, this 13th day of September, 1913.

J. W. BAKER, Clerk County Court, McLennan County Texas.

(Seal) By Victor Bunata, Deputy.

Fireplace grates at Cameron's.

SEE MAYOR GAYNOR AT THE REX ALL DAY MONDAY

## WOMEN SELECT BOOTH SPACES

DEPARTMENT CHAIRMEN OF THE COTTON PALACE ARE PREPARING.

### HISTORY OF WACO ON PANELS

Artistic Series of Paintings, Showing Evolution From Indian Village to a Modern, Progressive City.

A called meeting of the chairmen of all the women's departments of the Texas Cotton Palace, of which Mrs. J. W. Bass is director-general, was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Cotton Palace.

The chairmen present made selections of locations for the various booths to be occupied by their respective displays.

The Daughters of the Confederacy will occupy a booth in the southwest corner of the second floor of the main building. Heretofore these ladies have had the northwest corner. The "Call of the Women" exhibits will be in the space formerly occupied by the public library display, which is the southwest corner of the second floor of the main exhibition building.

### Beautiful Decorations.

Those present were Mrs. J. W. Bass, director-general; Mrs. Dr. W. O. Wilkes, Mrs. J. S. Hill, Mrs. Ben G. Kendall, Mrs. Louis Crow, Mrs. F. C. Richter, Mrs. John Fall, Mrs. F. C. Wosniak, Mrs. M. J. Mazanec, Mrs. A. Branson, Mrs. J. W. Downs, Mrs. John F. Marshall, Mrs. A. W. Koch, Mrs. W. E. Spell, Miss Esther Gross and President W. H. Hoffmann of the Cotton Palace association.

There is having been the beautiful decorations being arranged by G. S. Colman and the magnificent Indian panel work by Miss Ruby Reed Robinson and other artistic handiwork.

### Waco's History Depicted.

Mr. Colman's complete history, depicting Waco's complete history, from an Indian camp, through the village days, thence to the town age, and finally showing a panorama of the city with the towering buildings and various scenes, including Wm. Cameron park, true to nature.

There is a rare treat indeed in store for the multitudes who will visit the Cotton Palace this fall in the magnificent decorations being worked out by these two artists. Wherever there is a place for deft touches of the guiding hand and there will be seen artistic effects.

### Imposing Entrance.

The entrance to the coliseum will be simply grand. Panels are being arranged in cotton seed, lint and baling, which will cause the thousands to stop in enchantment. All this work was viewed by the ladies yesterday and they are all enthusiastic over the magnitude of it all.

When the grand ensemble of exhibits occurs the entire building will be transformed into an exposition of the greatest merit from every standpoint.

### Enter the Exhibits Now.

All citizens having anything to exhibit in the respective departments listed below should immediately communicate with the chairmen respectively named:

Cotton modeling, Mrs. John B. Cooper; art, Mrs. A. H. Newman; china, Mrs. Wm. Green; arts and crafts, Mrs. W. E. Spell; textiles, Mrs. J. S. Hill; culinary, Mrs. Esther Gross; curios and relics, Mrs. John F. Marshall; German exhibits, Mrs. E. C. Wosniak; Bohemian exhibits, Mrs. M. J. Mazanec; Italian exhibits, Mrs. Joe Pinto; floral, Mrs. John Fall; Call of the Women exhibits, such as home-made rugs, bonnets, baskets, etc., Mrs. A. W. Koch; Japanese booth, Mrs. Dr. W. O. Wilkes; Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. J. W. Downs; labor saving devices, Mesdames W. J. Neale and Ben G. Kendall.

### Women's Day Features.

The features for Women's day, Saturday, November 8, are being carefully worked out and this will be one of the biggest, if not the biggest day of all the entire exposition. The things discussed include lantern night, a Japanese ball, a Kermis, or dance of the nations, also a feature depicting all the dances from the old-fashioned to the most modern approved steps, living model displays, etc. The plans, under the direction of Mrs. F. J. Lennox and her assistants, will be worked out in detail, after various interesting features are definitely decided upon.

### Busy Days Ahead.

The ladies will begin work on Wednesday arranging the various booths for their respective displays and from that time on the Cotton Palace will be a busy place. The request is made by Mesdames Neale and Kendall, in charge of the women's labor-saving device department that any firm or factory having an article of value to display may put same on exhibition for the sum of \$5, this being the only department where an entrance fee is required, owing to the concession rules. This is a most nominal fee, however, when one compares the enormous crowds of women who will visit the booth to see what has been perfected to save steps in the home.

### SUNDAY SCHOOL RALLY.

A rally of the Sunbeams and Primary and Junior Sunday school classes was held yesterday afternoon at the Methodist Episcopal church. Miss Dalton Cantrell, a specialist in children's work, under the management of the Baptist state board, was the principal speaker of the evening. The arrangements for the occasion were in charge of a committee composed of Mrs. Vate Dalton and Mrs. O. E. Bryan.

The following was the program arranged: Call to order by president. Song. Devotional, Miss Landis Barton. "Primary Method," Miss Dalton Cantrell. Song. "How to Shine," Mrs. Byars. Song, Ethel Lowry. "Primary Method," Miss Cantrell. Business meeting.

Miss Dalton Cantrell, the principal speaker on the program, is under the employment of the state board to do a special sunbeam and primary Sunday school work. She is a specialist in her line, being a graduate of one of the best art schools in the country. She was for several years art teacher in the public schools of Wazhachio



THIS season a "New Hat" means something different, they're really new—new in shape, new in color, new in the way they're trimmed.

Wont it be satisfying to be the first man to wear one?

**W. J. Mitchell** Cash Clothier and Shirt Man  
408 AUSTIN

## "The Goblins Will Get You If You Don't Look Out"

And so will Jack Frost if your plumbing is not in good working order. A defective out-off or a badly drained pipe may cost you several DOLLARS when the freeze comes.

The work we install is free from such defect.

Hadn't you better let us do your work?

## Our Expert Heater Man

Can put your heater in good order. Phone for him.

## Hill Bros. & Co.

Phone 282.

Work We Do Sthys Done

## Waco Saddlery Co.

THE QUALITY STORE

We want to sell you your buggy harness. We are giving 10 per cent discount on all harness . . . . .

The Luther Gloves are always guaranteed not to rip nor get hard.

Our goods are always first-class. Buy your slicker before you get wet; it is too late then. Our slickers are guaranteed not to leak, break or stick . . . . .

## The Men Who Do Business On The Square

### Deaths and Burials.

**Cocin Bussler.**  
The funeral of Cocin Bussler, the 6-year-old son of S. S. Bussler, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of the family. The interment was at Gholson.

Two Illinois coal mines are said to be as nearly fireproof as possible as the shafts are concrete lined and steel buildings and beams are used throughout instead of wood.

By an arrangement of the body without removing or adding any parts or fittings a new automobile can be used as a two-seated roadster, a touring car or light delivery wagon.

## A Business Education TOBY'S

Practical Business Colleges WACO, TEXAS NEW YORK CITY

Chartered Capital \$50,000.00 School of Com. 150 Fifth Ave. Bookkeeping, Banking, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship and Academic Departments

Complete THE HIGH GRADE COURSE Enter FREE FOR HIGH GRADE STUDENTS Any Time

WE SUCCESSFULLY TEACH BY MAIL Advanced Accounting, Modern Practical Bookkeeping, Arithmetic and Junior High School (three trial lessons and complete set of books \$2.00). Book Typewriting, Penmanship (Business or Artistic), Business Arithmetic, Simplified English, Commercial Law, Business Letter Writing. Cut out this advertisement and send your name and address to the nearest branch office. Name paper not taken from illustrated catalogue now.

FOR YOU

We Have Arranged to Have Our

## Cleaning and Dying Done By Another Plant

Since the destruction of ours. We will call for and deliver and guarantee the same

## High Class Work

As Heretofore.

## Shaffer & Duke

## McLendon Hardware Company

Wholesale Hardware Buggies and Implements

WACO, TEXAS

SMITH'S MINERAL WATER IS HERE FOR HEALTH

It is here to stay. It is here to make old Waco proud. It drives all bad feelings away. Ring 2000-2, New Phone.

## Satisfactory Service and Quality

Are two essentials necessary in every business, and particularly the grocery business. Our service is nearly perfect and we know our quality foods are absolutely perfect. Therefore, "why should you worry?" with an incompetent grocer who hardly knows cheese straws from cord wood?

Here you can be supplied daily with all new and appetizing eatables and at market prices.

## For October You May Begin Your Account Tomorrow, Monday

New Appetizers in Today.

New Pickled Pigs Feet, New Pickled Herring, New Breakfast Mackerel, New Norway Bloaters, New Horse Radish Root, New Queen Olives, New Swiss Cheese, New Fard Dates, New English Walnuts, New Hominny Grits, New Pearl Barley, New Evaporated Fruits.

## The Grocery So Different

Geo. G. Stubblefield, Prop.  
415 Austin Ave.

Daily Hint From Paris.



Vest fronts are an almost certain detail of the latest afternoon dress. This model is of midnight blue supple satin, with a white vest, printed in pompadour color.

## AUDITORIUM THEATRE

THURSDAY, OCT. 1

Old Phone 174.

## "SALOME."

Wonderful cast of 60. The most talked about and magnificent spectacle of the age. A treat for the eye and a delight to the senses.

Seats on sale Monday, Sept. 29.

PRICES .... \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c

## PREPARE FOR WINTER

Have your Winter Clothes cleaned and pressed before the cold days come. Do not take chances on any and every one cleaning and pressing them, as they may be ruined. Call McGuire, Old Phone 412, New Phone 2626, and you will get the best work.

## Announcement

Again we announce to the citizenship of Waco that our celebrated Hot Pot Service is ready for their pleasure. The popularity of our hot coffee, which is unsurpassed, and our hot chocolate, which is beyond compare, together with hot bouillon and the other Best-Of-All things that are served at our celebrated fountain, have all made a reputation, and by reason of the fact that our facilities are so much improved over what they were this time last year, all of the things that we are serving are just as many times better, as our new drug store is better than the old one.

Don't fail to drop in and enjoy the Hot Pot service when downtown.

**MORRISON'S**  
"Old Corner" Drug Store  
The Great REXALL Store  
and  
The Biggest and Best in Texas

# Current Events

In Woman's Sphere

BOTH PHONES 1988.

KATE FRIEND, Editor.

## A MEETING IS CALLED

FOR THE REVIEW CLUB

Mrs. R. J. Alexander, as president, announces a call meeting of the Review club at her home, 1112 Columbus, for Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

## THE URGENT REQUEST COMES

FROM MRS. J. B. COOPER

The space for the women's department of the Cotton Palace is now being assigned, and it is especially important that the cotton modeling committee know how many entries will be. Therefore, Mrs. J. B. Cooper, as chairman of this committee, urgently requests all who intend to enter pieces to so notify her at once. This notice is more for the children, yet, adults are, too, reminded to get into communication with Mrs. Cooper at once.

## THE W. C. T. U. RESUMES

ITS WINTER SESSIONS

The local Women's Christian Temperance Union has resumed its regular meetings for the new season. These will be held in the parlors of the First Baptist church. Already, much is undertaken by way of new work. Mrs. Chester Shumway is chairman of the W. C. T. U. entry into the woman's parade for the Cotton Palace. The union will again have the Day Nursery at the palace. It has also endorsed the placing of the matron in the railway stations and agreed to meet the assessment for that matron's salary.

## MR. AND MRS. E. E. FITZHUGH

ARE MUCH RELIEVED

In returning to America from Greece it requires nearly three weeks. During this interim, in the E. E. Fitzhugh household has been in great suspense owing to the cablegram that Mrs. Mary Fitzhugh Slaton had collapsed upon first arriving at Greece and that Mr. Slaton was returning with her to America as fast as he could. Then came the silence, the silence of deep anxiety. Mr. Fitzhugh made continuous attempt to reach the Slatons' vessel by wireless, which he finally succeeded in doing. On Saturday the one word "Recovered" came, and with it untold relief to family and friends. Mr. and Mrs. Slaton are due to land in New York city with next Friday. After this, more of detail will be learned. It had been the arrangement that Mr. Slaton should spend the next year in the study of Greek upon Greek soil. They had no sooner reached Athens than Mrs. Slaton's condition demanded the abandonment of all plans.

## MRS. LEWELLYN AUBREY

ADVANCES ACCEPTED IDEA

It is often the experience of the home gardener here, that plants and cuttings ordered from one of the Northern greenhouses do not thrive. This has been the experience of Mrs. Lewellyn Aubrey, one of the most successful flower growers in this city. Mrs. Aubrey's experience begins while she lived in the North. Upon coming to Texas, she found that what was applicable to her former home was a failure in her new. Therefore, in an offhand way, she wrote to the editor of one of the publications for home gardening and suggested that what was written was altogether practical for the North but that subscribers in Texas got nothing which could be applied. The idea seemed to strike a responsive chord, and a check in the amount of \$100.00 was sent to Mrs. Aubrey. Doubtless more will come from her article than a check. Some practical ideas for Texas flower culture will be solicited from Texas women who have had the experience which others now seek.

## MISS GOLDIE ALDERMAN

NOW MRS. AARON MICHEL

The first notes from the marriage of Miss Goldie Alderman have reached her home friends from New York City. Following the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Michel are traveling in the east until late October, when they return to New York City and take permanent residence, 327 Central Park West.

As the cards of invitation which reached Waco announced the ceremony occurred in the parlors of the Hotel Imperial. The bride was given away by her brother, Isadore Alderman. A number of Wacoans were among the guests, these being the Misses Hershberg, Mrs. Dan Well and daughters, Lee Well, and the mother of the bride, Mrs. Jennie Alderman. The wedding suite proved a many telegrams went from Waco friends for

## THIS YOUNG BRIDE WAS DESERVEDLY

popular here in the home of her childhood and young womanhood.

Within the next few days, Mrs. Alderman and Isadore Alderman will return to Texas for the winter, Waco being their first stop.

## MISS MAYDEE CAUFIELD

HAS BEAUTIFUL LUNCHEON

Just as fresh and pretty as was the circle of young girls around it, came the table for the luncheon with which Miss Maydee Caufield complimented Miss Camille Webb of Albany at the Huaco club on Saturday. This was an ante-nuptial courtesy to the bride of early November. It had come to be an open secret among Miss Webb's friends that John Ward of Bartlesville, Oklahoma, was to be the young husband; indeed, Miss Caufield's courtesy was her formal mark of appreciation that she should have been bespoken by Miss Webb as an attendant. In keeping with the occasion which was given social emphasis, a table of white and green was set. Only one color touch other than this was noticed, and it came in a golden glint about the center basket which overflowed with bride's natural buds. A green maline bow gave the soft effect. Around were the eight plates each with its tiny satin slipper out of which the orange bud peered; the slipper also held its telltale card with wedding bell and bride's bud. Also, the name of "John Ward" was discovered, and the all-important day—November the fifth, Crystal candle spires holding white tapers, shaded in green, encircled the basket. It was all as pretty as taste could make it. Miss Caufield selected her six girl guests, first from among the sorority sisters of Miss Webb here, together with those nearest to her in friendship. It was a luncheon of form relieved by zesty and the one topic of conversation, the coming wedding of Miss Camille Webb and John Ward. On the place cards were the names of the Misses Monette Colgin, Anna Risher, Stella Lacy, Lillian Westbrook, Nancy Lacy, and Beuna Clinton.

## A WHOLESOME THOUGHT

FOR EVERY SINGLE ONE OF US

The other day the writer came across the following in a paper edited by women. The thought came that, if good for women of California, it was good for women of Waco. Read and heed, will you not?

"Here is where the protection and making an effort to live up to the law. The only complaint from dry goods stores is from the alteration departments. Some stores have dismissed women from this department and substituted men, because women who are purchasers are so unreasonable that they demand that a dress be altered and at their home in such a short time that women working on the eight-hour system are unable to do the work."

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## THE FIRST LETTERS ARE REACHING

HOME FRIENDS FROM THE MISSES VIRGINIA AND MARGUERITE WESTBROOK, WHO HAVE JOINED THEIR PARENTS IN SAN ANGELO FOR THE WINTER.

The first letters are reaching home friends from the Misses Virginia and Marguerite Westbrook, who have joined their parents in San Angelo for the winter. The Misses Monette Colgin, Maydee Caufield and Marguerite Westbrook will be in the bridal party for the Ward-Webb wedding.

And now the women must get busy looking up their credentials for joining the Daughters of the Mayflower. Every girl who can resurrect an ancestor who had passed in the Mayflower is welcome. Will not this interfere with the Colonial Days? We thought the Massachusetts Dames built all their pride upon the fact that they could trace to that memorable voyage.

Does not this sound good to the spinsters of uncertain age? "A woman's beauty may dwindle at any age between fifteen and fifty." While there is life, there is hope, it seems, provided life does not last longer than the half century.

## MISS BETTIE MAY HILL

WRITES FROM PARIS OF HAVING HAD A LITTLE VISIT WITH MISS LUCILLE MAYFIELD AS THE LATTER PASSED THROUGH THE CITY. MISS HILL REPORTS A COMPLETE RESTORATION TO HEALTH FOR MISS MAYFIELD.

## LEARN WHAT ALL THIS ABOUT "SEPTEMBER 13" IS

The circle burlesqued it; how many of us caught wherein burlesque lay?

Is not this a new way to refer to the baby's early night lung exercise? A fond mother, the first it goes without saying, told her friend that she sang baby to sleep every night; that her voice was so pleasing he gave one prolonged encore.

## THE TANGO IS NOW GIVING

place to the Castle, by and by we will arrive at something decent; the Castle is pronounced just as inspiring yet more dignified and graceful than the Tango and its ilk.

How the girls who are seeking pretty complexions will take to this. We have always heard that, to eat plenty of onions was to have clear, rosy skin. But, oh! that terrible aftermath. Now, some plant wizard says he is going to raise an onion minus its scent. Will we have beautiful girls after this? And, will not the beauty lotion folks rant in despair?

## Mrs. Richard Jurney, who, by the way, is on her way home within the coming week, writes that her prolonged stay in Denver has been an experience well worth while. Mrs. Jurney and her mother, Mrs. Steinbeck, who is with her, have their daily morning scrap over who shall get the Waco Morning News first, and then they are out, amid the fast coloring leaves, and the snow, to admire the autumn glory of the Denver shops.

## Miss Susie Markham Jones is now on her way from Maryland, where she has spent the summer, for Waco.

Do not be afraid for your boy to drink from one of the street sanitary fountains; there is absolutely no lurking germ there.

Did you know that we associate the turtle dove with a marriage because this little bird, when it loses its mate, will live in singleness all its life until, through grief, it droops and dies?

## Planked chicken is now one of the table delicacies which rivals the planked fish which we have all enjoyed for so long.

Just so we draw the line somewhere and do not screen the poor little girl behind the bow on her hair! This bow grows larger and larger, less becoming in proportion to age.

Was not the rain good to permit us

## parlors of the First Presbyterian church.

Tonight, the evening service at the Morrow Street church will be in charge of the Woman's Missionary society. Quite an interesting hour is anticipated.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. J. H. Hutcherson, president of the Morrow Street Mission society, will entertain the members in her home, 724 North Twelfth.

The Number Two society of the First Baptist church has elected a new roster of officers. These are: President, Mrs. E. M. Dotson; vice president, Madeline L. Haughton; and R. B. Dupree, recording secretary. Mrs. Jessie Gray Smith; corresponding secretary, Miss Tennie Seale; treasurer, Mrs. C. R. Slaughter.

While the election is held, in order that the new year books may have the names recorded, the induction does not occur until the last meeting in October. In the meantime, Mrs. C. B. Foscoe continues president, while Mrs. Dotson arranges her committees and other preliminaries before receiving the gavel.

Today, marks the reorganization of the Sabbath school in Temple Rodef Sholem. The teachers of the several classes will be young women of this congregation.

The Sunday school of the Central Christian church has an all-important service this morning. An attractive program accompanies class promotions.

The women of the First Baptist church are arranging a complimentary reception to new arrivals at Baylor university for Tuesday evening.

One of the Baraca enthusiasts who attended the great convention in Nashville says the Baracas and Philatheas here are already counting the days until June, when Waco becomes national host.

A woman visitor to the Little Baptist church out on Colonial reports more of the old-time church hospitality than she has found anywhere in Waco. She was the stranger at one of the services, and she was much pleased over the hearty welcome accorded her.

St. Paul's Guild will resume on Wednesday afternoon. As is the custom, this will be a social tea in the parish building, after 4 o'clock. Mrs. Goodman, as Guild president, will be hostess, assisted by the members. The election of a new president comes later in October.

Mrs. W. J. Wigley announces that on Thursday she will hold a session with the board of directors for the Rebecca Sparks Home.

## Society Notes.

Miss Louise Ramsey, who has formerly visited her sister, Mrs. B. K. Jennings, returns within the next fortnight, from her home in West Plains, Missouri, to spend the winter with Mrs. Jennings, Washington and Seventeenth streets.

It is now heard, and with pleasure, that Mrs. M. Holderman will be in Waco within the coming social season; however, her arrival will be so late as early January.

The Baylor Round Table has anticipation of an unusually large membership this year, thanks to the former members of the faculty who married and thus made eligible some desirable new members. And, if rumor tells it true, the end of these "eligibles" is not yet.

Mrs. Chester Story has written from California that she is taking home passage within the next day or two.

The first meeting of the Woman's club will come with the first Tuesday in October. It has come to be the unwritten law that first greetings for each new season shall be in the home of Mrs. J. G. Kendall.

The first letters are reaching home friends from the Misses Virginia and Marguerite Westbrook, who have joined their parents in San Angelo for the winter.

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Does not this sound good to the spinsters of uncertain age? "A woman's beauty may dwindle at any age between fifteen and fifty." While there is life, there is hope, it seems, provided life does not last longer than the half century.

Miss Bettie May Hill writes from Paris of having had a little visit with Miss Lucille Mayfield as the latter passed through the city. Miss Hill reports a complete restoration to health for Miss Mayfield.

Learn what all this about "September 13" is. The circle burlesqued it; how many of us caught wherein burlesque lay?

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# DIAMONDS

**QUALITY** We have established a reputation by handling only the better quality of Fine White Diamonds. You can get one absolutely perfect, or if you prefer a stone with a slight imperfection not visible to the naked eye, we have them.

**PRICES** Our terms and prices are so reasonable that every person can afford to wear a Diamond. If you can't buy a \$250.00 stone, start in with a \$40.00 or \$50.00 one, pay it out, then we will allow you full value back on a larger one. The payments will be arranged to suit your convenience. Call and let us explain more fully.

## ARMSTRONG & PFAEFFLE

QUALITY JEWELERS.

625 AUSTIN ST.

## to see all the pretty things at the open-

ings, after all?

Mrs. E. F. Carroll has issued a few special invitations for joining her card club on Tuesday afternoon.

## Society Personals.

Recent visitors to Mrs. Arthur Wiebusch on South Third have been, Miss Travis Sedberry from Whitney, Miss Seth Wilson from Cleburne, and Joe Weir from Itasca. They are all left.

Mrs. Clarence Kelly of West Columbus was due from Dallas on Saturday. She had spent several days with Mrs. T. E. Grandfill.

Mrs. C. R. Slaughter of North Fourteenth is at home from Colorado.

Miss Leta Roberts, who has been the guest of relatives and friends in this city for several days, is returning home to Albany with Monday.

Mrs. James D. Williamson of Washington street, is due from her summer absence.

Mrs. Grace Wigley, of West Austin, will reach home from Mineola with Wednesday.

Mrs. N. E. Boggess of West Barnard returned from Dallas, and is now with her daughter, Mrs. J. F. Kimball, in Temple.

Mrs. Mike Strauss of Terrace Row is returned from Houston.

The Misses Gladys and Vera Montgomery of Washington street are leaving within the next few days for California.

Miss Hazel Brazelton of Paris has entered the girls' hall at Baylor university.

Mrs. S. C. Lattimore of Dublin is with her daughter, Mrs. R. B. Spencer, Fourteenth and Columbus.

Mrs. Guy McKnight is now due from Colorado.

After a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Carter Brockenbrough on Sanger avenue, Mrs. Spurlin has returned home to Hamilton.

**DR. G. B. FOSCOE.**  
Is now located on Ninth Floor of Ambelco building, Suites 910 and 911. Office hours 9 to 12 and 3 to 5. Both phones No. 2386.

**M. P. SHOWS INCREASE.**  
President's Report Says Deficit Changed to Income.

St. Louis, Sept. 27.—President B. F. Rush of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain Railway system in his annual report made public today, says that a deficit of approximately two million dollars last year has been transformed into a net income exceeding a million and a half. The report says the total operating revenue for the year closing June 30 was \$42,000,000, an increase of \$7,000,000 over that of last year and total operating expenses were \$44,600,000, an increase of more than \$3,000,000.

## GUY MAJORS DIES IN MONTANA.

Youngest Son of Mrs. Mary C. Majors Victim of Paralysis.

News has been received here of the death in Conrad, Mont., Sept. 25, of Guy E. Majors, youngest son of Mrs. Mary C. Majors of this city. The serious nature of his malady, which was paralysis, and the great distance prevented the realization of his mother's hope of bringing him home, but his brother, Bert, was constantly with him through his illness of several weeks.

Nothing that devoted care and medical skill could suggest was left undone. The interment was at Conrad, Sept. 26.

Damp walls in residences can be cured by giving them two coats each of solutions of castile soap and alum in water, applied alternately and each coat dried a day before the next is applied.

## EASY TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR.

YOU CAN BRING BACK COLOR AND LUSTRE WITH SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger.

## FLOODS IN SOUTHWEST TEXAS

Mission River on Rampage—Lowlands Inundated—Traffic Interfered With.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 27.—Information from Southwest Texas today shows but little improvement in flood conditions. The Mission river continues to rise in the Refugio section and inundate low lands, causing serious damage to cotton and other crops. Railway traffic is materially interfered with there and the Brownsville road, already confronted by some serious washouts, is fearing more delay from this source.

At Brownsville the Rio Grande is bank full, still rising and low lands will be inundated by nightfall, it is said.

Corpus Christi, Harlingen, Kingsville and in fact all points in that direction report almost unprecedented rainfall, with more in prospect, and all streams are continuing to mount. In the Bay City, Matagorda and other rice growing regions intense alarm over the weather prevails and growers are becoming convinced of their inability to prevent damage that may total high into thousands.

To the eastward of Houston and extending well into Louisiana, rice growing regions are deluged, the grain is being ruined and the continued precipitation spreads the general feeling of gloom. In the immediate Houston region the fall of rain has been comparatively slight, most of it soaking in as it came, and streams are thus far showing but little tendency to rise.

## Rains Retard Cotton Picking.

Lockhart, Tex., Sept. 27.—Excessive rains and a norther, which has been blowing in this section for the past twenty-four hours, is retarding gathering the large cotton crop and will cause a heavy financial loss to farmers. Rain began falling Wednesday night and with slight intermissions has kept up continuously. Both cotton and corn are suffering.

Miss Susie Markham Jones, R. S. Columbia University, will speak at the town after October 1, 1913. Residence No. 1705 Washington street.

A new electric light pistol of French invention, for scaring criminals, not only displays a bright light when the trigger is pulled but makes a noise like a real weapon as well.

## Keen Competition Our Greatest Pleasure

Place your October grocery account with the largest grocery in the city, as well as where you can get the best goods for the least money, together with quick delivery. If you doubt this statement, give us a trial and your doubts will soon leave you.

In addition to groceries, we have the most complete stock of Wines, Whiskeys, etc., in Central Texas. We have the exclusive agency for the celebrated Jas. E. Pepper Whiskey, bottled in bond, aged in wood and unexcelled for medicinal purposes.

Trusting you will at least share your business with us, we are,

Yours for Good Things to Eat and Drink,

## J. A. Early

313 Franklin.

## Telephone Bulletin!

We are always on the INCREASE—Everybody wants an Independent Telephone. We have in service today

# 4339 Telephones

Brazos Valley Tel. & Tel. Co.

WACO

## WACO MORNING NEWS

Published every morning by News Publishing Company.  
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Stanford J. Truman, Active Vice President  
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E. R. Smith, Secretary  
James Hays Quarles, Managing Editor

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6 Months, \$4.50  
1 Year, \$8.00  
Per month, \$1.00

The Morning News should be delivered throughout the city of Waco by 6:30 a. m. and subscribers failing to receive the paper at this time will confer a favor by phoning the circulation department, both phones 1132, and a copy will be sent by special messenger.

## TRAVELING AGENTS.

Following are the traveling agents of The News, who are authorized to solicit and accept for subscriptions, advertising, etc.: W. W. Lewis, F. E. Long, W. H. Byrd.

## OCTOBER 9.

Mr. Mayes as governor pro tempore has made good use of his opportunity. He has proclaimed "fire protection day" for October 9. The event calls for a much needed essay at ordinary care of premises at the beginning of cool weather when furnaces and stoves will be lighted and the grates opened to the burning of coal and wood. It calls for fire drills in the schools, inspection of fire apparatus therein and more conscientious effort at making school and other public buildings somewhat safer for prompt exit if there is fire.

It will be a deal more difficult to arouse general interest in the purpose of this special observance of October 9 in Texas than in the doing of Mr. Colquitt's designated "good roads days" of a few weeks later. The latter but follow State-wide work by citizens on the roads of Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Alabama—the "experiment" was a success and development regional has reached the stage in Texas when the average farmer and merchant realize good roads mean money to them. But increasing fire prevention facilities and fire protection activity in schools, in shops and in houses and buildings means frequently an outlay of money and always the exercise of diligent care; there is no prospect of immediate money return or even saving.

For two years or more State authorities in Texas—principally the insurance board and the fire marshal who is of its membership—have published monthly statistics of preventable fires, periodic advice on fire prevention and prescribed protective ordinances of the national underwriters. So the campaign of fire prevention is known in this state. Yet we say observance of "fire protection day" will require press and public authority agitation. It will be work in a most worthy cause.

A single fact may bring home to Texans the importance of making this day mean something for protection and prevention. There are 49 Texas cities—very sizable city in the state among these—listed by insurance engineering (New York) as having "dangerous schools or colleges, built to burn." There are more than 250 thousand dangerous school buildings in the United States. Some of our institutions wherein are housed the physically and mentally defective, some of our public schools, would burn as if constructed of kindling.

## An Opening.

Brady needs a town clock—Brady Standard.

If the editor of Menard Messenger does not revive the Neil O'Brienism of the Ethiopie in jail asking the Ethiopie outside to tell him the time, let him forever relinquish the claim that Menard moves and Brady's time creeps withal. Why does Brady need a town clock?

## EVIDENCE THAT LOOKS BAD FOR SULZER.

Whether these proceedings against Governor Sulzer in inception and development are no more than Ross Murphy's way of chastening a rebellious office holder of his aggression, or whether among any appreciable number of Sulzer's judges in this impeachment court there is the sentiment that Sulzer's disposal of campaign contributions warrants the proceedings no matter how slight an offense the Murphy crowd really might consider this matter of campaign funds, the fact remains that the disposal of funds is the strong point in the prosecution of the impeachment complaint. Friday's gist of testimony is testimony that must be estimated an unhappy development for the governor. It will mean the public, soon in the course of this trial, must take either the word of such men of high stand-

ing as Mr. Morganthau, ambassador to Turkey; Mr. Croker, Mr. Peck, State superintendent of public works, as to Sulzer's behavior with respect to soliciting and expending campaign money and examine their testimony as to its indications of unlawful intent on Sulzer's part under the corrupt practices act, or it must accept Sulzer's statement that he disposed of this money wholly as demanded by the act and had no intention to put it to personal uses. These distinguished witnesses have aroused, of necessity, the belief that Sulzer did not want the financial end of his campaign exposed to the merciless examination of the Frawley committee.

It is also to conclude that this evidence of the governor's attitude on the score of his contributors' accounting to the Frawley inquiry will do much to deepen the popular disfavor in New York that followed the defense's attempt to be rid of these proceedings by the interposition of sheer technicalities. Mr. Sulzer's challenge of "the validity of an impeachment voted by the assembly in special session; his challenge of the authority of the court of impeachment to try him for offenses alleged to have been committed prior to his taking the oath of office; his challenge of the right of senators who served on the Frawley committee to sit as judges of the court of impeachment" have been summed up fairly generally in New York as efforts to escape trial on the merits of the charges, although "wholly within the governor's right." But these efforts, had so soon after the governor went to trial with a confident statement that he would be acquitted, have caused a bad odor and the public soon has lost a deal of its confidence in the governor's resourcefulness and ability to show up political persecution.

## His City "Airs."

It is wrong to knock on the hotels, of course, but all visitors to the Amicable building are requested to make their headquarters with Mike Harris of the Amicable Morning News. He likes company and will be glad to have you spend a week or two with him. Strangers preferred.—Claude Callan, in Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

The traveler who ends his journey at a railroad's branch end—Mr. Callan is but newly Fort Worthed, from Menard—may not reasonably look for a Knickerbocker type hostility. Mr. Callan has been settled in Fort Worth but a fortnight, we repeat, but he has already acquired city "airs." His touch on Waco hotels is hearsay—probably staff hearsay. By the time he accumulates wherewith to buy 90 miles of transportation The Riggins will be completed. And we promise to keep the motor cars off Mr. Callan when he takes an exterior view of the Amicable and the new hotel.

## EDUCATION IN EFFICIENCY.

The plan suggested by the Oregon Industrial Welfare Commission for the increasing of the efficiency of the employees in mercantile establishments has the commendation of Portland Telegram, of that State, as "going to the very foundation of things, and in accordance with the broad-visioned work which the commission was appointed to accomplish."

As summed up by the Telegram, fixing a living wage as a minimum to be paid to the women workers, the commission was confronted by the indubitable fact that many girls who face the problem of earning their living have hurried into the commercial world as soon as the law permitted and without being equipped for efficient service. Heretofore that problem of efficiency has been met by the employer with the offering of a lower wage than that paid to expert help. But with the law requiring a payment of a wage that exceeded the amount that many girls were capable of earning, a new problem arose. What was to become of the girl who was not capable of earning the minimum wage? Was she to be thrown out of employment and left to starve—to become a victim of the law which was framed to protect her?

The commission set to work to devise a plan whereby she could fit herself for her work. The plan met with the instant response of the employers, and as a result Portland is to have the first big training school for department store clerks in the country. The school has been tried out in Switzerland and proved a success, and in Germany and other countries it is meeting with favor, while in several of the Eastern industrial centers the plan is being tried out in a small way.

While it will not be possible to carry on school work throughout the year, the minor employees between the ages of 16 and 18 will be given an opportunity during three of four slack months of the year to further their education. The plan has not yet been worked out in all its details, but the board of education has indicated its entire willingness to co-operate by providing capable teachers and a school building, thus fulfilling the modern ideals of education—that of fitting the youth for the position he is to fill in society.

"The system of education in the public schools should be such that it lays before every student a chance to become proficient in the work he or

she chooses to do in the world. In the last few years the realization of the importance of fitting the future home-makers and mothers for their work has become apparent in the amount of time devoted to domestic arts and science in the public schools. An army of young girls however, are sent forth each year into the commercial world to battle for their daily bread. The public schools should give them the same chance to fit themselves for this work that it gives the girls who are to live more sheltered lives. It is to be hoped that nothing will stand in the way of a successful trying out of the mercantile employees' training school."

## Unwittingly Correct.

Once when dining with a leading London Nonconformist, he heard himself gravely described as "The Lord Bishop of the Philippines."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Yet in one modern meaning of the term Dr. Brent, Episcopal missionary bishop to the Philippines from this country, is a Philistine. He is a Philistine to the extent that his splendid service to the Philippines and to his church has been possible because to a degree he has ignored the "conventionalities" of clerical missionary activity as these are sometimes accepted. He considered teaching sanitation as essential as teaching spirituality; he laid as much stress on the need of colleges as on the need of churches. But Bishop Brent is far from being a Philistine in the meaning of Matthew Arnold's misuse of the word.

## THE POWER PLANT.

The general manager of Texas Power and Light company, Mr. Head, told the commission he believed the new power plant for Waco will be completed by July 1 or September 1, next. He also volunteered information of improvements projected by the company, particularly as to providing an adequate number of circuits for distributing current—an improvement that, we take it, will do away with those interruptions of traction service and city lighting due to accidents in the local plant and throughout the wire system. He mentioned changes in and extension of the gas and electricity supply service required by the city's expansion and steadily growing population and gave promise of better service. He sought to correct the impression that Waco depends for power supply on the company's Fort Worth plant and advised that the local plant is always in readiness to meet the city's need. Mr. Head's statement may be accepted by the commission and the city, we think. His estimate has the time of completion of the new plant in Waco slightly earlier than our understanding of the company's plan. This is gratifying. We have not hesitated to urge the need of improvement in service as a need of all this community—not waiting 'til shortcomings, chronic or acute, were brought home to us immediately. But improvement is promised, assurances of the construction of a new plant are to us sufficient, and it is our view Texas Power and Light should be encouraged in every way by Waco, its government and its people, to expedite the advent of these tremendously valuable betterments.

## Utopia Is Not Incorporated.

Arrest the spitters as well as the paper throwers.—Baltimore Sun.

Where and how soon? City ordinances made for the prom. cit. and the obscure alike to obey and have enforced against them are a rarity in American municipalities. Who in a city is more prominent than the politician who operates city hall, from city hall and toward city hall? And your politician who is behind your policeman and oftentimes behind your health authorities is usually a great chomper of tobacco. He will spit when and where he listeth. So will the merchant, so will the tough who have any political usance—tobacco and just plain spit.

Daily publication in these columns of sections of the proposed city charter is a gratis service to every adult inhabitant of Waco of which he should take advantage. The long document later must be printed at the city's expense before it can be adopted or rejected at the polls. The charter committee proposes many changes, some of the essentials of this city's government and many features of departmental service being among them. The publication of these changes thus early gives the citizens, taxpayers, women's clubs and other civic organizations ample opportunity to inform themselves and be able to vote intelligently, or contribute to the public discussion of the new document, or both. These sections should be studied carefully as they appear. The new charter is a matter of the utmost consequence to all in Waco.

The Hon. Eugene Republican Democratic Progressive Democratic Republican Foss, governor of the eastern of our two commonwealths, wants the relation of the late management of the New York, New Haven and Hartford road to the Massachusetts legislature "fully uncovered." It seems the New Haven spent \$337,000 during the last

general court of the Bay State that was booked as "personal services and other expenses." Evidently Mr. Foss remembers the famed situation of the Boston and Maine and the State of New Hampshire. And his political status being somewhat wobbly, Mr. Foss may be thinking he can start something that will keep him in some office or other if he does not move his blower works to Canada when the new tariff gets going good.

Senator Works, of California—the anti-sensationalist of the senate in newspaper matters—being on his native heath, told his constituents he regretted his remarks on the Mexican situation had been misconstrued as favoring intervention. "What I want," Works wants, "is greater protection to American life and property in Mexico." Whereupon this statesman from the wilds of the B. Moose patriotically left the stand without mentioning how we are to get such protection without intervention.

A car for the Waco-Dallas interurban has been seen in Waco and has added to the interest and anticipation that will have their climax Tuesday. There will be an all-Waco reception for our neighbors from Hillsboro who return immediately the visit of this city's delegation in the first car that takes passengers from the population that will be the interurban's patrons. September 30 will be a great date in the history of the development of Waco and its region.

Hon. W. H. Mayes, our governor vice Colquitt-in-Panama, has proclaimed a fire protection and prevention day. Since Mr. Mayes took over, his few notable executive acts have seemed quiet, sound, conservative. Nothing that Austin echoes now are of the bustle of necessary official business and that the sound therefrom of political power and legislative rockets is subdued, there are Texans who will regret with the poet that it is not always Mayes.

The press of Washington, in view of congressional elections in States that have the potentiality of joining the doubtful column, already is estimating the Bull Moose's enduring status as Democracy's retainer in power. Even those Democrats most scathing of the Theodoran party are coming to admit that this adversity hath a very sweet use.

Your theatrical press agent is nothing if not a tautologist. The latest imported talent with which America is blessed is Mme. Polaire and Puff is deluging the press with descriptions of her ugly face, her ugly waist and her ugly temper. All of which is implied in the information that the Polaire is a French actress.

Striking instance of the vagaries of our English language will be the "brief" filed by Thaw's counsel on extradition proceedings. A fortnight's collection of precedents should make a document as tall as a Colorado ballot under the referendum.

With conventions of organized labor denouncing the I. W. W. and deprecating socialism some of the writers of political economy who have mushroomed in the five years past may be forced to revise their judgments.

There is some truth in the occasional scathe that Alabama needs a prop; she can get along better without hold-ups, however.

## Texas Viewpoints.

## \$20,000 Wasted?

Marshall Messenger has noted the New York World's offer to pay Secretary Bryan \$5,000 a year "if he will not talk for pay and stick closely to the secretarial job. The World is perhaps better able to do so," comments the Messenger, "than Uncle Sam." The World's offer is curious. Does it, perchance, seek to make it possible for Mr. Bryan to become of the class with his long line of distinguished predecessors? Or does it merely want the people to know that it can afford to dissipate at least two-thirds as much money as the government?

## Press Done.

A newspaper's chief "obligation" is to get out an edition every day or every week and give the people the best their support justifies—or, ten times in nine, better than that support really warrants. So when Lam-pasas Blade starts off its editorial column with notice that it has mailed statements to subscribers and "would thank each and every one receiving a statement to respond at his earliest convenience," noting its need of meeting "obligations" at once and its kindly feeling in behalf of the holders thereof, it is but giving the customary warning of many newspapers, city as well as country, that while paper costs money and printers and

writers are not marvels of the medical world with respect to abstinence from food. It is an unquestioned fact that there are still many who look on the press as an eleemosynary institution with the public as beneficiary.

## Arkian Cities.

"Complaint has been justly made by citizens of the depredations being done by the city's mules in the cemetery." Taylor Democrat is the citizens' complainer, in this wise. Some weeks ago Fairfuries Facts told of kind in the public park. Not a few country sheets from time to time chronicle the visits of swine within the business section. Let us all sit up nights studying how to be kind to dumb creatures, of course, but put down our feet on any such Ernie or Noahesque usurpation of our necessities and conveniences. No well-behaved mule will cut up in a graveyard.

## Gradually Getting There.

Glad tidings spread by Wichita Times: "The city commission of Dallas has instructed the city attorney to prepare an ordinance making the minimum charge for electric lighting 80 cents per month, and neither of the light companies will oppose the reduction. The decrease will become effective 30 days after the ordinance has been enacted. In Wichita Falls the minimum charge is \$1.25 per month. The consumer is required to pay this whether he uses any light at all, or not." How general in Texas must be the hope that the Dallas commission, in point of public utility minimum charges, is setting a precedent that will soon become an understanding of all Texas cities "fathers" toward dispersing the corporate idea that a dollar is a "nominal charge" in this day of phenomenal charges for the necessities of life.

## The Interurban.

Interurban Crowds. What the crowds would have been had the traction lines to Austin and Waco been in operation may be only guessed at, but that guess would have to be a big one.—Temple Telegram.

Waxahachie On Waxahachie. Waco and Hillsboro now have interurban connection with Waxahachie. It is only a question of time when Cleburne on the west and Tyler on the east will come across. In fact, it will soon be realized that the line without rail connection with the Ellis county capital has no prominent place on the map.—Waxahachie Light.

Big News. The interurban track from Dallas to Waco was completed Saturday when the last spike was driven in Waxahachie. This is the longest stretch of interurban track in North and South Texas. Most of the wires had been strung up to Saturday. Large forces are engaged in ballasting and leveling up the track and cars are expected to begin operation by the 15th of October.—Jacksonville Progress.

Clear to the Red River. The last spike in the interurban line between Dallas and Waco has been driven and service between those distant points will be established this week. This service will be extended to Texas. Most of the wires had been strung up to Saturday. Large forces are engaged in ballasting and leveling up the track and cars are expected to begin operation by the 15th of October.—Jacksonville Progress.

Letting in Modernity. Interurban trains between Dallas and Waco will begin operation October 1st. The schedule as published gives us trains each way every hour in the day and till twelve o'clock at night. This means competition all along the line and in all classes of business. It means that the old-time "store keeper" must give way to the man with up-to-date ideas. There is no place on the interurban line for a mossback. It's a day of progressive ideas. Let us not all idly by and see the large city encroach on our territory. West is surrounded by the richest soil and the most prosperous farmers to be found in all Texas and that West will continue to grow and prosper there is no doubt in our mind.—West News.

## Texas Cotton Palace.

Sure Nuff Music. Ellery's band will play at the Waco Cotton Palace in November. This means that visitors to the Waco Cotton Palace will be regaled with sure-nuff music.—State Topics (Houston).

A Pointer for 'Sim Lewis. They are going to let 'Sim Lewis ('Sim is short for Perlimmon) pull off a Mississippi Day at the Waco Cotton Palace. If 'Sim wants to do something really brilliant and get himself talked about, he should pull off a Tennessee Day instead.—State Topics (Houston).

Free to a Free Press. Those two able events, the Texas State Fair at Dallas and the Texas Cotton Palace at Waco are drawing nearer each day, and the Advance is wondering if some one will be prone to pay our way to one of these occasions.—Crawford Advance.

Paletine Will Be Here. Waco is making great preparations for the opening of the Cotton Palace exposition which is not far distant. The annual show is one of the best held in the state and will be attended by a large number of our citizens, who like to visit the metropolis of Central Texas.—Palestine Record.

Mart's Marvelous Babies. There ought to be some prize winners from Mart in the Cotton Palace baby show, which is scheduled at Waco Monday evening, November 3, at the big Cotton Palace auditorium. A long list of good prizes are offered and over a thousand entries are expected. The Mart county not only has the productive soil, but the babies at the Mart fair each year in increasing numbers, indicating that our people are doing their duty along practical lines in race culture as well as in fine stock and agricultural pursuits. Mart babies will compete anywhere.—Mart Herald.

## The Proposed City Charter

The sub-committee of citizens engaged in the preparation of a new charter for the city of Waco has completed the draft of the document, which is to be submitted to the people later for their adoption or rejection. It is a lengthy document. Believing the people are interested in the charter, the Morning News will publish it in daily installments. These installments can be preserved and when the publication is complete the clippings will make a complete charter.

## SECTION VII.

## Public Property Franchisees, Etc.

Art. 35. The ownership, right of control and use of the streets, alleys, parks, reserve in front of the city facing the river, known as commons, and all other real property of the city of Waco, is hereby declared inalienable to said city, and no franchise, easement or use of same shall ever be granted to any person or corporation unless the franchise, easement or use shall be passed by the board of commissioners, and it is expressly provided that said ordinance shall be read at one regular meeting in four consecutive weeks before the final passage of same, and said ordinance prior to passage by the board of commissioners, shall be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper published in the city of Waco, and the expense of publishing such ordinance shall be borne by the person or corporation seeking the franchise, and if prior to the passage of said ordinance, a petition signed by five hundred qualified voters of Waco, shall be presented to the board of commissioners within five days of the date of the final passage of said ordinance asking that said ordinance be referred to a vote of the people of Waco, then the board of commissioners shall either refuse to pass such ordinance, or within thirty days from the time of the presentation of said petition, order and hold an election to determine whether or not said ordinance shall be passed, and if such election is unfavorable to said ordinance it shall not be passed, nor shall any ordinance containing the same or similar provisions be considered by the board of commissioners within six months after the time of said election, and no such ordinance shall ever be passed by said board, either granting or extending any such franchise, easement or use without referring same to a vote of the people unless such ordinance shall provide for the payment to the city of Waco of the reasonable value thereof to be paid at such intervals, and in such amounts or per cent of gross income or otherwise as shall be provided in such ordinance, nor shall any such ordinance be passed for a longer period than twenty-five years; and any such ordinance as hereinbefore provided shall be absolutely void unless the provisions of this article are complied with; provided that this restriction in granting and extending franchises shall not apply to street railway and steam extensions made for the purpose of making and connecting with existing lines, and where said connections do not cross or connect with existing lines, franchises granted for the purpose of making any changes in lines where, in the judgment of the board of commissioners the said change would be for the better use and convenience of the public, but all such right for such extensions or connections shall be subject to the direction of the board of commissioners and shall, if allowed, be limited to the life of the original franchise.

Art. 36. The board of commissioners shall take such steps as may be necessary to secure the public use of the streets, alleys, parks, commons, and all other real property of the city of Waco, and every part of the property conveyed by J. de Cordova and N. A. Ware by deed dated 16th day of June, 1850, to Shapley P. Ross, Lee R. Davis and David London, commissioners of McLennan county, and their legal successors in office, and therein dedicated to public use and described as follows: "The following described property to be used solely for the purpose designated, but to be held for the use and benefit of the public, and without the right to sell, alienate, donate, convey or in any way dispose of the same, the transfer of this property being solely for the benefit of the town of Waco, viz: Ten feet round the heads of the large spring known as the Waco Spring, the public square, the reserve in front of the town facing the Brazos river, the streets and lanes or alleys running through the town and farming lots." And said board shall take such steps as may be necessary to remove within reasonable time from said public square, the reserve in front of the town, all persons occupying, holding or using the same or any part thereof for private purposes or to the exclusion of the public; provided, that if any of said property is now being appropriated to such private purposes under legal contract or contracts with the city of Waco for such purposes, the provisions of this article as to obtaining immediate possession shall not apply to that portion thereof so legally appropriated.

## SECTION VIII.

Art. 37. There shall be stated sessions of the board of commissioners, and they shall be held at such times and places as shall be prescribed by ordinance or resolution.

Art. 38. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business, except as otherwise provided by this charter.

Art. 39. Upon the passage of all ordinances appropriating money, or ordinances imposing taxes, increasing, lessening or abolishing licenses, and all orders shall be entered upon the journal.

Art. 40. All ordinances except as otherwise provided, shall be read in open meeting on three several days, unless three-fourths of the members of the board shall dispense therewith.

Art. 41. A majority of three-fourths of the commissioners elected shall be necessary to pass an ordinance appropriating for any purpose the sum of five hundred (\$500) dollars or upwards, and no ordinance shall be passed which shall increase or decrease the city revenue.

Art. 42. Said board may adopt such rules, and prescribe such penalties as it may see fit to enforce the attendance of its members at all regular and called meetings of the board or its committees, and may adopt rules of order for its government when in session.

Art. 43. The style of all ordinances shall be: "Be it ordained by the board of commissioners of the city of Waco, that this caption may be omitted when the ordinances of the city are published in a book or pamphlet as a digest of ordinances."

Art. 44. Every ordinance imposing any penalty, fine and forfeiture for any violation of any of its provisions shall, after the passage thereof, be published twice in the official paper upon dates not less than four nor more than seven days apart, and said ordinance shall become effective on the fifth day after the second publication, unless otherwise provided therein, and the affidavit of such publication by the publisher of such newspaper taken before any officer authorized to administer oath and file with the city secretary, shall be conclusive proof of the legal publication and promulgation of such ordinance in all courts.

Art. 45. Ordinances not requiring publication shall take effect and be in force from and after their passage, unless it be therein otherwise expressly provided.

Art. 46. Ordinances of the city of Waco, when printed and published by authority of the board of commissioners in book or pamphlet form, as shown by said book or pamphlet, or when properly filed and recorded by the city secretary, shall be admitted and received in all courts of this state without further proof of their passage and publication.

Art. 47. An election shall be held in each of the wards of said city on the first Tuesday in April annually at such place or places as the board of commissioners may direct, and of which thirty days previous notice shall be given by publication in one or more newspapers of said city.

Art. 48. Said election shall be ordered by the board of commissioners, and in case of its failure to order the same, the mayor of the city shall make such order.

Art. 49. For the purpose of holding said election and all others, said board shall appoint annually, in May, or earlier, in each ward, some competent and suitable person as presiding officer of all elections held in his ward, who shall be a qualified voter in such ward.

Art. 50. The board of commissioners shall provide for the compensation of all election officers in city elections, and all other expenses of holding such elections.

Art. 51. All such elections shall be held and returns thereof made to the board of commissioners in accordance with the laws of this state.

Art. 52. In case the presiding officer at any election is unable, fails or refuses to act, the mayor shall appoint another appointment, and in case he fails, the qualified voters shall select a presiding officer as provided by law.

Art. 53. When the returns of any election shall have been delivered to the board of commissioners, it shall immediately open the same and read up the votes of each ward for all elective offices, entering the same in tabular form upon the journals of said board. The person receiving the highest number of votes for any office, shall thereupon be declared by said board elected.

Art. 54. It shall be the duty of the city secretary to notify all persons elected or appointed to office of their election or appointment and all the newly elected officers may enter upon their duties on the fifth day thereafter, after, Sundays excepted, provided that any officer may qualify at any time within thirty days, otherwise the office may be deemed vacant and a new election held to fill the same.

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Art. 55. Whenever, in any election, any two or more candidates for the same office or for the same position, the same number of votes being the highest, the board of commissioners shall first recount all the votes cast at said election for candidates for said office and recant the same, and upon such recount such tie election shall be held, and no candidate is elected, then said board shall order a new election for said office between the candidates receiving the highest and the same number of votes, first giving at least five days' notice thereof, which election shall be held within ten days from the first publication of such notice. The provisions of this article shall apply to all city primary elections, the executive committee of the party holding such election taking the place of the board of commissioners.

Art. 56. All ordinances now in force within the city of Waco and not inconsistent with this charter shall remain in force until amended or repealed by the board of commissioners; and all liens, encumbrances and demands heretofore fixed or established or for the satisfaction or abatement of which proceedings have been begun, shall be valid when same are properly established, either under the law in force at the time of the beginning of such proceeding or after the adoption of this charter.

Art. 57. No person shall be eligible to the office of mayor or commissioner or under his powers the qualifications of an elector, and shall have resided twelve months next preceding the election within the limits of the city.

Art. 58. No person other than an elector resident of the city of Waco shall be appointed to office by the mayor or board of commissioners except officers requiring special expert, scientific or professional knowledge or training to properly qualify the person filling such office to discharge the duties thereof, and whenever a person is appointed to any such office who is not a resident citizen of Waco, he shall immediately after his appointment become a citizen thereof and so remain so long as he shall hold such office.

Art. 59. Mrs. Alice E. Waxham of New York, calls herself a chausseuse-chaperon. Which means that if you are a lone woman or a great city you can phone her to take you shopping or calling to the theatre, the concert or to view the great white way.

Art. 60. Window glass at Cameron's.

## Relief for Catarrh Sufferers Now FREE

You Can Now Treat This Trouble in Your Own Home and Get Relief at Once.



How the Remedy for Catarrh Was Discovered.

By the new method the nose and throat are treated by an effective local remedy applied directly to the affected membranes.

THIS terrible disease has raged unchecked for years simply because symptoms have been treated while the vicious germs that cause the trouble have been left to circulate in the blood, and bring the disease back as fast as local treatments could relieve it.

C. E. Gauss, who experimented for years on a treatment for Catarrh, found that after perfecting a balm that relieved the nose and throat troubles quickly, he could not prevent the trouble beginning all over again.

On test cases, he could completely remove all signs of Catarrh from nose and throat, but in a few weeks they were back.

### Goes to the Root of

Stopped-up nose  
Constant "frog-in-the-throat"  
Nasal discharges  
Sneezing and spitting  
Snoring at night  
Bad breath  
Frequent colds  
Difficult breathing  
Smothering sensation in dreams  
Sudden fits of sneezing  
Dry mucus in nose  
And any of the other symptoms that indicate approaching or present catarrh.

### Send the Test Treatment FREE

C. E. GAUSS,  
4970 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.  
If your New Combined Treatment will relieve my Catarrh and bring me health and good spirits again, I am willing to be shown. So, without cost or obligation to me, send, fully prepaid, the Treatment and Book.

Name .....  
Address .....

### Trial Treatment FREE

This new method is so important to the welfare of humanity, so vital to every person suffering from any form of catarrh, that the opportunity is actually sent to you free of charge.

A large trial treatment, with complete, minute directions, will be sent free of charge to every sufferer. Send no money, take no risks, make no promises. Simply clip, sign and mail the coupon and the test package of the New Combined Treatment will be sent fully prepaid, together with the valuable book on Catarrh.

### TO VIOLATE JUDGE'S ORDER

100 Additional Signers Declare Will Submit to Arrest for Street Speaking in Seattle.

Seattle, Sept. 27.—An additional list of 100 signers of a paper declaring intention to violate Superior Judge John E. Humphries' order against street speaking if he convicted certain persons summoned to his court on contempt charges, was mailed to Judge Humphries today. Special Prosecutor H. E. Foster, appointed by the court to handle the cases against one hundred socialists already ordered under arrest, said the fresh deft would be ignored. At a socialist mass meeting last Sunday night it was announced that 500 men and women would volunteer for arrest.

It was said that if convicted they would refuse to pay fines and would

serve their terms of imprisonment. Judge Humphries said today he would order the property of convicted prisoners levied on to pay the fines.

Among the defendants who gave bail was Thomas Russell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, for District No. 16, covering all the Pacific Northwest. The socialists say the headquarters of the party will be moved from Everett to Seattle if the union officials may direct the contest with Judge Humphries.

Columbia University recently tested an aeroplane propeller so arranged that the direction of the thrust could be changed while in motion.

A monument will be erected by public subscription to the memory of Schiaparelli, the distinguished astronomer, at his birthplace in Italy.

To increase the leverage on twirling knobs of typewriter cylinders and save the fingers soft rubber extension rings, easily attached, have been invented.

## UGH! NOT CALOMEL, OIL OR SALTS, TAKE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS"

### DELICIOUS "FRUIT LAXATIVE" CLEANSES STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS.

A harmless cure for sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, constipation, indigestion, coated tongue, salivousness—take "California Syrup of Figs." For the cause of all such misery comes from a torpid liver and sluggish bowels.

A tablespoonful tonight means all constipation poison, waste matter, fermenting food and sour bile gently moved out of your system by morning without griping. Please don't think

of "California Syrup of Figs" as a physic. Don't think you are drugging yourself or your children, because this delicious fruit laxative can not cause injury. Even the most delicate child can take it as safely as a robust man. It is the most harmless, effective stomach, liver and bowel cleanser, regulator and tonic ever devised.

Your only difficulty may be in getting the genuine, so ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs" then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." This city has many counterfeit "fig syrups," so watch out.

## HURRAH!

### THE DUCKS ARE COMING

Hurrah! For the Ducks—They Are Coming—Plenty of Them

The best assortment of guns for rent, also complete stock of new shells to be found are at Dorsett's Expert repair man at your service.

**DORSETT**  
610 AUSTIN

## INDICTED FOR CAPITAL CRIME

GRAND JURY'S FINDINGS PUT LIVES OF MEN IN JEOPARDY.

### MANY ACCUSED OF FELONIES

Only Eight of the Twenty-one Indictments Made Public—Arrests Yet to Be Made.

The grand jury, which has been in session for two weeks, adjourned at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning until October 13. On that date the inquisitorial body will reconvene for a session which will probably extend over the week.

Twenty-one bills were returned yesterday. These, in addition to those returned Thursday, make a total of thirty bills returned so far. The bills returned yesterday consisted of sixteen felonies and five misdemeanors. Arrests have not been made in all cases and only eight bills were made public of the twenty-one returned yesterday.

Indictments in two rape cases and one murder case were returned yesterday. Will Douglas was indicted charged with rape on Lucille House and Ollie Justus was indicted charged with raping Amanda Isaacs.

Held on Murder Indictment. Bill Price was indicted for the murder of Mose Walton. Other indictments returned and made public were: Bull Hudson, theft over \$5; Robert Chatman, horse theft; Tom Martinez, robbery; Jack Wilson, alias Fred Robinson, theft over \$50, and M. Dewitt, theft over \$5. Of the indictments made public that of Justus is probably of the greatest public interest. The victim in the case was scarcely 13 years of age, and the evidence introduced at the examining hearing was that she had lived with Justus for some length of time. Justus has been in jail without bail since his arrest. Both Rice Price and Mose Walton, the man whom he is charged with killing, are negroes.

### Set Docket Tomorrow.

The docket for the October term of the Nineteenth District court will be set at 9 o'clock Monday morning. Judge Tom L. McCullough made this announcement yesterday afternoon. The term begins October 6 and continues for ten weeks. A number of important civil suits are scheduled for hearing during the term. Beginning Monday and continuing throughout the present week the court will take up the non-jury docket, which closes the present term.

### FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.

Richard I. Munroe, Judge.

R. V. McClain, Clerk.  
The case of Lud Reed, charged with the murder of John Richey, which has been on trial all week, was before the court at adjournment yesterday afternoon. Taking of testimony for the defense will be resumed Monday.

### NINETEENTH DISTRICT COURT.

Tom L. McCullough, Judge.

R. V. McClain, Clerk.  
Verdict for the defendant in the suit of Louis Santikos vs. Joe Kemendo. Motion for a new trial was filed by defendant yesterday afternoon. Suit of C. H. Ehrbridge vs. Citizens' Railroad company was on trial when court adjourned for the week. It will be resumed Monday.

### COUNTY COURT.

George N. Denton, Judge.

J. W. Baker, Clerk.  
Webster McEvoy vs. W. R. Thomas, verdict in favor of the defendant. Abbott Wallace vs. W. P. Poland, verdict in favor of the defendant.

### JUSTICE COURTS.

J. J. Padgett, Judge.

Fannie Calhoun, disturbing the peace; \$12.55.

Harvey M. Richey, Judge.

Howard Norris, disturbing the peace; \$14.55.

John McJunkin, disturbing the peace; \$12.55.

### SUITS FILED.

Justice Padgett's Court.

N. Freeman vs. H. E. Still et al., forcible detainer.

### Marriage Licenses.

J. R. Thornton and Miss Maude Graham.

Tom Chaney and Addie Wiley.

Fred Wilson and Addie Hensley.

C. M. Sharp and Miss Bettie Peevey.

Howard A. Dunlap and Miss Lenora Casey.

W. D. Green and Miss Ellen Miller.

### No Motor Licenses.

No licenses for automobile or motorcycles were issued yesterday.

### Music Lessons for Beginners.

Parents recognizing musical ability in their children will find growing satisfaction in placing them as early as possible where they may start right, and where they may have continuous and systematic instruction that is fundamentally and artistically correct. Frequently parents think that any teacher will do for a beginner, too often forgetting that the first steps are the most important.

The teachers of the Baude Forkel Institute of Music pay special attention to the beginner, and present music to the child mind in the simplest and most direct manner possible, at the same time stimulating his keenest interest and pleasure in study.

Courses are offered for students of any degree of proficiency in piano, voice culture, musical history, theory, harmony, etc. Students may enter any time. Catalogue giving full information free. Baude Forkel Institute of Music, 563 North Fifth street; new phone 2171, old phone 1579.

Under Imperial patronage, St. Petersburg will have an international exposition of lighting, heating, carbureting and fire extinguishing devices from November to February.

The Lindenberg conservatory in Europe recently completed ten years of daily studies of the upper air conditions by the use of kites and both captive and free balloons.

Lumolite floor stain at Cameron's.

## No "Let Up"

There will be no "let up" in that distress after eating until you first help the stomach and digestive system back to health and strength. For this work

## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

is particularly well adapted. It brings back appetite, aids digestion, keeps the bowels open and improves health in general. Try a bottle.

## INCOME TAX NOW IN EFFECT

Continued From Page 1.

business, not including personal living or family expenses.

Interest paid out on indebtedness. National, state, county, school or municipal taxes paid within the year. Trade losses or storm or fire losses not covered by insurance.

Worthless debts charged off during the year.

A reasonable allowance for the depreciation of property.

Dividends from companies whose incomes have already been taxed.

Interest from state, municipal or government bonds.

It is a clear provision of the law that the person must make return to the internal revenue clear for his entire "net income" and exemptions claimed under the law must be submitted to the federal officers for them to determine upon their reasonableness or legality.

The amount of the income tax as finally agreed on follows:

From \$2,000 to \$20,000 1 per cent.  
From \$20,000 to \$50,000 2 per cent.  
From \$50,000 to \$75,000 3 per cent.  
From \$75,000 to \$100,000 4 per cent.  
From \$100,000 to \$250,000 5 per cent.  
From \$250,000 to \$500,000 6 per cent.  
Above \$500,000 7 per cent.

A single man with an income of \$25,000, for example, would pay 1 per cent on \$17,000 and 2 per cent on \$8,000, a total tax of \$2,500. If married the first tax of 1 per cent would apply on only \$16,999 of the income.

## PROGRESSIVES SCORE TAMMANY

Continued from page 1.

overthrow of Tammany is the chief issue.

### War on Corrupt Machines.

After emphasizing that the progressive party was waging war against "corrupt machines," Colonel Roosevelt said:

"At this moment that which contains the most menace to our state is Tammany hall and New York. We progressives are doing all we can to elect a non-partisan ticket, headed by a truly progressive democrat, a tried and excellent public official John Purroy Mitchell, so as to keep the municipal government out of the control of Tammany hall and New York."

He said that the progressive party was not only for securing honesty in municipal affairs, but for bettering the living and working conditions of men and women toilers.

"In the same fashion we battle against Tammany hall in the governorship fight because Tammany hall is attacking the governor not for what he may have done before election, but because since election he has stood for honesty and the rights of the people. I wish to call the attention of the 'conservatives' who have professed such horror of the progressive doctrine of the popular recall to just what has been done by Tammany in the absence of the popular recall. I ask you to consider whether you prefer the recall exercised by Murphy at the end of a telephone."

"I am not now discussing the merits of the charges nor the evidence against Governor Sulzer. I am not now speaking of any matter pending before the court of impeachment nor of the allegations that will be considered by the court of impeachment. These allegations afford only the nominal reason for his impeachment."

### Scores Tammany.

"All the matters now produced before that court were well known to the leaders of Tammany hall at the time they were calling Governor Sulzer a second Andrew Jackson. They remained silent about them until the governor refused to take his orders from the loss of Tammany hall. The real reason for the governor's impeachment may not come before the body now trying him. But these real reasons, these real charges must be passed upon by the people."

"No intelligent and honest man doubts but that the attack upon the governor has been made not because of anything he did during the campaign or before he took office, but because through his officials he hunted down corruption after he took office and because he championed the cause of popular government and the rights of the people against the mandate of Tammany hall."

### AUSTRALIA'S NEW ARMY.

Trial of Universal Conscription Proves a Success.

(From a London Letter.)

Although Israel Zangwill's articles in the press condemning the new Defense acts of Australia and New Zealand, which enforce universal conscription, have inspired letters of approbation from many quarters, much has been said on the other side. Evidently the object of the agitation here is to promote a public opinion which shall accept or reject similar measures for England.

It cannot be denied that when the Defense acts were first promulgated many youths and men refused to serve and were arrested and later convicted of mutiny and desertion, but it is asserted by travelers who have recently returned from the commonwealth and New Zealand that conscription soon became very popular and that drilling

## DON'T FORGET THE FACT THAT YOU ARE GOING TO NEED

# A Heating Stove

And that we have the largest and most complete stock to select from in Waco. We are showing a complete line of Universal Goods. Percolators, Food Choppers, Vegetable Slicers, and Bread Mixers, and everything in Table and Kitchen Cutlery. In fact everything to make the kitchen a pleasure.

## R. T. DENNIS & CO.

CROCKERY AND STOVE HOUSE  
S. W. Phone 169 515 Austin Street Ind. Phone 1694

and rifle matches were rapidly becoming popular pastimes.

As the subject is certain to assume great parliamentary importance here, it may be interesting to define the Defense acts in question and give the result of their working from disinterested sources. Excepting certain exemptions, all the male inhabitants of Australia are liable for service as follows:

(a) From 12 to 14 years of age in the Junior Cadets.

(b) From 14 to 18 years of age in the Senior Cadets.

(c) From 18 to 25 years of age in the Citizen Forces.

(d) From 25 to 26 years of age in the Citizen Forces.

Provided that, except in time of imminent danger of war service under paragraph D shall be limited to one registration or muster parade. The New Zealand scheme is practically the same.

One of the principal objections made to the Defense acts is that the drills, etc., are inimical to the general interests of employer and employee. This can hardly be so, however, as the following schedule of annual training shows:

(a) In the Junior Cadets, 120 hours; (b) in the Senior Cadets, four whole day drills, 12 half-day drills and 24 night drills; (c) in the Citizen Forces, 16 whole day drills or their equivalent of which not less than eight shall be in camps of continuous training.

William Campbell, who has just returned to England from Australia, writes of the training as follows:

"It was my privilege to attend the first camp of the trainees in New South Wales. This was occupied by 350 of the Thirty-ninth regiment, under Colonel Simpson, late of the East Surrey volunteers. Slouch hats, khaki garibaldi shirts, riding breeches, puttees and yellow-colored boots formed their uniform. They were armed with the short Lee-Enfield rifle, and had the new web equipment. As the boys were very young and raw, they naturally appeared somewhat gawky, but

eight days' training made a wonderful difference. Discipline was excellent in the colonial sense of the term, and might have been perfect if the regiment had possessed more experienced officers and younger instructors.

"As this was the first year of the regiment's existence, recruit drill and simple company movements were all that was attempted. At first I was a little disappointed. There was a slowness and lack of precision which might have been avoided. However, on the last day of the camp I was present when Colonel Wallach, the commandant, made his inspection. Results of the eight days' training were almost wonderful. Companies moved with precision and cheerfulness, and the spirit of esprit de corps was already apparent.

"On arriving in New Zealand I was thrown into the middle of the new ideal. In Auckland I made a round of the Junior cadets (12 to 14). Schoolmasters were their officers, and excellent officers, too. The boys were drilled in a blue jersey, knickerbockers, age cap, belt and dummy rifles, almost akin to our Boys' brigades in Britain. Physical and company drills, with shooting at a miniature rifle range, was their work. It was inspiring to watch the proud little lads marching round. As a lieutenant of the Boys' brigade I was then convinced that the Boys' brigade council of Great Britain had made a great mistake in refusing Lord Haldane's suggestion that they should come under the direction of the war office and form the basis of a national cadet scheme such as I have commented on."

The Gould roads and other roads allied with them for this purpose have appropriated \$11,000,000 for the purpose of developing new trade routes between our Middle West and Central and South America.

This is no great sum for these large systems to raise nor can it be very

much more than a beginning if Central and South America are to be thoroughly exploited in the interest of American trade. Apparently the money is to be expended in organizing steamship lines between gulf ports and the east and west coasts of South America. The movement looks to producing organized competition on a large scale between manufacturers and other producers of the Middle West and those of the Atlantic states. A glance at the map will show the possibilities of great saving of time by the proposed routes for the west coast of South America, with little or no loss of time in reaching the east coast.

The new steamship lines will be a great help to American commerce. It is, of course, unfortunate that they will not be American ships, but that is not possible. The steamship lines can hardly be expected to pay for some years, and only the nation can afford to pay the extra cost of maintaining American ships during the building-up period. If the cost of building up the steamship lines is to be borne by the carriers and collected from the traffic of only one section of the country, commercial considerations will compel the use of foreign ships.

There is no adverse comment to be made upon such of the old officials of the Gould lines as have personally come in contact with the people of this coast. There has been, however, a great infusion of new blood into the financial, construction, traffic and operating departments of the Gould lines. New capital has been interested and changes have been made in the general management satisfactory to those who are supplying the funds.

As a result what are known as the Gould lines now bid fair to become welded into a unified and powerful system able to employ all the economies of wealth and compete vigorously with the strongest of their competitors. Our special interest, of course, lies in the Western Pacific, whose earnings are already in a way to soon make it completely self-sustaining and which cannot fail to profit largely from the proposed operations.

The Gould roads and other roads allied with them for this purpose have appropriated \$11,000,000 for the purpose of developing new trade routes between our Middle West and Central and South America.

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## Warding Off "Old Age"

### A London Physician Says:—

When a distinguished scientist like Dr. Newsholme, of the Local Government Board, warns us that we are ageing prematurely as the result of the strain modern life throws on our hearts and arteries, it is worth thinking what can be done to stop this health wastage.

Dr. H. Strauss of Vienna, in a recent number of the "British Medical Journal," makes the timely suggestion that much can be done to retard this premature wear and tear by paying a little ordinary attention to the diet.

The man whose heart or blood vessels begin to show signs of not being as young as they used to be, should, for example, be very chary with his meaty foods. Two and a half to three and a half ounces of meat a day Dr. Strauss considers quite sufficient.

More important than what one eats, however, is what one drinks. Alcoholic stimulants of all kinds tend to burden the heart and blood vessels by making them work overtime, which of course increases the wear and tear. But it isn't only alcoholic stimulants Dr. Strauss inveighs against. Caffeine (the powerful drug contained in tea and coffee), this distinguished scientist points out, is also a powerful heart irritant. Every time one takes a cup of these beverages the caffeine in it encourages one's heart to do extra work which is practically always quite uncalled for and therefore is an utter waste both of energy and heart muscle.

In these days when the strain of modern competition and high-speed mental work keeps one's heart constantly working at high pressure (thereby tending to produce premature wearing out) anything which can possibly add to the work thrown on the heart ought to be strenuously avoided. Caffeine, the powerful heart irritant contained both in coffee and tea, is one of these substances.

It is to meet the growing demand for a caffeine-free beverage, delicious and as appetizing as tea or coffee, that Postum was invented. Made from the finest wheat,

## POSTUM

looks like coffee, has a somewhat similar pleasant aromatic odor and a delicious flavor, and, best of all, is absolutely free from caffeine or other poisonous drugs.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled.

Instant Postum is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with the addition of cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly.

## "There's a Reason"





# SPECIAL

Free  Free

THREE-PIECE ALUMINUM SET—Consisting of Salt and Pepper Shakers and Toothpick Holder—all FREE with a 50c purchase of our Tea, Coffee, Spices, Flavoring, Extracts, Baking Powder, Chocolate, Cocoa, Rice, Spaghetti, Macaroni, Laundry Starch, Laundry Soap, Washing Powder and a number of other goods. Phone your order in today and we will deliver the Three-Piece Aluminum Set FREE with your order.

**Sultana Coffee, The Best**  
Sold at 30c pound

THE PLACE TO GET IT

New  
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815



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Phone  
610

623 AUSTIN

## Cox's Fresh Chocolates

All Dealers Can Secure

Chocolate Dipped Nuts \$1.00 lb. Box  
Assorted Chocolates . . . 75c lb. Box



Chocolate Dipped Marichino Cherries  
Per Pound Box . . . . . \$1.00

Our name on every piece is your  
protection of freshness

**C. H. Cox & Co. Mfrs.**  
WACO

### ELECTRIC SHOCK MAY BE FATAL

W. M. Wilson, Telephone Lineman,  
Receives Frightful Injuries.

Frightfully burned on the left hand by an electric light wire which he was attempting to adjust with a pair of pliers at Sixth and Columbus streets yesterday about 11 o'clock, W. M. Wilson, a lineman in the employ of the Brazos Valley Telegraph and Telephone company, lies in a critical condition at a local sanitarium. The live wire was on a circuit carrying 2,300 volts. This wire had been short-circuited by another wire and that circumstance alone protected the man from instant death.

Mr. Wilson, known to his intimates as "Slim" Wilson, was doing some work on the line when he observed the wire dangling near the corner. He climbed the pole to cut the wire and as his pliers touched it he received a shock which knocked him to the ground, six feet below. G. W. Reynolds, an electrical worker, went to the injured man's assistance.

Wilson was taken into the Knights

of Columbus hall, in front of which the accident occurred, where an effort to give him relief was made. Later he was removed to the sanitarium. Wilson had been in the employ of the telephone company only a few days. He is about 23 years old and unmarried.

Window glass at Cameron's.

### N. L. SMITHAM COMES HERE

Position with Katy Abolished at Denison—Will Be in Charge Mechanical Department.

Denison, Tex., Sept. 27.—Circulars issued by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway today announce the abolishment of the office of assistant superintendent of motive power, N. L. Smitham, who has filled that position here, will go to Waco to take charge of the mechanical department.

Biddy, Brown Leghorn owned by Marshall Hatch of Norwell, which had the distinction of being the oldest hen in the country, is dead. The bird lacked a few days of being 21 years old.

## BLAMES HEREDITY FOR WEAKNESS

HABITS OF FOREFATHERS MAKE REED IRRESPONSIBLE AT TIMES.

### PURPORT OF NEW TESTIMONY

Score of Witnesses Called by Defense to Prove Dud Reed Cannot Control His Actions.

In an effort to establish that John Richey's head was not severed from the body by a pocket knife, but that some heavier weapon was used by his murderer, the defense in the case of Dud Reed, on trial in the Fifty-fourth district court charged with the crime, yesterday introduced the testimony of a physician who viewed the dead body the day after the murder.

The prosecution has introduced as evidence a bloody pocket knife taken from the defendant the night of the crime, when he was arrested. Continuing the line of evidence of the preceding day the defense placed more than a score of witnesses on the stand who swore that Reed inherited a weak mind and a craving for drink, which drove him insane when he drank to excess. Among these was the mother of the defendant, an uncle and men and women acquainted with the family history. Testimony to impeach that of state witnesses and also to fix the crime on Buss Wiers was also brought out. Wiers has been convicted in connection with the case.

**Dr. Hallen's Testimony.**  
Dr. W. Hallen, for twenty-one years a practicing physician at Marlin, was put on the stand in the attempt to show that it was practically impossible for the head to have been severed in the manner that it was by use of an ordinary pocket knife. Dr. Hallen testified that he viewed the body of Richey the day after the killing while it lay in the undertaking establishment at Marlin. He did not see the head. That portion of Richey's remains was not found until late the night after the murder. He said: "I noticed the neck where the head had been severed. The backbone was not undisturbed. It was split right through the vertebrae from the back to the front."

**Suggests Butcher Knife.**  
"As an experienced surgeon I would think it would take a heavy instrument to sever the bone as smooth as it was. I don't think I could have done it with an instrument two inches long. The vertebrae was a hard, sound bone. My opinion is that the weapon used was heavier than an ordinary pocket knife. It could have been done with a butcher knife or a cleaver. I don't think it could have done it if the man had been struggling, as the cut had the appearance that the head was thrown back." The state had introduced evidence from an expert to show that if Richey had been killed before the head was severed from the body blood would not have spurted five feet from the shoulders, as witnesses who went to the scene of the crime that night testified.

**He is Cross-Examined.**  
In cross-examination by the state, Dr. Hallen said: "I think the dead man was either under the influence of something or dead when the head was cut off. I never saw the head, don't know about slashes on that part of the neck attached to the head. If a man is dead before a wound is made his heart stops pumping, and if Richey was dead there would have been nothing to pump the blood out of his neck. If the body was lying on an incline with the head six inches higher than the neck the blood would not have run out at the neck wound. If blood spurted five or six feet from the body at the neck wound the man was not dead when the wound was made. I don't think it was a matter of impossibility to cut off a head with a two and a half inch surgeon's knife. I say I could not have done it. The smaller the knife the greater the pressure required to effect the decapitation."

**Heart-Beat Means Life.**  
On cross-examination by the defense he said: "A surgeon's knife is a sharp instrument made of good steel. I weigh 175 pounds and am a strong man. The bone in the neck was cut smooth as were the neck muscles. It looked as if it had been done with one stroke. I don't think I could do it with one stroke or with steady pressure with a surgeon's knife. When a man is rendered unconscious he does not mean his heart has stopped beating, even if decapitation."

**An Effort to Impeach.**  
The defense asked the question, if "was not at least a three-man job?" referring to the killing of Richey, and the witness said he had not heard either been held or under the influence of something.

Charles Briggs of Marlin was placed on the stand in an effort to impeach the testimony of Deputy Sheriff C. C. Wren. Wren swore, as a state witness, that when he took Dud Reed to view the body of Richey, Dud screamed, "Oh, it's Clyde." Briggs swore yesterday that Wren told him the day after the killing that Dud had said, "Somebody has killed my brother, Clyde," and fainted, and that Wren got water and put on him to arouse him. Wren testified Dud aroused himself.

**Jailer Is Called.**  
W. C. Brack, jailer at Marlin, was also used as a witness to combat testimony of Sheriff M. J. Pool and Deputy Wren. These officers testified that they thought Dud was placed in a cell to himself the night of the crime. Brack testified that Dud was put into a cell with Bill Hutchison, but his testimony with reference to any one else having communication with Reed was similar to that of Pool and Wren. He also testified that Dud's shirt was bloody; that Bounce Beatty, a defendant in the case yet to be tried, was put in the same jail, but had no access to Dud's cell; that Beatty's knife was also bloody and that Beatty's clothing was bloody. He said Clyde Beatty had a small cut on his little finger and that the wound bled some.

B. R. Cooley, a policeman at Marlin, testified that he saw Reed the evening before the killing leaving town and he was not very drunk.

**Mother of Dud Reed Testifies.**  
Mrs. Alice Beatty, mother of Dud Reed and stepmother of Bounce and Clyde Beatty, whose first husband was John Reed, related family history which led up to the statement that Dud was never bright. Her father, mother's father drank a whole lot, her mother was Mrs. Harriett Wyres and that she had fits. Relative to the defendant she said: "Dud always acted strange, and when he lived at

## Twenty more homes in Waco have pianos today that did not have them last week

This means that 20 more families took advantage of our purchasers' co-operative plan yesterday, saving from \$90 to \$110 by a plan that really saves.

Several of these buyers are paying for their Pianos at the rate of only 16c a day; two are paying only 13c a day—less than Waco's per capita daily car fare.

Surely no family without music need hesitate to place a Piano in their home on such small obligations. This plan is an ideal combination of low price and low terms.

You have your choice of the very best makes of Pianos, such as the Chickering, Emerson, Haines Bros., Goggan, Angelus, Apollo, Foster and Armstrong Player-Pianos.

Do you know the meaning of a Thos. Goggan & Bros. guarantee? The basis of our large volume of business is the best quality Pianos for the least money; and your satisfaction is guaranteed or money positively refunded.

Here at last is a money-saving plan that saves, and 16 cents a day is all you pay on any low-priced upright piano.

It is your fault if we do not make this plain to you. You simply cannot afford to go without a Piano this year and you cannot know all that this plan means to you until you see the quality of our Pianos and compare the prices.

### Over 50 Brand New Upright and Grand Pianos on Sale Wednesday

2 Specials, guaranteed \$250 quality; uprights \$185  
Both brand new. Pay only 16c a day.

2 Extra Specials, brand new, \$300 quality . . . \$255  
You save \$115. Pay only 20c a day.

8 High grade Uprights, worth \$350 . . . . . \$285  
All brand new. Pay only \$7 monthly.

10 Strictly high grade Uprights, worth \$400, \$295  
Never offered at reduced prices before.

30 Uprights, choice of our stock . . . . \$250 to \$390

### New Player Pianos

2 Specials, high grade, 88-note . . . . . \$385  
\$500 Player-Pianos. Pay \$2.50 a week.

5 Player-Pianos, regular \$600 value . . . . . \$470  
Library membership with exchange of rolls.

3 Player-Pianos, \$650 value . . . . . \$525  
Save \$125. Terms \$3.00 per week.

## THOS. GOGGAN & BROS.

412 AUSTIN AVENUE

Established 1866

The Big Music Store of Texas

home we looked upon him as weak-minded. He never learned like he should at school. When 16 years of age he began to drink. I have seen Dud drink many a time, and could not do anything with him. He acted like he had come out of an asylum. I have named him up in the chicken house. When he would get sober and I told him of the things he would do while drunk he said, 'Ma, I don't believe I did that, because I don't remember anything about it.' She related incidents which caused her to believe his mind weaker than that of her other children.

**Banker Reed on Stand.**  
R. A. (Tom) Reed, president of the Marlin National bank, uncle of the defendant and son of T. D. Reed, about whom much testimony has been written in the record relative to his drinking habits, testified that his father drank heavily at times, but "when he quit he quit," and was "in the extreme in all things." He said his father was adjudged incompetent to manage his affairs, shortly before he died. Wick Reed, a brother, he said, was not a heavy drinker, but when he did drink whiskey it made him wild. Wick Reed was Dud's father. With reference to Dud he said: "Mentally, as a child, he was weak. He has drunk ever since he was big enough. His step-father used to give him whiskey when he was little. Whiskey always ran Dud crazy; he had little enough sense when he was sober, but none when drunk. One of my brothers, Doc Reed, is weak mentally, but never drank much."

**Lucky and Made Money.**  
Relative to his own habits the witness said: "I got on sprees in my early days, and when I got drunk I don't know anything until I get sober. Once, fifteen years ago, I got drunk and did several things I did not know till later, and only last Christ-

### Aunt Sally's Advice to Beauty-Seekers

C. M. P.: The neck should receive similar attention to that given the complexion, so color and texture of skin will be the same. A yellow neck and a white face gives a discordant effect. I advise using for both neck and complexion, the treatment recommended to "Monica."

M. P.: First, stop scowling, if you would get rid of the lines between the eyes. The best application for such lines, and all wrinkles, is a solution of powdered sassafras, 1 oz., dissolved in witch hazel, 1 pint. Bathe the face in this daily until entirely relieved.

Monica: You hardly need such a list of cosmetics as you mention. Ordinary mottled wax will help you more than any or all of them. It will gradually absorb the withered, discolored complexion and you will soon have a new, youthful and healthy looking skin. You needn't get more than an ounce of the wax, which will cost you little at any drugist's. Apply nightly, like cold cream, washing it off mornings.—Woman's Realm.

mas I did the same thing." On cross-examination by the state he said: "I have seen lots of people brighter than myself. I have been lucky and made money. My father was adjudged insane in 1902, about five years before he died. Before his mind began to fail he was bright. He got rich and was worth \$200,000. He never was the man mentally that he formerly was after he had a sick spell in 1890." The state asked the witness if he was not helping the defense. He said: "I have not helped with money; if you call my testimony helping the defense, that is the only way."

**The Defense Objects.**  
The next question from the State's Attorney Ottorf brought forth an objection from the defense. It was, "Did you not state to me in my office Monday morning after the crime that all you wanted to know was if Dud was mixed up in this affair and if he was he ought to be hung?"

The defense objected before the question was answered, stating it was improper. Mr. Ottorf said the testimony was asked in order to decide on the weight of the testimony and the credibility of the witness, and to prove the mind of the witness with reference to the defendant's mental capacity. Judge Munroe overruled the question and sustained the defense.

Melvin Richey and Otto Richey, not related to the dead man, testified to Reed coming to their house a few weeks before the murder; that he was drunk and acted queer.

Mrs. Lanie Gammison, who had known Dud since he was six years of age, said Dud was a boy of short mind, and she never saw him drunk.

Mrs. Georgia Ward said the defendant worked for her father; said Dud was not very bright and her father discharged him for that reason.

Wilmer Hickson saw the defendant a number of times, and said Reed acted wild and reckless.

**Dud Jumped into Lake.**  
Mel Reed, youngest of the Reed family and brother of Dud, testified that the defendant never acted right at any time; was always behind in his books. He also testified about Dud jumping into a lake when drunk, and also testified that Buss Wiers and the Reed family were not intimate.

G. L. Jones testified to seeing a bloody shirt near the Big Sandy bridge the night of the murder.

Mrs. Bettie Reed, wife of George Reed, a brother of the defendant, said Dud was crazy when drinking; that she was afraid of him and that she asked her husband to make Dud quit coming to their house. She related incidents of the defendant setting the barn afire while drunk, of his running his open knife across the bed covers on which she and her husband lay, breaking out the window glasses, throwing money into the fire. She said he did not safe to leave with women folk when drinking. She recited at length actions of the defendant along this line.

**Tried to Burn Restaurant.**  
Mrs. M. E. Thomas and her husband J. H. Thomas also testified that Dud was never a bright child. The latter testified to seeing him try to set a restaurant on fire about five years ago. John P. Atkinson, formerly of Marlin, now employed by the Big Four Ice company, here said the defendant

drank before he was 20 years of age. He also testified to being in partnership with Buss Wiers in the butcher business at Marlin. He said physically Buss Wiers was a strong man.

Charles Saxton, student at Baylor, formerly of Marlin, who attended school with the defendant, testified that Reed had difficulty with his lessons and was behind in his classes.

Frank Reed, a first cousin to the defendant, recited incidents where the defendant had been drunk and the queer way he acted while intoxicated.

**Clyde Beatty Recalled.**

Clyde Beatty, who was on the stand Friday, was recalled. He said Dud was different from other boys. He told of the defendant setting fire to a crib and stated that he chained Dud to the floor of his home several times when Dud was drunk. He said he did this to keep Dud from hurting anyone. Going back to the scene at the bridge to which he testified the day before, he said that his best recollections was that Dud's mouth was bleeding that night, that he and Dud and Bounce Beatty, the latter also a defendant in the case, had been scuffling.

Court adjourned at 5:30 o'clock. Monday morning the defense will continue the introduction of testimony.

From present indications the case will not go to the jury before Tuesday or Wednesday.

**Window glass at Cameron's.**

**Plays First Against Lost to Win.**  
A local lawyer related the following experience yesterday with a colored woman who wanted a divorce. The would-be grame widow had stated her grievance against "her man," and had come to the question of fees.

"This will cost you about \$25, you know," said the lawyer. "Can you pay that much?"

For answer his client passed over a certified check for \$50.

"Where did you get this?" asked the lawyer.

"That's the life insurance I got on my first husband that died last month," she answered.

## See Mayor Gaynor At The Rex All Day Monday

### MAKING SOUNDINGS PUZZLING

Some Difficulties Encountered in the Early Stages of Power House Construction.

R. W. Coulter, engineer for the Phoenix Construction company of Dallas, which has charge of the erection of the Texas Power and Light company's new plant here, said yesterday that there was no reason why the new power house should not be completed next summer.

"The chief matter to be looked after," said Mr. Coulter, "is the delivery of the machinery at the proper time. This has already been ordered for May shipment. The actual construction of the brick and stone work of the power house can be pushed at a late date, if necessary, in order to make it ready when the machinery is on hand."

**Track to Power House.**  
Mr. Coulter is now engaged in laying out a short track from the Katy road to carry supplies to the power house site, and in making soundings for the foundations. Some of the concrete work must have a rock basis. The soundings have been carried down 20 feet to date and only sand has been found.

## GIRLS! HAVE BEAUTIFUL, LUSTROUS, FLUFFY HAIR--25 CENT DANDERINE

NO MORE DANDRUFF OR FALLING HAIR--A REAL SURPRISE AWAITS YOU.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; fresh, new, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre and try as you will

you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp. Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower; destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.



### Remarkable Home Treatment For All Foot Troubles

This information will be welcomed by the thousands of victims of daily foot torture. Don't waste time. Get it at once. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain this treatment, which was formerly known only to doctors, will do the work. "Dissolve two table-spoonsful of Calceide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain goes instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off; bunions, aching feet, sweaty smelling feet, get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calceide works through the pores and removes the cause. Get a twenty-five cent box from any drugist, usually enough to cure the worst feet.

Compound  
Callouses  
SWEATY  
OFFENSIVE  
FEET

Ingrown  
Nails  
TENDER  
ACHING  
FEET

## WACO CHURCHES

"Why God Permits Sin" will be the subject of Pastor F. S. Groner of the Columbus Street Baptist church at the evening service.

Rev. Rosemond Stanford, formerly of Belton, will preach at both services of the Austin Avenue Methodist church in the absence of Pastor Hubert D. Knickerbocker.

Miss Dalton Cantrell of Waxahachie will give an illustrated lecture to the Sunday school of the Provident Heights Baptist church this morning. Miss Cantrell is under the management of the Baptist State board as a specialist in the primary Sunday school work.

Rev. W. W. Melton, pastor of the Seventh and James Street Baptist church, will speak this morning on the "Mission of Christ in Destroying the Works of the Devil."

Rev. P. H. Faulk, pastor of the East Waco Baptist church, will speak at the evening service on "The Passing and the Permanent in Religious Beliefs." The sermon has been prepared with special reference to college students and others interested in a statement of real values in religious belief.

## Baptist.

## SEVENTH AND JAMES.

Rev. W. W. Melton, Pastor.

"Christ Came to Destroy the Works of the Devil" will be the subject of Pastor Melton for the morning sermon at 11 o'clock. In the evening at 8 o'clock the pastor will speak on "The Sadducees." Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m.

The Baraca class of the church is one of the largest in town and is planning out the work for the coming year at this time. A special membership campaign is being carried on to enlist the college men, but all young men of the city are cordially invited to visit and join the class. The class meets in connection with Sunday school.

The Baptist Young People's union meets this afternoon at 4:30. The Junior union meets at 5:30 p. m.

## EAST WACO BAPTIST.

Rev. P. H. Faulk, Pastor.

(On the East Side.)

"The Passing and the Permanent in Religious Beliefs" will be the theme of a special sermon to college men by Pastor Faulk at 8 p. m. The morning service at 11 o'clock will be conducted by the pastor, as usual. A cordial invitation is extended to the public. Students of the various schools have a special invitation to hear the sermon.

## COLUMBUS STREET BAPTIST.

Rev. F. S. Groner, Pastor.

(Thirteenth and Columbus.)

"Why God Permits Sin" will be the theme of Pastor Groner at the evening hour at 7:30 o'clock. The sermon is a discussion of the question as to why an Omnipotent God who is the embodiment of righteousness will permit evil to exist in a world that he himself created. Some of the sub-heads are: "Why Is Sin Permitted to Continue?" "Why Is It That God Does Not Kill the Devil?" "Why Do the Wicked Live?"

At the morning hour the pastor will speak on "The Sunday School as an Evangelical Institution." At this service.

## The Largest In Existence

Round-up Champs.  
Stampede Winners.

WACO Thursday Oct. 16

Grounds, 3rd and Bosque.

## REAL WILD WEST



750 PEOPLE  
HORSES  
CHAMPIONS  
CHAMPIONS

FREE STREET PARADE  
CO. INDIANS

SENSATIONAL AUTO POLO

The most dangerous and perilous contest ever devised. Champion chauffeurs and expert malletmen in a death-defying struggle for supremacy.

First Time Ever in Waco.

The Prettiest Cow Girls.  
Iron Tail, Famous Indian.

## NEW RIDERS HOOTING COWBOYS

Big New Street Parade, Miles of Scenery, a Thrill Every Second.

Reserved seats on sale at downtown ticket office, Fowlers-Kelly Drug Co., 5th and Austin streets. Prices exactly the same as at show grounds.

ice there will be a solo by Mrs. D. J. Byars.

A male quartet will be the feature of the evening's music. Those composing the quartet are Messrs. Hamilton, Jones, Chatham and Hamilton. A warm welcome is assured to all visitors.

## PROVIDENT HEIGHTS.

Rev. Marian J. Matthews, Pastor.

Miss Dalton Cantrell of Waxahachie, Tex., will give an illustrated lecture to the Sunday school, using her own illustrations. She will also speak at the 11 o'clock service. She is said to be an artist in her line and her talks will be both instructive and entertaining. Pastor Matthews will speak at the night hour. Special music has been provided for both services. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend all of these services. The school meets promptly at 9:45 a. m. N. P. Lowery, superintendent.

## ROSS AVENUE.

Rev. W. L. A. Stranburg, Pastor.

(Twentieth and Ross Avenue.) "God's Call to Israel" will be the subject of Pastor Stranburg for 11 a. m. At 7:45 p. m. the pastor will speak on "Lifeline—Its True Meaning." Sunday school meets at 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m. The members of the Ladies Aid society will meet Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended by the pastor to all visitors and friends of the church to visit all the services.

## Presbyterian.

## CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN

Rev. E. E. Ingram, Pastor.

(Twelfth and Washington.)

The following program will be given at the Central Presbyterian church tonight:

Prelude.

"Holy, Holy, Holy."

Invocation.

Hymn.

Responsive reading.

Quartet, "Draw Nigh to Me, Ye Weary" (Lamen), Dr. S. M. Myers.

Gaylord N. Bebout, Mrs. Gaylord N. Bebout and Mrs. W. V. Miller.

Scripture lesson.

Prayer.

Solo, "The Day Is Ended" (Bartlett), Mrs. W. V. Miller.

Hymn.

Announcements.

Offertory, Mrs. J. W. Carroll.

Solo, "One Sweetly Solemn Thought" (Ambrose), Mrs. J. G. Wren.

Sermon, E. E. Ingram.

Hymn.

Benediction.

Postlude.

Dr. S. M. Myers, choir director, and Mrs. J. W. Carroll, pianist.

At the morning service Mrs. J. G. Wren will sing "The Plains of Peace." The subject of the morning sermon will be "The Love of God." The revival services will continue every night during the week, beginning at 7:30.

## SECOND PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. J. J. Grier, Pastor.

(Thirteenth and Jefferson.)

Pastor Grier will conduct the regular services at 11 o'clock this morning and at 7:30 this evening. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m.; S. Y. Lee, superintendent. Usual weekly program of the Christian Endeavor at 9:30 p. m.; T. A. Warren, superintendent. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

## Christian.

## CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Rev. F. N. Calvin.

(Twelfth and Washington.)

The entire morning service will be devoted to graduation and promotion day exercises, and the following program has been arranged:

10 a. m., opening instrumental selection, Mrs. Perry.

Reading of school by classes with teachers.

Song of welcome by school.

Prayer by Pastor F. N. Calvin.

Address, Miss Cella Moore, on "Primary Work; What We Are Doing."

Graduation exercises by fifteen primary pupils and presentation of diplomas.

Song by the primary department.

Address, Mrs. Vaughan, "The Juniors; What We Are Doing."

Presentation of the junior graduating class, consisting of twenty pupils, to the intermediate superintendent and receiving their diplomas.

Song by the Junior department.

Address, Mrs. Harmon, "The Intermediate Department; What We Are Doing," and presentation of diplomas to the intermediate graduates.

Song by choir, in charge of Miss Beard.

Address, Miss Scott, "The Philanthropy and the Teachers' Training Class; What We Are Doing."

Address, Douglas Bushnell, "The Baraca Work; What We Are Doing."

Address by pastor, "The Great Promotion."

Invocation song, "Jesus Saves."

Introducing new teachers, Messrs. Henderson and Miller.

Decorations in charge of Mrs. T. D. Hays' class.

"Missionary Essentials" will be the subject of the program at the meeting of the Christian Endeavor of the Central Christian church, which meets at 7 o'clock this evening. The leader for the evening is George E. Bryant.

## Christian Science.

"Reality" will be the subject of the lesson-sermon at the Christian Science church, which holds its services in the auditorium of the public library this morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school meets at 9:45 a. m. Testimonial services of the church will be held Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. A cordial welcome extended to visitors who are interested in Christian Science.

## Methodist.

## MORROW STREET.

Rev. A. D. Porter, Pastor.

(Eleventh and Morrow.)

The pastor will preach at the 11 o'clock hour on "The Mode of Water Baptism." Sunday school at 9:30.

W. H. Sanger, superintendent.

At the evening hour the women of the Missionary society will render a very interesting and profitable program. Good music will be a special feature.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

## AUSTIN AVENUE.

Rev. Hubert D. Knickerbocker, Pastor.

(Twelfth and Austin.)

In the absence of the pastor, H. D.

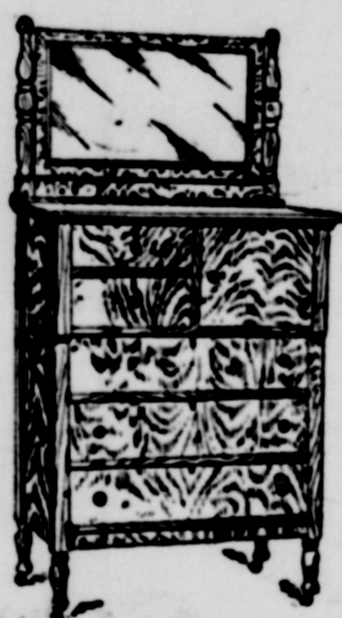
## WHY DO YOU WORK

Is it for the sole purpose of making money, or do you occasionally think of the comfort of your wife and children? Do you know of any better way to provide it than

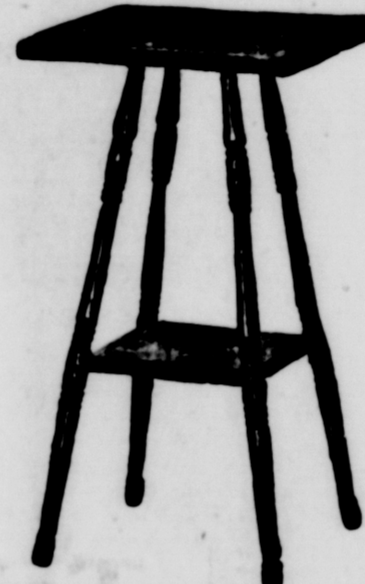
## TO MAKE YOUR HOME ATTRACTIVE

Has it ever occurred to you that one of the reasons your children are always running over to your neighbors is because their Home is more attractive than yours? Children have pride, and love beauty and comfort, and it is up to you to see that their home surroundings are as bright and cheerful as your means will permit.

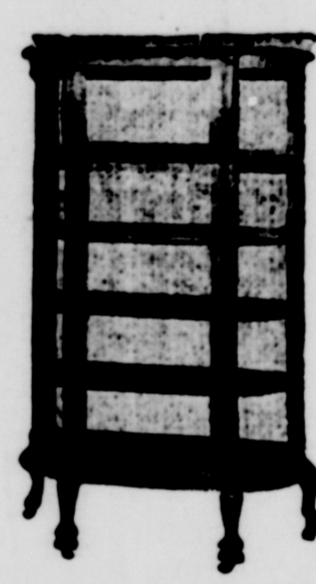
Freshen Up Your Old Curtains Buy a Few New Pieces of Furniture Put a New Carpet on the Living Room and you will be surprised to see how much difference it makes in the entire family. TRY IT



CHIFFONIERS  
From \$6.00 to \$125.00



Center Tables  
From 1.00 to \$15.00



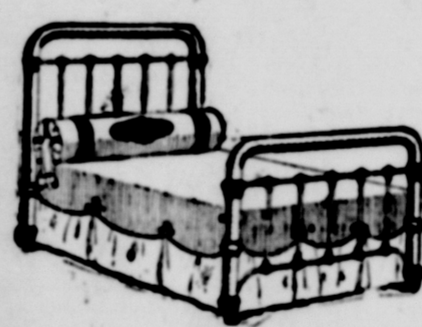
China Cases  
From \$12.50 to \$150.00



SIDEBOARDS  
From \$15.00 to \$40.00



DRESSERS  
From \$7.50 to \$150.00



2 Inch Post Bed  
In Varnis Martin and White Finish  
From \$6.00 to \$20.00



Extension Tables  
Round—\$10.00 to \$150.00  
Square—\$5.00 to \$40.00



BUFFETS  
\$12.50 to \$300.00

Our Goods Are Better, Our Prices Are Lower

See Us Before You Buy

R. T. Dennis & Co.

Knickerbocker, the pulpit will be filled at both morning and evening services by Rev. Rosemond Stanford, formerly of Belton, Tex.; subject at the 11 o'clock service will be "Fisherman's Luck." Evening service begins at 7:45 sharp. Subject, "Is the Young Man Safe?"

## Lutheran.

## SCANDINAVIAN CHURCH.

Rev. P. O. Bruland, Pastor.

(Tenth and Jefferson.)

English song services this evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school and Bible class at 9:45 a. m. The regular business meeting of the church will

be held next Thursday at 7:30 p. m. The Ladies Aid society will meet Thursday with Mrs. N. O. Nelson, 1521 Webster street.

## EVANGELICAL CONGREGATION.

Rev. W. Urban, Pastor.

Services of the congregation will be conducted by Pastor Urban this evening at 7 o'clock in the Scandinavian Lutheran church, corner Tenth and Jefferson streets.

A famous optical works in Austria is using ultra-violet rays produced by arc lights, the carbons of which are impregnated with the salts of iron, for examining the purity of materials with which it deals.

## TRAIN KILLS RICHARD WISE

Is Run Over on Santa Fe Tracks Near Rogers—Home Was at Milano.

Temple, Tex., Sept. 27.—Richard Wise, aged 28 years, was run over and killed near Rogers last yesterday evening by the southbound Santa Fe passenger train leaving here at 5 o'clock. The accident occurred several miles distant from Rogers and the man died a few hours later while en route to Temple in the caboose of

a freight train, the intention being to place him in the railway hospital here. Both feet were severed above the ankles and the face was badly bruised and cut. The train crew did not know the accident had occurred until a passenger thereon informed them that a man had been run over. The body of Wise is being held here pending receipt of word from relatives or friends, as nothing is known about him beyond his name and the fact that he is supposed to have lived at Milano. Late he had been picking cotton in the vicinity of Rogers.

Gay Guarantees Road Fund.

The amount needed to make McLennan county a part of the Colorado-to-the-Gulf highway has been guaran-

teed. It was announced yesterday that N. M. Gay of Waco had given his personal guarantee that the money would be subscribed.

NEWS WANT ADS bring large returns on small investments.

See Mayor Gaynor At the Rex All Day Monday



Don't Shiver

in an old summer suit. Our materials are guaranteed "PURE ALL-WOOL". We get them in carload lots—direct from the mills. That's why we can make you a warm winter

Suit or Overcoat

\$15 Made-To-Order

Don't let anyone sting you \$25 for a "made-to-order." We can show you any "quarter century" garment and save you a \$10 bill in the bargain. Ask us to produce.



612 Austin Street Copyrighted 1913 by Leon Sigman.

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

You will feel better if you drink Smith's Mineral Water fresh from the wells, which are located at 29th and Speight streets, Waco, Texas. Orders filled promptly. Ring 2096-Z. New Phone.

Personal Mention.

Miss Willie Gillis is attending the San Marcos normal this winter. Joe C. Thompson, tax commissioner and statistician for the Southern Traction company, was in the city yesterday.

Mark Hall has returned from a short visit to San Antonio. Miss Flora Brooks of Kossie is visiting in the city.

John R. Taylor, a prominent business man of Comanche, was in the city yesterday, registered at the Metropole.

J. B. Tatum of Fort Worth and E. M. Green of San Antonio, are in the city, stopping at the Metropole.

Roger Hilsman and B. L. Darlington of Austin, are here for a brief visit. They are stopping at the New State House.

Commercial Executives Close. St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 27.—With the confirmation of officers nominated at yesterday's session, the annual convention of the American association of commercial executives closed today.

Stop Piles Now

Quick Relief Is What You Want and Pyramid Pile Remedy Is What You Should Use.

We want your name if you suffer from any form of piles. No matter what you have tried, you owe yourself at least some relief from pain. Just let us give you this relief.

No words are necessary. We do not need to make claims. Just fill out the free coupon and send it to us today, or if you prefer, go to your druggist and buy a 50 cent box.

Don't despair. Don't undergo an operation. Be sensible and take hope. Do what thousands of others have done. Pyramid Pile Remedy reduces all inflammation, stops itching, bleeding, sore, ulcers, congestion and all pile trouble.

For sale at all drug stores, price 50c.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON. Pyramid Drug Co., 481 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

Send me a trial package of Pyramid Pile Remedy FREE in a plain, unmarked, confidential wrapper. I agree to use same as directed.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Street \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

TEST FEDERAL POWER

HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS AT AUSTIN TO RELEASE HERNANDEZ.

Is Detained by Army for Crossing Frontier—Claim Breach of International Law.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Habeas corpus proceedings instituted at Austin, Texas, for the release of Col. Braulio Hernandez, a Mexican revolutionist, detained by the American army at El Paso, will test the power of the federal government under international law to imprison combatants crossing the frontier. Courts several months ago decided that the government did not possess that power under the neutrality law, but the departments of state, justice and war now contend that under international law the federal government inherently has the right to capture and imprison the armed partisans of either side.

The Hague convention gives that right in the cases of two nations at war or where the belligerency of rebels is recognized. The United States believes, however, that the principle is applicable also in the case of any civil war, even though the rebels are not recognized.

The case has not yet been reported to Washington, but its developments will be watched with interest.

ASSEMBLY SESSION CLOSES

Tennessee Legislature Fails to Act on So-called "Law Enforcement" Bills.

Nashville, Sept. 27.—The extraordinary session of the fifty-eighth general assembly of Tennessee early this morning came to a close with the so-called law enforcement bills still on the calendar of the house. The bills would prohibit the shipment of liquors into the state and within the bounds of the state and also provide for action in the civil and criminal courts by tax-payers to have saloons declared a nuisance. The bills passed the senate more than a week ago and came up in the house last Monday. Opponents of the measure instituted a successful filibuster to prevent them from coming to a vote, during which time it was charged "gunmen" were present in the house and grave trouble at times seemed imminent.

In a special message sent to the house today Governor Hooper stated that he was strongly inclined to call another extra session for the sole consideration of the law enforcement bills.

Fireplace grates at Cameron's.

Suggest Changes In Scriptures Read Now in Services

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 27.—The commission on the revision of the lectionary of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States, which met here Thursday and Friday, has prepared a report which will be presented to the general convention of the church in New York next month suggesting changes in the selection of scriptures to be read. No change will be recommended in the method of reading them.

For some years revision has been urged in the system that has been in use for half a century. Among those who participated in the meeting was Bishop James R. Winchester, Arkansas.

Fireplace grates at Cameron's.

Testimony Complete in the Bixby Case

Los Angeles, Sept. 27.—The case of Geo. H. Bixby, the millionaire charged with statutory offenses against minor girls, will be in the hands of the jury Monday afternoon. Testimony was completed today and Judge H. F. Jones limited arguments to three hours for each side so that the charge could be given by Monday afternoon. The offense charged is a high misdemeanor, set forth in an indictment based on allegations made by Cleo Helen Barker, a 15-year-old girl. A second indictment charging Bixby with practically the same offense against Irene Marie Brown-Levy is still pending.

Under cross-examination today W. H. Stevens, attorney for Miss Brown-Levy, said that of \$2,500 paid him by Cetasius Morgan, a wealthy architect, to settle the damage claim of Levy against him, only \$1,000 went to the girl. Stevens said he kept \$1,500 as his fee. Prosecutor Asa Keyes said today that the attention of the county grand jury would be called to the actions of attorney Stevens and his partner, Charles McKelvey, who filed suits aggregating \$150,000 on behalf of several girls against Bixby. The millionaire's attorney Stevens and his partner, hers of an organized blackmailing ring.

Archaeologists Elect President. St. Louis, Sept. 27.—E. P. Thompson of Dayton, Ohio, was elected president of the American Society of Archaeologists at the closing session of the convention today. General Bennett H. Young of Louisville, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, was elected first vice president.

Barnum Case Adjourned. Beacon, N. Y., Sept. 27.—The case of Howard H. Barnum, the attendant charged with conspiracy in allowing Harry K. Thaw to escape from the Matteawan asylum, was today adjourned by Justice Morschauer for two weeks. His bail bond of \$1,000 was continued.

Rioting at Calumet. Calumet, Mich., Sept. 27.—Rioting broke out at the Dodgeville location today when two men going home from work in the Isle Royal mine stopped at a saloon and were surrounded by a large number of strikers, who attacked and beat them. Three arrests were made.

Wants Beef Trust Probed. Washington, Sept. 27.—Representative Kinkead of New Jersey introduced a resolution today directing the house judiciary committee to investigate the "beef trust" and its alleged control of Australian and Argentine beef.

Fireplace grates at Cameron's.

CAN YOU BEAT THIS IN WACO

Highland Place Lots

Carry the Following Improvements:

Artesian Water, City Water, Sewer, Paved Streets, Cement Sidewalks, Cement Curbs, Shade Trees, Terraced Lots, Telephones, Electric Lights,

Day and Night Street Car Service

Ten Foot Parking, Uniform Building Line, Building Restrictions, Wide Streets, Ornamental Lighting Plan, Twenty Foot Alleys, High Elevation, Ornamental Entrances. For White People Only. ALL FOR

\$700—\$750—\$800

EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS --- NO INTEREST

Phone for Auto Engagement

Office: Mistrot Building

Phones: Old 469, New 738

PLANS TO ATTACK NEW LAW

Dallas Attorney Will Test Constitutionality of Indeterminate Sentence.

Dallas, Sept. 27.—That the constitutionality of the indeterminate sentence law passed by the last session of the Texas legislature, is to be attacked from every angle, was in substance a statement made by Attorney W. W. Neims this morning in open court before Judge W. L. Crawford Jr., of criminal district court No. 2, when a motion for a new trial for Frank Lord was overruled. Lord was sentenced under the indeterminate sentence law, after a jury had voted him guilty on a grand jury indictment charging arson. The

formal motion for a new trial was heard Saturday by Judge Crawford. Attorneys Neims and Puckett representing the defendant, asked for an appeal bond, declaring the case would be appealed. The main point for a reversal, contend the attorneys, will be the constitutionality of the indeterminate sentence law, under which the defendant was sentenced.

Minnesota paints at Cameron's.

Law Fraternity Organizes. Chicago, Sept. 27.—The Delta Theta Phi, a national law fraternity, embracing 2,500 members and chapters in thirty-two universities and law colleges, was organized here tonight through the consolidation of three other law fraternities. Eugene Quigley of Cleveland was chosen chancellor. The next convention will be held in Los Angeles in 1915.

Minnesota paints at Cameron's.

TYPHOID KILLS J. H. LYLES

He Was One of the Men Employed at Lock and Dam, Recently Stricken.

J. H. Lyles, one of the men employed on the lock and dam construction work, who recently contracted typhoid fever, died late yesterday afternoon. On instructions from relatives of the fever victim, Manager Moore of the John Fall Undertaking company took charge of the body.

Lyle's home was in Mineral Wells. His mother, Mrs. J. W. Kinman, lives in Calhoun, Ga. Until his mother is heard from today it will not be known

what disposition is to be made of the body, but the undertakers expect orders to ship the remains to Mineral Wells.

Say Death Lurks in Brazos.

Three men employed on the lock and dam construction fell ill within a few days, some time ago, and it was the opinion of physicians who inquired into the outbreak of typhoid that they contracted the disease from swallowing the water of the Brazos while in bathing. The whole force of workmen, it was stated at that time, had been previously warned against the danger of swimming in the river. Physicians had pronounced the water germ-laden. The officers in charge of the work have since prohibited the men from going into the river for a bath.

It has never been definitely established, however, that Lyle or any of the other workmen who fell sick contracted the disease by swallowing water while in bathing. The death of Lyle may lead to an official inquiry into the theory advanced by the doctors.

Minnesota paints at Cameron's.

Brewers' Trunks Seized.

New York, Sept. 27.—Twenty trunks belonging to Henry Nicholas, a wealthy St. Louis brewer, and his wife and daughter, were seized by the customs officers today. It was charged that the owners failed to declare dutiable jewelry and jewelry valued at \$1,000. Mr. Nicholas and his family returned yesterday from Europe on the steamship Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.

Object Health Certificates.

Jackson, Mo., Sept. 27.—The St. Louis conference of the Methodist general conference of the church will meet next year in Oklahoma City, asking that Methodist preachers be required to demand health certificates from candidates for matrimony. The conference adopted a memorial in favor of lay representation for women in the general conference.

St. Paul Railroad Takes Up Mortgage.

Milwaukee, Sept. 27.—A refunding mortgage through which the outstanding bond issues of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway company, amounting to \$29,554,754.68 will be taken up, was voted at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the road here today.

The accident occurred at a grade crossing. Ranschenberger, who was driving, was unable to bring the car to a standstill in time to avoid a collision.

LANE SAYS IS NOT WORRIED

Declares "the More Candidates the Merrier"—Confident of Democratic Nomination.

Austin, Sept. 27.—When informed tonight that Lieutenant Governor Mayes had announced for governor, Comptroller W. P. Lane said that he was not worried at all about the outcome, although Lieutenant Governor Mayes was a strong prohibitionist.

"Let them all enter the race," he said, "I am positive that I will be the democratic nominee. I am feeling very good over the prospects and not in the least worried about the number of announcements. The more the merrier."

The comptroller is sending out campaign photos and is rapidly organizing an efficient campaign committee. Of the candidates thus far he is the only one that is doing any organization work publicly. To date the entries formally made have been W. A. Hanger and Chester Terrell, anti, and W. P. Lane and Will H. Mayes, prohibitionists.

There have been no new developments here in the possible announcement of Sam Sparks. Mr. Sparks has made no announcement and refuses to incriminate himself as to the possibility of his announcement shortly. This would make a third anti candidate.

Fireplace grates at Cameron's.

Seven Injured in Auto Wreck.

Sandusky, Ohio, Sept. 27.—Seven persons were injured, four of them perhaps fatally, when the automobile in which they were riding crashed into a Pennsylvania passenger train near this city tonight. Geo. Ranschenberger, aged 39; his wife, aged 24, and son, Merle, aged 7, of Castalia, Ohio, and Richard Fischer of Baltimore, Md., are believed to be fatally hurt.



GROUP OF MISSIONARIES IN FRONT OF SCHOOL SEIZED BY GREEK AUTHORITIES

The Greek authorities at Korcha, in Albania, seized the American mission schools, where instruction is given to nearly one hundred Albanian girls.

They have also arrested and persecuted a large number of Albanians who recently returned to Korcha from America and other foreign countries, releasing them from detention only when the Albanians had promised to join in the agitation for the incorporation of the district in Greece. The mission is in charge of the Rev. Phineas B. Kennedy, a native of New



THE REV. AND MRS. PHINEAS B. KENNEDY

Jersey, who was educated at Princeton conducts the Ladies' Literary Society. In the educational work he is assisted by Mrs. Violet B. Kennedy, who also education to the women of Albania.

UPSET STOMACH, COSTIVE, BILIOUS, CASCARETS TONIGHT--DIME A BOX

That awful sourness, belching of biliousness and constipation. Try Cascarets, they sweeten the stomach, repit of the stomach, the heartburn, more the sour, fermenting food and nervousness, nausea, bloating after eating, feeling of fullness, dizziness and sick headache, means your stomach is sour—your liver is torpid—your bowels constipated. It isn't your stomach's fault—it isn't indigestion—it's

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets PRICE 10 CENTS CASCARETS WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

# Every Day is "Style" Day

**T**WO of the many modes of the new season are shown in the new illustrations. A more realistic display of Fall Fashions is now displayed in our main show-windows. But to give an adequate idea of the wonderful variety, the beautiful colorings and exquisite materials that are features of this Autumn season, you should visit the spacious and elegant salons of our "Beautiful Third Floor," where we now have ready for your inspection the most complete and attractive array of the new modes to be found anywhere in Central Texas. You will be delighted with these garments, and you will find them very attractively priced. Come see them tomorrow; it will be well worth your while.

## Hat Modes For Fall

If the inclement weather last Thursday and Friday prevented you attending our regular Fall Opening Display, we extend to you now a special invitation to come, up any day this week to the Millinery Salon, on the Third Floor, where our demonstrators will take pleasure in showing you the models that were featured in the opening exhibit. Those lovely little Velvet Toques that we are showing called forth much admiration last week, and we would like for you to see some of them. We have them to match all the new shades of Fall apparel, and the prices are exceedingly reasonable. We have all the other new models, including the "Thippa" "Rembrandt," which captured the Ladies' Home Journal \$500 prize.

## Childrens Coats

Just arrived yesterday—a fine lot of very stylish Coats for little folks from 2 to 6 years. The materials are plush, moleskin and other nifty fabrics; they are made with the new long-waist effect, with sashes and velvet collars. Trimmed with buttons of the late shades. A number of very pleasing color effects, at all prices from \$3.50 to \$12.50. Bring the little one in and let us show you how becoming these Coats are.

And speaking of garments for the little folks, have you seen the new Fashion Magazines? We have both McCall's and the Pictorial Review. Many new designs for children's clothes are shown. Of course, we have the patterns, too.

## Girls' Sweaters

Smart, cozy Sweaters for the little girls and young misses. A wide choice of colors, including white, grey, blue, navy, red, etc. Some have belts. Some have roll collars, others sailor collars or V neck. Several grades of splendid material, all sizes. At the prices we quote these are an extraordinary value.

Prices \$1.49 to \$5.00

COME IN TOMORROW

Our great Autumn displays undoubtedly contain just what you want. Have you looked here to see? Coats \$12.50 to \$45 and up. Suits \$27.50 to \$49.50 and up. Dresses \$22.50 to \$42.50 and up. Skirts \$7.50 to \$15.00 and up.

## New Fall Creations

Are shown here in great profusion. Our buyers have spent months in the careful study of the style outlook and the equally careful purchasing of the preferred models in all lines of high-class ready-to-wear. The endeavor has been to select the favorite Parisian modes, and adapt them to the requirements of American wearers, at the same time sacrificing none of the exquisite style-tone that is evident in a really exclusive article of attire. How well we succeeded is shown by the enthusiasm of those who have viewed our fall displays.



## Fine Dress Fabrics for Autumn Wear

Our Dress Goods Department, on the Second Floor, is a revelation in beautiful Silks and Woolens.

40-inch Brocade Charmeuse, beautiful plain shades, lovely new designs. Blues, pinks, wistaria, etc. Exclusive, one pattern to the piece; yard \$9.00

40-inch All-Wool spot-proof sponged and shrunk Storm Serge, the most serviceable of woolen fabrics. All colors. Per yard \$1.00

34-inch Silk Poplin, a rich soft fabric, highly finished. We have all the new pastel shades. Per yard \$1.00

40-inch Mottre Crepe, a very stylish silk fabric, beautifully mottred, in all the pretty new tones. Per yard \$3.00

24-inch Brocade Silk, changeable colored grounds, in a wide range of fashionable street colors. Per yard \$1.00

40-inch All-Wool Brocade Novelty, highly fashionable designs, in plain shades of all the new colors. Per yard \$2.75

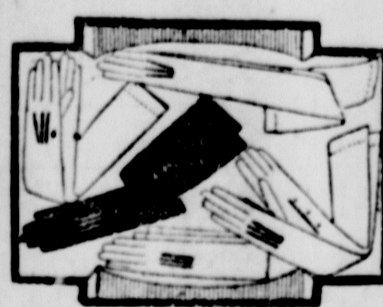
40-inch All-Wool Broche, in new shades of purple, bright green, new blues and terra cotta—designs in black on the colored grounds. Per yard \$3.50

24-inch Brocade Chiffons and Charmeuse, handsome velvet figures in a variety of exquisite designs; pink, blue, mustard, American beauty, brown and almond; per yard \$12.50

38-inch Woolen Plaids, pretty combination of colors; an excellently woven and finely finished fabric. Per yard 60c

40-inch Crepe Ratine, a new effect. All the favorite colors, beautifully shaded. Per yard \$1.00

27-inch Plain-colored Poplin, tasty brocaded figures in the full range of new shades. Per yard 29c



## Gloves For Fall

We mention here only three of the many new arrivals. 20-button Kid Gloves in all new shades to match the new costumes. Superb quality. Price \$4.50 per pair. Elegant 2-clasp Kid Gloves with fancy clasps, all colors of the new season. Price \$2.00 per pair. La Perle Kid Gloves with 2 clasps, excellent quality and splendidly made. Price \$1.50 per pair.

## Big Sale of Table Damask and Napkins

We want you to come and see these—the best values ever shown in this department—Second Floor.

Satin Damask, 72 inches wide, full bleached. Very pleasing designs and most durable quality. Regular \$2.00 and \$2.25 values. Offered special this week at, per yard \$1.75

Napkins to match, \$3.50 per dozen.

A fine grade of Damask, 72 inches wide, in pleasing designs; very durable quality. A regular \$1.35 quality. Our price \$1.10

Napkins to match, \$3.25 dozen.

Our G-M Extra Special Damask, a Damask that has never failed to give satisfaction at our regular price of \$1.25 per yard. This week we price it at \$1.00

58-inch Bleached Mercerized Damask, in a variety of handsome designs. The regular 35c grade. 25c

Pattern Table Cloths, made of a good quality of Mercerized Cloth, 2 yards long. Regularly sold for \$1.35 each. This week we will sell them for 98c

Bleached and Silver Bleached Damask, 68 and 70 inches, splendid quality, worth \$1.00 per yard. Special this week at, per yard 89c

72-inch Mercerized Damask, one of the best-finished Cotton Damasks made; attractive in quality and design. Our regular 75c grade. Specially priced at 59c

To close out odd dozens of Napkins, we offer this week a splendid assortment of high-class Napkins in values up to \$4.00 per dozen—an extra special at \$2.95 per dozen

Our \$4.75 Special Napkin can't be surpassed anywhere at even \$3.50 or \$4.00 (which are our usual prices for this grade). Every thread is pure linen; full-satin Bleached Damask. Per dozen \$4.75

See our new line of Eyelet Embroidery. Each set has six 6-inch dollies, six 12-inch dollies and one 24-inch piece. Some have space for monogram. Worth \$4.50 and \$5.00. Special this week, per set, \$4.00



## For Little Fellows

Russian and Sailor Blouse Suits for chaps 2-12 to 7 years. Made of popular fall materials in stylish colors. With or without sailor collar. Trousers lined throughout. \$10.00

"Rah-Rah" Block Hats, in felt, corduroy or chinchilla; snappy color effects. Answers the purpose of either cap or hat. All sizes. Price 50c

Middy and Tyrolean Hats for dress wear—velours, felts astrakans, chinchillas, plushes. All sizes. \$3.00

75c to .....

## Latest Jewelry Novelties

Beautiful 6-inch Suede Belts, in black, green, red and all the new shades. Buckles covered with kid. Price \$1.25

Lovely Head Necklaces, in jet and all the new season's colorings. Prices 50c to \$2.50

Main Floor.

## Seasonable Hose

Onyx Black Silk Hose, new heavy silk, with lisle foot and double top. Price \$2.00 per pair.

Our "G-M" guaranteed Silk Hose, with lisle foot and deep linen top. A dandy quality; 3 pairs for \$3.00.

Onyx Lisle Hose in all the new shades—A fine silk Hosiery with high spliced heel and garter top. Price 50c per pair.

## New Ribbons Arrive Daily

We show a splendid variety, all widths and colors, plain, fancy or plaids. 35c to \$2.00 per yard.

Pretty Lace Fichus, all white, made in a great number of new and fetching styles. Prices 75c to \$5.00.

Main Floor.

## Fall Wear For Men

Our young men's department is full of new and novel ideas in late models. New Norfolk, the new Norfolk-English sack combination; the snappy 2, 3, 4-button sacks with patch pockets, high-cut waistcoats, very fashionable things that young men desire. A great display at \$35.00

\$18, \$20, \$25, \$30...

OVERCOATS, TOO.



## Advance Sale of Art Goods

SHADOW ALLOVER—For Waists, a small lot of dainty soft Allovers in cream and white; very effective patterns, regular \$1.00 to \$1.50 values, special price 75c

NET FLOUNCES—For evening dresses; white and cream; many beautiful new patterns; \$1.50 quality. Special price 75c

NARROW BRAID—For dress-trimming, with cubist color schemes, 25c and 50c quality; special price 9c

PILLOW CASES—Stamped, new and attractive designs; good quality of casing and an extra special value at 35c

STAMPED TOWELS—Extra size, 22x42 inches, a nice quality of huck, very neat designs with space for monogram, specially priced at 29c

STAMPED GOWNS—Some exquisite new designs, stamped on nice soft pajama. A very special value at 50c

STAMPED DRAWERS—To match the above Gown; splendid quality 50c

## Women's Fall Footwear of High Quality

For dress occasions one must have a button-heel of patent leather. Either dull leather or cloth is correct for tops. Plain toes are favored, with a Cuban or military heel. We have just the boot to meet your requirements in this line—Wright & Peters, hand-lasted, at \$5.00 and \$6.00.

Semi-dress wear offers a wider field of choice, including many new toes and lasts. Leathers may be gun-metal, dull kid or patent. We have them all, in broad and semi-recede toes, Cuban and low English heels, button or lace styles, at \$3.50 and \$4.00.

For the children in school we show a splendid line of strongly-built but stylish Shoes. We have the most attractive "little women's" and misses' Shoes we have ever shown; broad and medium round toes, welt soles and school heels. All leathers. \$2.00 to \$3.50.

## New Beauty Parlors

Miss Newton, head beauty expert, has just returned from Eastern cities with many new ideas for face and scalp treatment. Best Hair Goods and Toilet preparations.

## Out-of-Town Customers

We maintain an experienced purchasing agent to look after your wants and your Mail Orders will receive the same careful attention accorded those who call in person.

## Eccentric Buttons

The very newest idea in Buttons is shown in the notion section. Ob-long and oval shapes, all the new colors. Prices 50c to \$2.00 a dozen.

## INTERURBAN SALE NEXT WEDNESDAY

Special Offerings in All Departments—Watch the Papers.

To celebrate the inauguration of the new traction service between Waco and her neighbors to the north, we will conduct a big special sale next Wednesday. Many money saving opportunities will be offered.

**THE GOLDSTEIN-MIGUEL CO.**  
"WACO'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE"

## SCENES IN WACO FOR "MOVIES"

DEMONSTRATION NEXT TUESDAY TO BE CAPTURED BY CAMERA.

## OPENING OF THE INTERURBAN

Event Will Be Made a Memorable One in the History of the City.

As the arrangements for the big public reception to be given on the occasion of the formal entry into Waco of the new interurban cars, next Tuesday afternoon, go forward the importance of the event is better realized by the general public. It seems now a foregone conclusion that practically the whole population of Waco will respond

to the invitation extended by the general committee of the chamber of commerce and Y. M. B. L. and participate in the welcoming demonstration.

Scenes to Be Photographed. New and interesting features to mark the occasion are being constantly arranged. It was announced last night that moving pictures of the scenes enacted on the arrival of the first train in Waco will be taken for general distribution among the motion picture theatres of the Texas cities and towns. The great throng in the streets, the moving cars, the movements of the officers of the company and the men of the business organizations accompanying them will be caught by the camera and preserved for exhibition purposes.

Will Advertise Waco. This interesting feature, which also serves as an excellent advertisement for the city of Waco, was made possible by the activity of the officers of the Chamber of Commerce, who enlisted the interest of J. Lemke, proprietor of the Crystal theatre, in the scheme. In turn, Mr. Lemke suggested it as a good business proposition to the Animated Weekly, which manufactures and distributes motion picture films throughout a large section of the country. The Animated Weekly management accepted the suggestion and will send its camera operators to Waco Tuesday morning.

Crowd to Assemble at 8:30. Unless the party on board the first train is delayed by some unforeseen

difficulty, the cars will arrive here at 8:30. It has been arranged to have all the whistles in town, a few anvils and Alessandro's band announce the arrival on the square with a noisy salute, the band supplying harmony after the first clamorous and discordant outburst of noise. A reception at the rooms of the Y. M. B. L. will follow and the business organization will keep "open house" until the visitors leave town.

## TEST TRIP ON INTERURBAN.

Passenger Agent Griffin Brings First Car to City.

Unannounced and unexpected the first of the cars to be operated over the Dallas-Waco-Corpus line arrived in Waco yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The trip was made merely to test out the power and the track. On board were a number of the Southern Traction company officials, including General Passenger Agent J. P. Griffin. The officers expressed themselves as greatly pleased with the excellent conditions they found, the track being smooth and the power all that could be desired. The car used for the test is identical with the type of car used on the Dallas-Sherman interurban. A large crowd gathered at the traction company's office, Fourth and Washington streets, to welcome the car and the party and the car was taken on a run around the city that the people of Waco might have a chance to inspect it. It was then parked near the courthouse.

## PRAISE FOR BOYLES

THE MISSION BOARD COMMENDS FRIEND OF THE "DOWN-AND-OUTS."

Reason for His Resignation is Desire to Return to Evangelistic Work.

The reason given for the resignation of Superintendent I. S. Boyles is his decision to return to his life work, which is that of traveling in evangelistic work. The board in accepting his resignation unanimously adopted the following resolutions: "In accepting the resignation of Superintendent I. S. Boyles as superintendent of the Down Town Mission, the board desires to express its appreciation of the evangelistic work accomplished by brother Boyles. "At all times he has been an earnest and zealous worker for the salvation and the restoration of the 'down-and-outs.' "Believing in his adaptability and

capability for the evangelistic work we commend him as a man worthy of confidence and support."

The following is a summary of the work accomplished in the mission for nine months. Issued 1800 meal tickets, issued 1100 beds, secured employment for 500 men, and there were over 200 converts. Evangelist Boyles is making dates for evangelistic campaigns for the rest of this year and next year. He will continue to live in Waco, and will always be found at his post of duty as a citizen, as well as a traveling evangelist.

Mission Services Attractive. Services under the new management will be conducted at the "Down Town Mission" tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock as follows:

Song. Prayer—J. M. Thompson. Song. What is a Down Town Mission—Dr. O. L. Halbert. Quartet—Four little folks. What is the work of a Mission?—Mr. R. F. Gribble. Solo—Mr. W. L. Hightower. Does Waco Want This Work Done?—Rev. F. S. Grover. Solo—Mr. Herbert Hamilton. How Can the Work be Done?—Rev. Ashley Chappell. Orchestra. Until a new superintendent is elected the services will be conducted by the mission board. No acting superintendent has been named.

## HEATHINGTON ELECTED.

Salado Baptists Decide Upon Evangelist for Bell County.

Temple, Tex., Sept. 27.—The executive board of the Salado Baptist association held a meeting in this city at the First Baptist church today and elected Rev. J. H. Heathington of Decatur as evangelist for Bell county. The latter was present and accepted the appointment. The following members of the executive board attended the meeting: Rev. W. B. McGarity, Belton; Rev. C. L. Spradley and D. M. West, Belton; Rev. W. A. Bowen, Waco; Rev. Ben Roberts, Nolanville; Rev. Carroll Smith and Rev. J. M. Dawson, Temple. Before adjourning the board disposed of considerable routine business.

## Rains at Dalhart.

Dalhart, Tex., Sept. 27.—Two inches of rain has fallen in twenty-four hours and it is still raining. Late crops of maize and kaffir will be greatly benefited if frost holds off two weeks and ranges will be in fine condition for winter grazing. Farmers will sow wheat soon, as the ground is in condition to work.

Violet light is being used in France for testing precious gems, especially rubies, as by its use the more valuable Burmese stones can be distinguished from the Siamese ones of less worth.

## HEARING AT WALNUT SPRINGS

Katy Suit Will Begin There October 9—Is Completed at Wichita, Kansas.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—Assistant Attorney General Luther Nickens has returned from Wichita Falls, where he had been conducting the taking of testimony in the suit of the state against the Katy railroad. He states that he is well pleased at this time with the progress that the case has made. The next hearing will be at Walnut Springs, October 9.

## TO ORGANIZE IN WACO.

P. B. King Will Represent Southern Benevolent in This City. The Southern Benevolent League of Houston, Texas, has opened a campaign for membership and will organize a circle of that society in Waco during the coming month. P. B. King of 517 Jefferson street is in charge of the Waco district. The So-Ben already has a number of members in Waco and expects to push forward rapidly until this Texas society has acquired a large membership among people of this city. Tom C. Skope, well known in Waco, is national president of the So-Ben.

# Watch This Space

Next Sunday

For Announcement of Arrivals of

The Latest and Best Things in

Fall and Winter Styles

Men's, Women's and Children's Fine Shoes

## Connor Shoe Co.

### PRETTY HOME WEDDING.

Mrs. Erin Lattimore Becomes Bride of Elmer Ethridge.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stanford, 801 South Fifth street, Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Mr. Elmer Ethridge and Mrs. Erin Lattimore were quietly married, Rev. F. C. McConnell of First Baptist church, officiating.

The bride is the daughter of Judge and Mrs. J. A. Stanford of this city, and is a beautiful and accomplished young woman. Mr. Ethridge is a young man of sterling character and fine business ability. He has been in the employ of the Morning News for the past four months, where he made many friends by his faithful and conscientious attention to business.

### STATISTICS OF LABOR.

Increase in Wages and Decrease in Working Hours.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Considerable increase in wages, combined with a decrease in working hours, has come to the attention of many men employed in the lumber, mill work and furniture manufacturing industries of the country during the past twenty-three years, as shown by figures prepared by the department of labor. In the lumber manufacturing industry since 1890 there has been an increase of 28 per cent in wages, while working hours have been shortened almost 4 per cent; in mill work the wage gain has been 33.4 per cent, the working hour decrease 5 per cent and in furniture manufacturing 44.4 per cent wage increase and 13 working hour decrease. The department's information on which its statistics are based cover more than three-fifths of the employees in the various occupations.

## Fine Groceries

Fresh Meats, Wines, Liquors, Wood, Coal and Feed

We respectfully solicit your patronage

**J. M. Freeman & Sons**  
PHONES 20 720 S. Eleventh St

## The Women of Texas

What They Are Doing in Various Phases of Their Work

Reported Weekly in The Waco Morning News by Miss Kate Friend, Editor, 525 Terrace Row, Waco, Texas.

### GEORGETOWN MAKES EFFORT TO SECURE MISS LATHROP

Mrs. Lee J. Rountree is using every effort to secure an address from Miss Lathrop in Georgetown. An address was scheduled for Georgetown in the original itinerary, but owing to the contraction of time for Texas, only the larger cities could be visited by Miss Lathrop. Nothing daunted, Mrs. Rountree for the Review club, is in the endeavor of having Miss Lathrop fill an otherwise vacant morning by having automobile passage from Austin.

This shows the value of Miss Lathrop in Texas. Mrs. Rountree was the means of securing one of the Ensign fountains for Georgetown.

### SOUTHERN ENGAGEMENTS DEFERRED BY MISS LATHROP

Owing to the contraction of a severe cold, the physicians of Miss Lathrop have advised the cancellation of all engagements to speak in the southern tour which Miss Lathrop had already begun. Miss Kate Friend is in receipt of a letter which states that Miss Lathrop is returning to Washington for a few weeks' rest, and that Texas will hear from her later. She does not yet cancel the Texas tour.

### MRS. R. E. BUCHANAN SPEAKS OF ENDOWMENT

Now that clubs are resuming, the subject of the Texas Endowment fund must be renewed. Mrs. R. E. Buchanan, the chairman of this important work, has the following to say to the Texas club women:

I suppose it is useless to say much of the need of a permanent state endowment fund. The need of funds from a regular income to carry on the work of such an organization as the Texas Federation of Women's Clubs, is apparent to every thinking woman. There are over 12,500 federated club women in Texas. The plan of the state endowment committee is to ask every federated club woman in Texas to give \$1 to the endowment fund. As every club woman does her work through her club and in return receives the benefit through her club, the state endowment committee asks every federated club woman to make it her personal business to see that her club gives \$1 for each club member, either from the club funds, or an assessment of \$1 per member, as the club thinks best.

It is the plan of our dear Mrs. Hertzberg for this committee to raise \$10,000 to begin with, this fund to be invested, managed probably by a board of directors, the income only being used to carry on the work of the Texas Federation of Women's Clubs. When this work is accomplished may it be speedy, then clubs in remote parts of the state needing help of a field worker can have it. This call of the, not wild, but civilized, for domestic science instructions is for knowledge in carrying on the work of "better homes." God bless it, and the many other calls of clearly woman's work in woman's field, can be supplied by the Woman's Federation of Clubs. Every club will feel it has the right to help from the state endowment fund, if it has paid its pro rata part towards same. As is well known, the work of the state federation is now carried on through committees. Some of these doing great and important work, cannot be allowed more than \$250 a year to carry on same, and this includes stamps. Think of this, dear club member, and see that your club sends its pro rata of \$1 for each member to the state endowment fund. It is the hope of the endowment committee to collect for this fund in October, not November, to go to the state convention in Corpus Christi in November to give a report, not make an appeal.

What have we women learned from twelve years of organized effort? Is it not this, that sentiment may inspire the undertaking of a great work, but it requires business methods, business principles, to carry on work without confusion, without wasted effort, to at least reach definite results—the desired purpose of effective effort.

MRS. R. E. BUCHANAN, Chairman of State Endowment Fund, 1446 S. Adams, Fort Worth.

### A TEXAS CLUB WOMAN ATTENDS HYGIENE CONGRESS

Waco had a regularly appointed delegate from her mayor to attend the sessions of the International Conference on School Hygiene. Some notes are herewith given by this delegate:

"First of all, let me say, that Mrs. Pennybacker was introduced by the president of the congress. She spoke briefly but very appropriately, and then called upon Dr. Caswell Ellis of

the State University, whom she espied in the rear of the room. Dr. Ellis responded with some timely remarks.

**Club Women's Conference.** "The last day of the congress was devoted to the work of the club women."

Mrs. Frank Shuler, president of State Federation of Women's Clubs, New York, was president and Mrs. Eli Hosmer of Buffalo, vice president. "The program subject was 'Woman's Work in School Hygiene.'"

"A symposium on 'What Clubs of Women Can Do' was discussed from three different standpoints: First, Dr. Dressler of Nashville, represented the schools; second, Mrs. Riker of Kentucky and Mrs. Coburn of California represented the active club woman, and third, E. G. Rontzahn of New York City spoke as an interested layman."

"Dr. Dressler, in his talk, emphasized the fact that club women could be of great help to school boards, not in the difficult problems of heating and ventilation which required years of study, but in such matter as the selection of a place for building school houses, country as well as city, away from the dust and smoke of the city, away from the corrupting influences of the street, a place where ample school grounds for needed recreation can be obtained, and where the purest and freshest air can be had."

"The club woman can be of great help in selecting janitors for the school, who should be men of brain, the highest man of the school, Dr. Dressler said. Our principal was heard to say that he would rather lose his best teacher than his best janitor."

Dr. Dressler alluded to how women's clubs could inaugurate not janices until the system could be handled by school boards.

"Dr. Rontzahn, on the part of a layman, made a nice comparison of men's clubs with women's. The keynote of his talk was that women are more interested in school hygiene than men, and rightly so, for it is a part of their home."

**Practical Work.** "Following this symposium, interesting three-minute work pictures on 'A Story of Actual Achievement' were presented by representative women from many states. These were given with enthusiasm and such eagerness on the part of women to talk. So many were on the floor at a time, that only half a minute and finally fourth of a minute could be allowed for discussion. These women were all talkers and had something to say."

**What is to Be Done.** "Last of all was an open discussion on 'What Shall We Do About It?' Three-minute prophecies and promises of what women's organizations will do in school hygiene before the year is over. The following are some of the ideas expressed:

"A closer relation between teacher and parent. The necessity for a continuous school year. Better hygiene. Lunches served. The teaching of sex hygiene. Women on the school board."

"MRS. J. E. POWELL, 'Waco Literary Club.'"

### THE WEEKLY LETTER FROM STATE PRESIDENT.

The following information in regard to the sixteenth annual convention is being sent to all of the clubs in the state:

"Dear Madam: The sixteenth annual convention of the Texas Federation of Women's Clubs will be held at Corpus Christi, November 11-14."

Two executive sessions will meet Monday, November 10, Nueces Hotel, at 4 o'clock p. m.

Corpus Christi is putting forth every effort to make possible a very interesting and enjoyable convention.

"We hope that every club will be officially represented by sending its delegate and alternate, and that as many visiting club women as possible will attend. Clubs now applying for membership will be elected at Corpus Christi and should send delegates."

"Members of clubs, not federated, will receive hearty welcome. Members, alternate and visiting club women, with addresses, to your state president, 521 West Macon street, San Antonio, and also to Mrs. G. R. Scott, Corpus Christi, general chairman of local board, just as soon as possible."

"A copy of the receipt for dues of your organization to the state federation must be presented by each delegate to the credentials committee. The visiting card of each delegate and alternate must be attached to her credential card."

"All club women are requested to display, upon arrival, a knot of light blue ribbon."

"Club women hotel headquarters will be the Nueces."

"The sessions will all be held in the First Methodist church."

"The railroads have granted one and one-third rates."

"Asking that you lend your hearty cooperation towards making this a great success, I am always, faithfully yours."

"President Texas Federation of Women's Clubs."

The dues for 1913-1914 should now be in the hands of the treasurer, Mrs. Hosmer of Waco. For Star contribution reads that dues must be paid two months prior to the convention. A few clubs have failed to pay back dues, and they are earnestly requested to pay same to the treasurer, with their dues for this year so that their delegates may be entitled to full privileges of the convention."

Let us put forth our efforts to interest non-federated club women in this meeting and to bring them into our federation. Mrs. M. Betty Curry, state chairman of club extension, Brenham, is doing splendid work and writes that she will not rest until she has reached the hundred mark, this being the number of new clubs that she hopes to have brought into the federation when her term will have expired."

Send her now for blanks, do not delay, for not only do we need you but you need the federation."

Presidents will please note the change in address of Mrs. R. E. Buchanan, chairman of the state endowment fund. Communications will reach her at 1446 South Adams street, Fort Worth. Clubs will greatly lessen the work relative to the endowment fund, if they will be good enough to send in their contributions as soon as possible, for we are endeavoring to have every dollar of the \$10,000 in hand at the Corpus Christi convention."

Always, faithfully yours,  
MRS. ELI HERTZBERG,  
President Texas Federation of Women's Clubs,  
San Antonio, September 25.

### J. B. LEVY CHAPTER ANNOUNCES CANDIDATE

Prominent members of the Texas division, Daughters of the Confederacy, have within the past week received announcements that the J. B. Levy chapter of Longview will present for president of the state division Mrs. C. L. Hamill, now recording secretary. Mrs. Hamill is endorsed by such prominent Daughters as the Mesdames Cornelia Branch Stone,

## FACED DANGERS AS RULER OF PERU; TO BE EXILED BY COUNTRYMEN



Mr. Augusto B. Leguia, onetime President of Peru, is now in the United States. Mr. Leguia was President for four years and during that time escaped assassination by the narrowest margin on several occasions. Now he is an exile in America, for Peru's politics changed.

At the expiration of his last term he was entertaining a number of friends when his house was attacked by a mob with rifles. He and his friends defended themselves, and for defending his own home he was arrested, the charge being firing on State troops. He was put in prison and in a short time was given a choice between leaving the country or staying in jail. He chose the former.

Come Johnson, Hal Greer and many of the present and past state officers. In December, Mrs. E. W. Sholars of Orange announced that she would be a candidate for the position of state president. Many who will be delegates. Thus two candidates are already before the convention, which meets in San Antonio with late October.

### SUFFRAGE DAY IS GENERAL DOWN IN SAN ANTONIO

Taking advantage of the many who would be on the streets both from the city and from the surrounding country, the suffrage women of San Antonio kept open house during "opening" days among the women of the city. At all the stores committees were present to talk suffrage and to distribute suffrage literature. The women were very much encouraged over the interest manifested.

### SUFFRAGE DAY TO BE AT THE DALLAS FAIR

It is now arranged that the 23rd of October shall be suffrage day at the Dallas fair. The women interested in this movement have arrangements under way for a large attendance of the leaders, as well as much literature ready for distribution to the visiting women. This is a significant move for Texas, the first formal gathering of suffragists in North Texas.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESTABLISH HOME

Progressive club women know that the last legislature created a training school for wayward girls, to be erected in Texas. This is to go to the community which often has no one to take the care of the child. The board is to decide the location. This board has just been announced, and on it are two prominent women of this state, Mrs. Edward Rotan of Waco and Mrs. J. W. Galbreath of Fort Worth. Both of these women have had practical experience with institutions of charity. Mrs. Rotan has been president of the state of temporary shelter for a number of years. Recently Mrs. Rotan has become much interested in this wayward girl subject. She has been hoping for some time which has now come, that of reclaiming our Texas girls. So far, nothing further than the announcement of those who will form the board for the establishment of this home, is done. Mrs. Addicks of Wichita Falls has been named as one of the assistants for raising another \$25,000 with which to establish this school.

### CLUBS ARE AWAKENING TO A VERY RAPID RATE

Many are the letters in passage through the mails during these last days of September. This is because club activity is resuming, and all are making ready for another year of study and good work for the Texas towns.

Miss Helen Thompson writes from the Del Rio club that her club is to continue its study of the play selected being "Midsummer Night's Dream" and "King Lear."

Mrs. J. R. Traylor reports from Dainfield that, after a departure in study, the Twentieth Century club is returning to its first love, Shakespeare. This club begins work at once.

Mrs. J. H. Robin writes from the Llano club that it will be Shakespeare again, and resumption of regular meetings with October 1st as the first day of study.

Mrs. R. S. Triplett, a former club woman of Waco, is forming a girls' club for the study of Shakespeare, in Corsicana. This is at the request, Mrs. Triplett writes, of numerous mothers. The sign is encouraging for both Mrs. Pennybacker and Mrs. Hertzberg are strongly advocating the formation of girls' clubs.

Miss Jane McDaniel writes from Jewett that her club is to take up the study of Shakespeare. This club is composed of the right sort of material, busy mothers and teachers.

One prominent club woman says: "The short hours for women will make merchants readjust—but how?"

Mrs. McWilliams, president of the Thomas P. Stone chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, at Mart, has removed to Waco.

Mrs. Katherine Williams writes from the Cleburne club that she is making ready to act as director for "Twelfth Night," one of Shakespeare's plays which is coming into great favor this year.

A fire prevention play is set aside by Acting Governor Mayer; is it not now in order for the club women in their various localities to publish something practical for the women to follow in this observance?

Houston is to be congratulated upon holding a workhouse parade such as has been done so much to elevate the standard of the workhouse in New York City."

### MISSISSIPPI FISH DRUNK.

After 1,916 Barrels of Beers Were Poured into "Father of Waters." (Marion (Ind.) Correspondence New York World.)

Multitudes feasted on intoxicated fish hauled in by the bushel basketful here after 1,916 barrels of beer were turned into the Mississippi river from an Indiana brewery under the direction of the United States revenue

## HAVE YOU ASKED

How to get a \$25 talking machine for

# 98c

Phone us at Number 47 or come in and we will explain :: ::

**ALL NIGHT DRUG STORE**  
Phones 47 205 S. Third  
J. J. BUTTERY, Manager

after this was done the victims recovered from their jags and seemed just like normal fish.

Only a part of the fish were in an extreme state of intoxication. A few, however, died from the effect of their innocent carousal, but many others were killed by boys.

Regular fish were not alone in the limelight. Countless crawfish crawled up on the piers of the bridges, and it would have been possible for them to have been scooped up by the barrelful. There was an unusually startled expression in the "craydada's" eyes.

### TO THE PUBLIC.

Having severed my connection with the First National Bank, after nine years of pleasant association there, I will in the future represent the Winona Mills, in Waco, distributing this deservedly popular and well known line, "DIRECT FROM MILL TO WEAFER."

Wear "WINONA." It's better. Very respectfully,  
GEO. A. MILLER.

### ELECTRIC FIXTURES AT REDUCED RATES.

For a few days we are offering our new stock of fixtures at greatly reduced prices.

Our designs are new and up-to-date. It will pay you to visit our show rooms at once and take advantage of these great bargains. Vesey Electric Co., 605 Austin Street.

News Want Ads bring large returns on small investments.

## Living Models for Men

If you want to see how you will look drop in and see the hundreds of PLEASED customers walk out attired in a

Hart Schaffner & Marx and "ALCO" Suit

# \$18.00 to \$35.00

No. 414 Austin Street  
Waco, Texas

*J. A. Loughridge*



## Climax Refining Co.

Petroleum Products

Climax Axle Grease

# "Arc Light" Kerosene

## DURABLE PLUMBING

When building, you build for many years—a lifetime perhaps. You desire your home to contain the best fixtures and workmanship obtainable.

Our work is done in accordance with the best methods, and your specifications will be observed so that you will need have no fear of the durability of the entire job—material, workmanship and fixtures.

**E. J. VANCE & CO.**  
Both Phones 205 702 Austin Ave.



A winner of the Grand Prix at the Ghent, Belgium exposition is that beer which has delighted many thousands for years,

## "Southern Select Bottled Beer"

*Its purity merits its award*

Southern Select Bottled Beer is brewed from the best Wisconsin Barley Malt and "Looser" Bokernian Hops.

An oyster supper is not complete without a bottle of Southern Select Beer.

YOU UP.

THAT BUILDS  
THE BEER

EUGENE TROTT, Agent and Distributor  
Waco, Texas

## A Cold?

A Neglected Cold

Is often the cause of more serious complications

If you have one, better take it  
in hand at once—today

Ask for **Penslar** Cold Breakers

**STETLER'S DRUG STORE**  
EIGHTH AND AUSTIN

### BREAK IN COTTON.

Late in Day Reports from Washington Cause Drop.

New Orleans, Sept. 27.—Late in the cotton market today there was a sensational break of 26 to 34 points on the unconfirmed report that another cotton future tax bill would be introduced in congress. It was reported the proposed bill would be similar to the Clarke amendment to the tariff bill. Up to the time of receipt of this rumor the market had declined strength and went 13 to 16 points over yesterday's close to new high levels for the week and season. The effect of the rumor was to scare long out of their

holdings. The close was at a net loss for the day of 19 to 22 points.

The population of the Danish colony of Greenland increased more rapidly in the last ten years than in any similar former period.

A flat iron stand with a screw clamp to prevent it being knocked from an ironing board has been patented by a Wisconsin inventor.

Government statistics show that within ten years the number of trunk telephone lines in use in the United Kingdom has nearly tripled.

If You Are in the MARKET for  
Anything in the

## Jewelry or Piano Line

Let us show you what we can and will do for you.

It would be almost impossible to enumerate the different values we can offer, but we wish to reduce our stock as much as possible before moving to our new building. Our loss will be your gain.

**Hafner-Anderson Co.**

Temporary Location 704 Austin.

## GAME LAWS IN ALL STATES

AGRICULTURAL DEPT. COMPILES SUMMARY OF RECENT LEGISLATION.

### NOVEL RULES FOR HUNTERS

Important Changes in Protection of Big Game—Reduction in Bag Limits Made.

The biological survey of the department of agriculture has just issued its annual bulletin giving a summary of the provisions relating to seasons, export, sale, limits and licenses concerning game, all of which is of interest to the hunter.

Compiling game statistics is a stupendous job, for it means codifying the legislation of all the states and the Canadian provinces that hold legislative sessions. This year the work has been done by T. S. Palmer, W. F. Bancroft and Frank L. Earnshaw.

Concerning these subjects these men state that the game legislation of 1913, while large in volume, is not much larger than that of 1911 or 1909, owing to the following causes: Codification bills were enacted in Maine, Oregon and Vermont; practically all the changes made in Illinois, Montana, New York, Utah, Washington and Wyoming were embodied in single bills, and all legislation failed in Georgia, Idaho, Nebraska, New Mexico, South Carolina and Texas.

Among the various provisions found in the new laws are several novel features directly affecting the hunter or the conditions under which game may be hunted.

**Some Novel Provisions.**  
Ohio and Pennsylvania now require a licensee to wear a badge conspicuously exposed, bearing the number of his hunting license. In order to minimize shooting accidents Manitoba requires hunters to wear a white coat or sweater and cap. Saskatchewan insists that those who hunt big game must wear a complete outer suit and cap of white. The latter province recently has made the penalty for accidentally shooting a person or injuring a deer, ranging from \$500 to \$1,000, or imprisonment for six months and suspension of further license privilege for ten years.

**Retrograde Legislation.**  
To the present list of six states prohibiting the use of silencers—namely, Maine, New Jersey, North Dakota, Washington, Mississippi and Louisiana, are now added Minnesota and Wyoming. Connecticut has provided that any hunter who shoots at a fence or let down a bar without replacing it shall forfeit his hunting license privilege for two years. Connecticut, Pennsylvania and British Columbia require all hunters to carry under 16 years of age to furnish the written consent of parent or guardian. Vermont has a similar restriction for those under 15, and Oregon does not permit children under 14 years old to hunt except on the premises of their parents, relatives or guardians.

**Refugees for Birds and Game.**

One of the marked features of the legislation of the year was the usual progress in the establishment of bird and game refuges. By executive order four national bird reserves have been created, the Aleutian reservation, containing the entire chain of Aleutian islands in Alaska, and the smaller reservations of Walker lake in Arkansas, Petit Bois island on the coast of Alabama, and Anaho island in Pyramid lake, Nevada, thus bringing the total number of national bird reservations up to sixty-four.

During the recent months the Niobrara bird reservation has been enlarged and stocked with a herd of buffalo, elk and deer. An item in the act of March 4, 1913, contains an appropriation for the completion and maintenance of the elk refuge in Wyoming.

**Protection of Big Game.**  
Several important changes have been made in provisions protecting big game. Colorado and North Dakota prohibit all killing of deer for a term of years, and Saskatchewan has provided a close season throughout the year for all big game south of latitude 52 degrees.

Laws protecting deer at all seasons were enacted in Florida, Nevada and Wyoming. But also in Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin. A statute of this kind enacted in 1911. The deer seasons were shortened from two weeks to two months in Utah, Wyoming and Quebec. New Hampshire lengthened the season two weeks in Canada. In Vermont, 1909 days, and Massachusetts opened the season in the few closed counties, thus permitting shooting throughout the state.

Montana provided that the limit of three deer a season can include only one doe. In 1911 Michigan made an experiment of an open season of forty-five days on deer, but limited the life of an individual hunting license to twenty-five days from date of issuance. After a trial of two years the season has been restored to the last three weeks in November, to correspond with the deer season in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

**Open Seasons Made Uniform.**

The general trend of state legislation in the matter of seasons seems to have been toward further restriction of hunting and greater uniformity. This fact is illustrated by the enactment of the general game law in Florida, which repealed all local game laws and made the season uniform throughout the state, and the passage of a measure in Wisconsin adopting the same opening date for upland game as in force in Minnesota and North Dakota. A few important species were removed from the game list or were given protection for a term of years.

New York placed a close season on quail for five years and Kansas added both quail and prairie chickens to the close season list until 1918. Ohio suspended hunting of quail, ruffed grouse and doves for two years. Pennsylvania eliminated the open season on doves, killdeer, plover and blackbirds, while Utah extended complete protection to doves, swans and all shore birds except snipe.

At least six states passed laws lengthening open seasons. Illinois added a week for hunting prairie chickens; Michigan, fifteen days for ruffed grouse and quail; and North Dakota, fifteen days for shore birds and ruffed grouse. Oregon, sixteen days for ducks east of the Cascades, and Vermont, sixteen days for ruffed grouse and woodcock and two weeks for plover.

**Reduction of Bag Limits.**  
In the case of big game, Washington reduced the limit on sheep and goats from two to one each, and Wyoming now permits only one female elk under each ordinary resident li-

cense. In the case of deer, Florida and Oregon reduced the limit from five to three. Montana provided that the limit for three deer shall not include more than one doe; Wyoming reduced the number of deer from two to one, and Maine from two to one in Androscoggin county.

Among the important reductions in bag limits on birds be mentioned Missouri, which reduced the daily limit from twenty-five to ten, and the limit allowed in possession at one time from fifty to fifteen. Vermont reduced the limit on ruffed grouse, partridge and woodcock from five to four. In Delaware the limit on rail was reduced from seventy-five to fifty a day; plover from fifteen to five and sandpipers from seventy-five to fifty. Washington, while repealing the daily limit on waterfowl, reduced the weekly limit from fifty to twenty, and on upland game birds from thirty to twenty-five. Wisconsin increased the daily bag limit on quail only from five to twelve. In Canada, Saskatchewan established limits of fifty a day and 250 a season on waterfowl. In new bag limits, Long Island provided a limit of ten quail a day, fifty a season; and four ruffed grouse a day, twenty a season; while Utah established limits of six a day and twenty-five a year on grouse.

**License Measures Adopted.**  
License measures received consideration in sixteen states and four Canadian provinces and resident licenses were adopted for the first time in Delaware, Florida, Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania. The fee in each instance is \$1 with additions of 10 to 15 cents as a clerk fee in Delaware, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Alberta also requires \$1.25 and a license for residents of cities in the southern part of the province.

Other new license requirements were as follows: Maine provided a special non-resident license for hunting birds in certain counties prior to October 1; Michigan, a non-resident and resident alien license for small game; Wyoming withdrew the privilege permitting a non-resident to be licensed without a license fee; and a license and Alberta required a resident big game license throughout the province, but the fee to farmers and their sons residing on their own lands was reduced to \$1.

License fees were increased in several states. In Vermont the resident license was raised from 50 to 75 cents; the Maine general non-resident license from \$15 to \$25; in Montana the general alien from \$25 to \$50, and in Wyoming the special resident license permitting the killing of one additional elk from \$5 to \$15.

In Canada resident big game licenses were reduced from \$20 to \$15; in Wyoming the alien bird license from \$20 to \$5, and the resident bird license from \$15 to \$1, and in Washington the \$5 non-resident alien licenses were abolished.

**Among the retrograde legislation of the year may be mentioned the Colorado provision extending spring shooting, the repeal of the Massachusetts provision allowing dogs chasing deer to be killed, the Maine prohibition of sale of game raised in private preserves, the suspension of salaried warden service in Oklahoma, and the repeal of the South Dakota deer law.**

Game protection funds were diverted to other purposes in New Hampshire by a provision that the surplus shall be devoted to screening ponds and forestry work, and in Florida by a provision that the surplus in excess of \$5,000 on March 1 of each year shall be turned over to the state school fund.

## Real Estate Transfers

Deeds filed for record, reported by the Tom G. Dilworth Title office, show a total consideration during the week ending September 27 of \$235,342.98.

The list of transfers during the week follows:

The Waco Co. to Maggie H. Hoxworth, lot 7, Waco company's subdivision of M. F. Burleson addition, \$2200.

The Waco Company to W. A. Hickman, lot 3, Waco company's subdivision of M. F. Burleson addition, \$2550.

A. E. Kiersky and wife to Jake Sparks, lots 18 and 19, G. B. Gurley addition, \$525.

T. F. Miles to T. B. White, part of block 3 and block 10, Lehouquet addition to town of McGregor, \$1000.

W. B. White to Joe Moorehead, parts of lots 3 and 4, block 1, Lehouquet addition to town of McGregor, \$1100.

W. W. Nunn and wife to Joe Moorehead, lot 2, block 70, town of McGregor, \$300.

J. D. Oliver to Mrs. C. H. Jones, lot 3, block 3, Fairview addition, \$1100.

W. J. Bates and wife to J. E. Swell Jr., lot 13, block 52, town of Mart, \$2500.

J. C. West to J. E. Guthrie, 75x150 lot on Fifth street, \$3400.

William G. Shale and wife to Mollie E. Pratt, lot 1, block 91, Fairwell Heights addition, \$2750.

J. E. Broad and wife to Texas Cotton Palace, tract on South Fourteenth street, \$4000.

J. F. Williams and wife to R. P. Williams, lot 13, block 56, Kirkpatrick addition, \$500.

Hays Investment company to E. E. Cammack, 75 feet on North First street, \$15.

W. A. Appell to W. P. Damon, 50x165 feet, southeast corner of Eighteenth and Vermont streets, \$2500.

E. E. Cammack to S. S. Standifer and Rhoda Battle, lot 3, block 2, Paul Quinn addition, \$920.

E. R. Gilbert and wife to W. U. Humphries, lots 1 and 2, block 3, Hayden addition, \$3100.

W. J. Dunken to C. W. and J. W. Dodson, lot 13, block J, West End addition, \$1800.

G. G. Roddey and wife to J. T. Eakin, lot 13, block 16, Fairwell Heights addition, \$15.

Murphy-Callahan-Wagner to Alice Hayes, lot 21, block 2, Beverly Place second addition, \$500.

Frank J. Cernach and wife to Joseph Cook, lots 8, 9 and 10, block 1, Z. Davis addition, town of West, \$10.

R. D. Roman to R. D. Roman, lot 4, block Q, West End addition, \$10.

D. M. Wilson to R. D. Roman, lot 3, block Q, West End addition, \$10.

SET TEETH THIS WEEK ONLY \$4.00.

ITS IN THE SUCTION

NO PAIN

W. W. Elder, D.D.S.

REDUCED PRICES.

Set Teeth	\$4.00 Up	Best Filling	\$1.00
Gold Crowns	\$4.00	Extraction	.50
Bridge Work	\$4.00	Porcelain Crowns	\$4.00

NEW YORK PAINLESS DENTISTS

400 1-2 Austin St. DR. J. M. ELDER, Mgr.

## GRATES

Winter is most here and you will soon have need of them. We carry the kind that don't burn out.

ALL STYLES AND SIZES.

Our line of fire place goods is complete.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

### Nash, Robinson & Co.

Ghee; lot 3, block 10, Bagby addition, \$2500.

E. W. Marshall et ux to Mrs. H. W. Niles, lots 3 and 5, block 7, Glenwood addition, \$7500.

E. Mizson et ux to Edwards-Dorris Co., part block 6, Bruceville, \$800.

Mrs. H. W. Miles to E. W. Marshall, 50x80 feet on North Eighteenth street, near Bosque boulevard, \$4500.

J. R. Johnson et al to E. P. Johnson, lots 5 and 6, block 15, Kincannon addition, \$2200.

West End Realty Co. to A. Bowles; lot 3, block T, West End addition, \$246.75.

R. K. Barton et ux to L. Bell; lot 12, block 18, Riverside addition, East Waco, \$1300.

H. W. Blake et ux to T. J. Oneal; five acres, French league, \$4000.

A. Bryan to W. R. Wyatt; lot 22, block 1, J. I. Moore addition, part farm lot 29, \$4000.

C. O. Jones et ux to O. W. Fudge; 52.80 acres T. West survey, \$5540.

C. E. Duncan et ux to Lee Huff, 50x165 feet on Fourth and Speight streets, \$2100.

H. W. Hubby to M. A. Riddle; 70x165 feet on Eighth and Columbus streets, part farm lot 310, \$500.

C. L. Shivers et ux to C. S. Appell et al, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, block 52, Fairwell Heights addition, \$4900.

Mrs. J. W. Marshall et ux to J. P. Massey; lot 8, T. H. Lipscomb's addition, \$5500.

C. S. Appell et al to C. L. Shivers; lot 10, block 4, Bagby addition, \$2750.

C. H. Mann to J. L. Pippin; 20x165 feet on northwest corner Mill and Dallas streets, East Waco, \$1600.

H. Barelek to F. Klock; lot in Elk, \$350.

Mrs. M. L. Graham to S. L. Allen, tract in Crawford, \$300.

W. R. Nail et ux to S. L. Allen, 161.36 acres R. C. Wallace survey, \$7095.20.

Lee Huff et ux to C. E. Duncan, 125x165 feet on Ross street, near Twentieth street, \$2150.

W. J. Griffin et ux to Tom J. White, lot 2, block G, West End addition, \$2800.

R. Wilson et ux to Mrs. D. Crist, two tracts in Mart, \$4042.

J. R. Roberts to J. T. Rogers, one-tenth interest in 52 1/2 acres S. McFall survey, \$250.

H. Shaw to J. T. Rogers, interest in 52 1/2 acres of the S. McFall survey, \$125.

Mrs. J. T. Hamlett et al to R. H. Hunter, lots 5 and 6, block 9, Provident addition, \$4000.

N. LeMond et al to T. G. Shaw, lot 7, block L, West End addition, \$3650.

G. H. Hundley et ux to T. E. Bryant, lots 12 and 14, block 6, Fullview addition, \$3000.

Texas Land and Improvement company to J. D. Abbott et al, lot 7, block D, Waco addition, \$350.

Texas Land and Improvement company to J. D. Abbott et al, lot 6, block D, Waco addition, \$350.

Texas Land and Improvement company to J. D. Abbott et al, lot 1 and 2, block F, Waco addition, \$450.

S. L. Allen et ux to C. Y. Sullivan, part of block 10, town of Crawford, \$500.

W. R. Davidson et al to S. J. Quay, part of block X, West End addition, \$1150.

N. M. Davis et ux to M. E. Hulsey, part of block 2, Dismuke addition, \$1000.

F. H. Dehn et ux to L. G. Mye, 50x165 feet near Eleventh and Columbus, part of farm lot 12, \$4001.

Ed Anderson et ux to J. F. Williams, lot 13, block 56, Kirkpatrick addition to East Waco, \$500.

H. D. Knickerbocker et ux to S. W. Ellis, lot 8, block 56, University Heights addition, \$350.

J. E. Dean et ux to E. W. Shackelford, lot 15, block 5, and lot 16, block 11, Dean addition, \$1000.

M. L. Ruffner et al to Jim Patterson, part of block 12, Davis & Marable addition, West, \$2500.

F. E. McLarty to W. W. Massey, part of block GQ, West End addition, \$1150.

J. F. Campbell et ux to M. E. Hulsey et al, lot 7, block U, West End addition, \$1210.

M. E. Hulsey et al to J. O. Beckley, lot 7, block U, West End addition, \$2300.

Kate Edmonds to J. L. Sullivan, lots 2 and 3, block 233, Reynolds addition, \$2500.

Mrs. V. W. Womack to National Exchange Insurance and Trust company, lot 1, block 1, \$500.

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COLONIST  
**\$32.50**  
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Final limit September 29th.  
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**OCTOBER 1ST, 1913**

WITH DIRECT INTERURBAN CONNECTIONS AT DALLAS FOR  
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Cars will leave Waco running to Dallas hourly 5:10 A. M. to 7:10 P. M. inclusive and 9:10 P. M. Car leaving Waco 8:10 P. M. runs to Waxahachie. Car leaving Waco 11:10 P. M. runs to Hillsboro.

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SERVICE WILL BE INAUGURATED BETWEEN CORPUS CHRISTI, DALLAS AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS OCTOBER 15, 1913.

M. B. FEWELL, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agt. JAS. P. CRIPPIN, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.  
Dallas, Texas

## CRIME WAVE SWEEPS OVER BERLIN

**Murder Committed Every Day During the Past Fortnight—Is Compared With the Black Record of "Darkest New York."**

Berlin, Sept. 27.—A remarkable wave of crime has swept over Berlin in the past fortnight causing one of the newspapers to comment that "Berlin can now compete as the seat of bloody crimes with darkest New York." There has been a murder for nearly every day during that period, in addition to several unsuccessful attempts to commit murder.

The crimes took various forms. A house owner shot a tenant who was moving out. The owner of a hotel of loose reputation killed an indignant father who came to complain of happenings in the house. Two women of the working classes were killed by their paramours. A deceived husband shot down his rival. A man murdered his wife with an axe as she slept. An employee of a bathing establishment killed the owner, a woman, after a quarrel about losses on horse races. A seamstress was enticed into the woods by a bogus matrimonial agent and murdered. Still another man tried to end the lives of himself, a wife and grown daughter by turning on the gas at night.

Murders have become so frequent that the theory of the periodicity of crime has been advanced to account for them. A Berlin newspaper editorially questions whether the city is not growing permanently more criminal, but finds some support in the fact that a majority of the murders were crimes of passion, rather than premeditated ones. It suggests that the hot wave that passed over Berlin about the end of August and the early part of September caused this remarkable increase in crime, and that men give way to their passions more readily in hot weather than in days of moderate temperature.

**Infant Mortality Increases.**

Statistics showing the great increase in infant mortality during periods of extreme heat, published by Dr. Liefmann, chief bacteriologist at one of the great municipal hospitals, in the latest number of the German Medical Weekly, disproves the proverbial reference to women as the "weaker sex," so far at least as their early life is concerned.

Dr. Liefmann found that when the death rate for nursing babies suddenly jumped from a typical heat wave early this summer, the sexes were not equally affected, the death rate for boys being almost double that for girls. The figures were 182 deaths of boys to every 100 girls. Dr. Liefmann states that this percentage is maintained in deaths from other causes and that boy babies succumb to ailments of all sorts more readily than girls.

The same ratio has been noted in other heated periods and there is no doubt, according to Dr. Liefmann, that on scorching days boy babies are taken ill more acutely and in greater numbers than girls. Long continued heat waves, however, gradually increase the mortality percentage among female babies and equalize the proportionate mortality of the sexes.

The sword, the soldier's proverbial weapon since the early days of history, seems on the way to disappear.

**Discoverer Explains.**

Dr. Heinz Potthoff, of Dusseldorf, who found this important loophole in the law, illustrates it with the following example:

A has property valued at \$7,500, which he increases each year through savings and labor by \$1,250. If he is assessed in 1914 for \$7,500 and in 1917 for \$11,250, his taxes will amount to \$15,000. If, however, he is assessed in 1914 for \$7,500 and in 1917 for \$11,250, his taxes will amount to \$11,250. The difference of \$3,750, amounting together to \$29.37. If, however, A gives his property valuation in 1914 as \$11,250, he will have to pay only 15 percent of this during the next three years, amounting to \$14.37, and no more for the next three years, since there is no increment. He therefore, saves \$25 by giving the higher valuation.

The saving is relatively smaller in the case of large properties. If A has property worth \$17,500, which he increases each year by \$2,500, his taxes for the six years under a proper valuation would amount to \$181.25. If he has his property valued in the beginning at \$12,500, his taxes will amount to only \$150, showing a saving of \$31.25.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

**"My Turn Next."**

To the Waco Morning News:

"English as she is spoke and wrote," not only by boys and girls of college grade, but by their critics and reviewers, seems at present to be a fruitful as well as ticklish subject. On the editorial page of the Waco Morning News September 25, 1913, the editor introduces the aforesaid subject to his readers under the heading, "Boomerang Criticism." He cites a recently published article from the pen of Mr. Edward Bok in which he arraigns the alleged slack method of teaching English in modern college courses, by citing lapses in certain colleagues' and the benefits they had derived from college life and training. Our editor then quotes from an editorial in the Mobile Item, statements to the effect that Mr. Bok has suffered much at the hands of Dr. MacCracken of Yale because of defective English used in his pedantic and hypercritical attack of the colleges in the manner mentioned above. Also that Mr. G. Nash Morton had found a vulnerable place in the mailed harness of Dr. MacCracken, and in turn had been convicted "of using such an adverb in the very communication which called attention to Professor MacCracken's mistakes." After passing favorably on the Item's editorial philosophy of the whole situation, our editor appends a note of his own, which to criticize properly would be to guess at its meaning and rewrite entirely. In this note slang, bad grammar and an ultra lack of perspicuity seems to be striving for the mastery. Faults, if

I may be allowed to make the suggestion, which many of his otherwise interesting and edifying editorial utterances. Hear him: "But there is this bit of common sense: Editor Bok's criticism is not the first nor the thousandth endeavor by an eminent writer to remedy by publicly critical method the loose use of English in student bodies of higher education institutions." Want of clearness or perspicuity is written large on this entire sentence, or if the reader prefer, paragraph. Note the words ending with "sense," coming before the colon stand in opposition to all that follows down to the period. Which fact turns the whole thing from "a bit of common sense" into a bit of uncommon sense. From the nature and wording of the first member the reader is compelled to anticipate the statement of some philosophical principle, and not some purported historical fact or facts, reading as a whole somewhat as follows: But there is also this bit of common sense: Editor Bok's criticism being an echo of many others from eminent sources, proves that there is an evident lack of care in the use of English, etc., etc. "Student's breaks" is both awkward and slangy. "By publicly" is critical method is weak and inconsequential. Adding the plural ending to the word method, or the use of the indefinite article a before the words publicly would strengthen somewhat, but it would still be weak and awkward. Among or by would be decidedly better than in coming before student bodies. The phrase "of higher education institutions" would be a "joke" not only in college English, but in the ordinary grammar school English of today. If even Ichabod Crane were the master, for his abuse of it making it the unwilling object of the proposition among, or his misuse of the relative who with colleges as its antecedent?

The reader may be led to wonder if indeed Mr. Bok's reputation as a linguist will be materially strengthened by the Morning News "pass."

Faith is Mr. Bok's attack on college methods and training is unwarranted. I, because these off hand letters to a stranger who had no claims on them and as it turns out nothing but criticism of the coldest and cruelest kind to offer them were not in the very nature of the case fair samples of their composition, grammar, etc. If either one of them were hailed before a blackboard unexpectedly to be examined on either of these subjects along with Mr. Bok the chances are that the student would suffer by comparison with that of the young collegian. If it were a mere question of rules, laws and definitions it would not certainly be true. Does not Mr. Bok know that college course is only intended to discover and cultivate gifts and not to impart them? Again a good vocabulary and an easy and happy faculty of expressing one's self the only marks of an educated person? Did Mr. Bok never know a person without education in the real sense of the word, who at the same time possessed these splendid qualifications? Truth is, Mr. Bok proclaims himself a one ideal man by this unwarranted burst of criticism. "Pan-

oil pushing" is his sole standard of education.

2. English grammar and composition are not proper subjects of a college course anyhow. They belong more properly to schools of inferior grade. It is true criticism, style and theme writing are required, but correspondence and letter writing, no. No if he had a right to strike at all, Bok struck too high up.

M. A. TURNER,  
Hewitt, Texas.

Ex-Baylor Student.  
To the Waco Morning News.  
Dear Sir:

I was attracted by an article in this morning's News headed "Boomerang Criticism." It drew its material from a recent newspaper discussion of the usage of English among college students. You told of the condemnation of the college student's English by one writer, whose article was taken up by another critic and found defective. The latter writer was in turn convicted of error by another, and so on through a series of letters, each scoring the preceding one.

I admire your philosophy on the subject, as expressed in your editorial, and admit that it is a fact, lamentable as it may be, that college students are careless in and sometimes ignorant of the correct usage of English, but indeed they sin in good company—for example the writer of the News.

I am writing this to carry out the "boomerang" idea, and here is my charge against your editorial: In the last paragraph you write that it is true that in colleges English is in bad use, "except among they who specialize in English composition."

I happen to be one of "they" who specialize in English composition, so I feel especially privileged to explain. Of course you know "they" is the nominative form of the pronoun, and is used subjectively only. Here you have used it as the object of the preposition "among!" The clause should read, "among those who specialize in English composition." "Those" is an adjective, modifying the object of the preposition "among," which is "students" understood.

I am sure that it is your desire to keep your paper as free as possible from errors, but often you allow them to slip in. In an issue of several months ago I noticed this headline: "Beggins is Given an Ovation." This form of error is called the New York Sun's special abhorrence. "Beggins" the construction makes "Beggins" the subject of the sentence, when it really is the indirect object of the verb, and "ovation" is the subject. The passive form of the verb gives this trouble. Yours very truly,

CHAS. A. BENSON,  
Ex-Baylor.

**FIND CONDITIONS PITIABLE**

Agents Sent Out to Relieve Distress in Macedonia Discover Panic Prevails.

Sofia, Sept. 27.—The agent sent out by the Balkan committee from London to relieve the distress prevailing in Macedonia have found the refugees from the fringe of the late Greek conquests in a pitiable state of misery. The worst state of things is found just south of this city, which is crowded with refugees, who are still pouring in from the new Greek territory in Macedonia.

Efforts are being made to repatriate them, but without much success, as they still are in a state of panic. In Samarra and Nubrutza the refugees are finding shelter in schoolhouses, stables and other outhouses. All of them are destitute, without clothes, and many are in a wretched condition of health. The people of these places naturally are anxious to see their unsought guests repatriated, as the best the Bulgarian government can do for them is to provide bread. However, an agent sent to their former villages reports a deplorable condition of affairs there. Practically all of the villages have been burned and the rehousing of the refugees before winter sets in is impossible.

**DETECT ICEBERGS AT SEA.**

Invention Will Prevent Another Titanic Disaster.

Since the terrible Titanic disaster, scientists and engineers have been devoting much time and attention to devising means by which ships may detect the vicinity of icebergs. The old method consisted of lowering a thermometer into the water when the iceberg zone was being approached, the distance of the iceberg being judged according to the temperature of the water in the vicinity.

Since the increase in the speed of the big liners, however, this method has been found to be quite inadequate, being neither safe, quick nor accurate. One of the most reliable inventions for detecting icebergs at sea seems to be that of Dr. Copland, of the University of Leeds, who has invented an apparatus which detects the presence of icebergs by giving readings of the saline contents of the water. The nearer an iceberg is to the ship the less is the amount of salt held in

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solution in the water. In conjunction with the United States and Canadian governments Dr. Copland has been carrying out a series of experiments on these types which are expected to have the most important results, and which should do much toward rendering possible such disasters as that which overtook the ill-fated Titanic.

Another invention of which high hopes are entertained is what is known as the microthermometer, an instrument enabling very much closer readings of the temperature of the water to be obtained than is possible with an ordinary thermometer. It is also self-recording.

It is a curious fact, by the way, in regard to this instrument, that when an iceberg is being approached the instrument actually records a rise in temperature, this, however, being followed by a rapid fall. The explanation is that the water from a melting iceberg, leaving the berg at its cold end, gradually travels outward and becomes warmed by the absorption of heat from the sun.

Submarine signaling, too, for the prevention of disasters in foggy weather is also being closely studied by experts, for it is recognized that there is much room for improvements in the signaling apparatus used on the present time on board ship. Foghorns, sirens and other apparatus used for sending sound through the air or from ships at sea are regarded as very unsatisfactory, and it is estimated that in ten years no fewer than 1000 vessels were wrecked, resulting in the loss of 500 human lives, owing solely to aberrations of sound or to echoes.

The modern system of submarine signaling consists of bells sunk in at least twenty feet of water, operated by electricity or pneumatic or hydraulic pressure. It is said that a submarine bell can be heard at a greater distance than any foghorn, siren or any other generally used signal or device, and it is recorded that one of these bells was heard at a distance of from 10 to 15 miles.

The receiving apparatus is very simple, consisting of two cast-iron tanks which are placed below the water line on either side of the ship's bows and in contact with the shell of the ship. In each tank is the microphone, which is connected by an electric telephone system with the bridge. The navigating officer has suitable receivers and switches which enable him to listen on either side of the ship. If he alters the course of the ship on hearing the bell, that the intensity of the sound is equal on both sides of the ship then the bell lies straight in front, and according to the intensity of the various sounds he is able to avoid danger.

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Your Grocer has it. Get a can Monday. Every can sold under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back.

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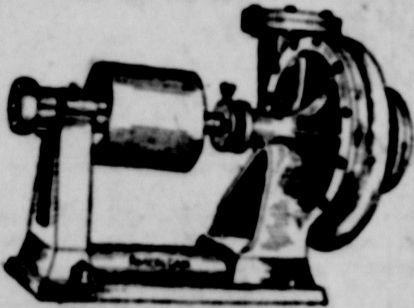
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## FT. WORTH STOCK SHOW ENLARGES

NEW DEPARTMENTS CREATED. WILL BE HELD NOVEMBER 22-29.

## JERSEY CATTLE RECOGNIZED

Is First Time in History of Exhibit. Many Classes Are Provided.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 27.—Creating many new departments this fall, the National Feeders and Breeders' show is enlarging its scope and anticipates the most comprehensive exhibit of live stock ever made in Texas at the fall event, which will be held November 22 to 29.

For the first time in the history of this show, recognition is being given Jersey cattle. Ample classes have been provided for this branch of livestock and many exhibitors who have never visited the show are expected to be attracted.

The step was taken in the full realization of the rapid growth of the dairy industry in the southwest. Texas is taking a very prominent part in this and Texas Jerseys have won many prizes recently in the livestock shows of other states. A notable instance is that of Ed. C. Lassiter of Fairbairns, owner of the largest herd of registered Jersey cattle in the world, whose entries at the Ohio State fair recently carried off every blue ribbon in their classes.

Hitherto the Feeders and Breeders' show has specialized on beef cattle—the marketable kind—but its advancing prestige has called for expansion along every line. The Jersey classes will be open to the world. Therefore, for a

Realizing the growing importance of the saddle horse industry throughout the country and the more cordial reception given to such classes in the horse shows of the country, the Feeders and Breeders' Show has decided to lead, not follow. Therefore, for a single event for five-gaited saddle horses this fall, it is offering a prize of \$1,000. This is the largest prize that has ever been hung up for saddle horse events in any of the recognized horse shows of the country. It will consume only fifteen minutes one night during the show. The prizes will be divided four ways: First, \$400; second, \$300; third, \$200; fourth \$100.

By means of this special attraction, the management of the show expects to bring to Fort Worth this fall the choicest products of the breeders of Missouri, Kentucky and Texas, and furnishing the visitors to the show the finest exhibition of saddle animals ever made at an exhibit in the west. Missouri and Kentucky have long been recognized as the breeding grounds of the finest horses in the country and Texas, through extensive importation from these states, is rapidly taking a place beside them. Other changes of a remarkable nature in the classes of the horse show will be made in the regular premium list, which will be issued shortly.

That the baby beef exhibition in the stock show this year will be much larger and more impressive than last year is evidenced by the reports that have been received at the office of the management. In Coleman county alone sixty boys are feeding baby heaves for the Fat Stock Show. Some of them have as many as three head. Last year only eleven entries were made in this department, therefore it is seen that the exhibit from Coleman county will be five times as large as the entire exhibit of last year. There are now forty-three baby beef clubs in Texas, with a total membership of 1,095. A great number of the clubs will be represented.

Representatives of the National Feeders and Breeders' Show will make addresses before meetings of Indiana, Illinois and Ohio farmers and stockmen shortly, urging them to come to the show this fall. One of their principal arguments is that a splendid exhibition of feeder cattle will be made here for the first time and the feeders buyers from the north may pur-

## PREPARATIONS FOR ROYAL WEDDING

Duchess of Fife and Prince of Connaught Will Be Big Event; The Chapel Royal Is Undergoing Repairs.

London, Sept. 27.—Although the royal wedding between the Duchess of Fife and Prince Arthur of Connaught will not take place until October, preparations are already under way for the event. The Chapel Royal, which is always closed at this season, while the royal family is in the North, is undergoing the necessary alterations for the ceremony. Before leaving London the Princess Royal and the Duchess of Fife planned the outlines for the trousseau, which will be all-British material, although French models and modistes will be employed in its preparation.

Like the queen, the princess royal and her daughter are not ardent admirers of prevailing styles and a somewhat modified form of the present rather scanty skirt will prevail in the bride's dresses. Ireland will have the honor of providing most of the linen both for the trousseau and household of the bride.

Plate will not be lacking in the new household, the regiments with which the bridegroom is connected and the tenants of the royal estates contributing generously to this department of the entourage. To prevent embarrassing duplication, the royal couple will be allowed some choice in family gifts. When the present king married, the royal couple received nine-teen pianos. Royal relatives will contribute their presents largely to rare and virtually priceless jewels. Some of the members of the royal family are said to have combined on a gift which will consist of a crown of diamonds in ducal strawberry leaves.

The ceremony will be a semi-state affair, the invitations being sent out by the Lord Chamberlain in the name of the princess royal. It is expected that the German emperor, the German crown prince and princess, the king and queen of Norway, the crown prince and princess of Sweden, the king and queen of Spain and all the members of the English royal family will be present. The wedding breakfast will be served in St. James' palace. Accommodations being so limited, the guests will probably be confined almost entirely to royalty, but a great reception may be given the night before at Clarence House to the friends of the couple.

It is not expected that the Duke and Duchess of Kent, which will undoubtedly be the new title of the pair, will remain long in England, as it is anticipated that Prince Arthur will succeed his father as governor-general of Canada.

**Hard Tennis Courts.**  
London, Sept. 27.—The lesson that

chase all they need at the exhibition. First entries in many divisions have already been made. Alex Albright of Dundee is the first to enter the sheep division. He has a small and unique little show of his own, furnishing a wide variety of Lincolns, Cotswolds, Ramboulllets, Karakules and Karalines. Dr. E. A. Flowers of Flowerdale farm, near Dallas, has broken the ice in the hog division, entering a fancy exhibit of Tamworths and Hampshires. Most of the pure bred Tamworth herds in Texas have had Dr. Flowers' strain as a base.

Henry M. Halford of Midland, the well known breeder of polo ponies, is the first to make entries in the cattle and horse divisions. He has also entered three fine Belgian horses. From this time on the entries are expected to arrive in numbers.

The management of the show, in an effort to give a varied form of amusement, is negotiating with one of the best carnival companies in the country and expect to have a miniature Coney Island on the exposition grounds this fall.

**DYING MAN RUNS CAR.**

Motorman, Accidentally Shot by Passenger, Sticks to His Post.

Though wounded mortally by a pistol shot which was inflicted accidentally by James Hamilton, a contractor of Florence, N. J., John Lawrence, a motorman, crawled into the front vestibule of his car and ran it to Florence, where he was attended by a physician. According to passengers on the car,

the speed of the California tennis players is due to their play on asphalt and oil courts has been taken to heart by the British players, and hard court tennis promises to become the winter game of England. The orders for hard courts have become so numerous that one firm which specializes in this form of court recently has received orders for six hundred. One of these just finished, has been laid down for the Duke of Westminster in the rear of Grosvenor House and probably this is the most exclusively situated hard court in the world.

The curtain has just rung down on the grass court season and the players are making preparations to remain in practice for the many hard court tournaments arranged for the coming winter. These tournaments will continue until April, when the grass season begins, thus making tennis in England an all round the year game.

Artificially lighted covered courts are also becoming popular so that the office worker and business man need not give up his tennis when the short days come.

**Find American Insect.**

London, Sept. 27.—An American insect scientifically termed *Ephestia kuehniella*, but popularly known in Europe as the "Mediterranean flour moth," has been held responsible for the deterioration of British army ration biscuits. Great quantities of ration biscuits have spoiled in recent years at colonial depots, principally in South Africa, Ceylon, Malta and other remote stations, and the damage has been due to the ravages of moths. A scientific commission spent three years investigating and experimenting to determine how and when the moths got into the biscuit, and a method of prevention.

This commission has made a report accompanied by an interesting exhibition in the Natural History Museum. It reported that the moth of American origin mentioned, and another brought to Europe in rice from Bangkok were the principal causes of the spoiled biscuits. The investigators concluded that the moths infested flour in the factories between the baking of the food and the soldering of the tins in which it was packed. The only practical prevention they can suggest is the introduction of cooled screened air into the kitchens, which should be continuously changed by fans, or other process. The question arises whether the cost of such arrangements would not be prohibitive.

The shooting occurred while Hamilton was attempting to explain the mechanism of an automatic revolver to the motorman. When the conductor came along to collect his fare Hamilton produced a roll of bills, amounting to several hundred dollars, and offered a \$5 bill for his fare. The motorman had entered the car from the front platform to rest while a south-bound car passed on a switch.

"I'd like to see you on a dark night," remarked Lawrence in a joke when he saw Hamilton's money.

"It wouldn't do you any good if you did, for I go well protected," replied Hamilton, drawing an automatic revolver from his pocket. While demonstrating the workings of the weapon, Hamilton accidentally pressed the trigger. There was a report and Lawrence fell to the floor with blood streaming from a wound in his groin. The conductor reversed the trolley pole and attempted to guide the trolley car back to Florence. He was unfamiliar with the use of the controller and made little progress. It was then that Lawrence crawled to the front platform. On his knees he grasped the controlling lever and sped the car back to town. At Florence an emergency motorman was summoned and Lawrence was taken to the Cooper hospital.

The project for a tunnel under the British channel to link England and France is being considered afresh by the committee of imperial defense and will be presented to the next parliament.

## Get Ready For Winter!

Window Glass, Fire  
Place Furnish-  
ings and

## WALLPAPER

**Cameron & Company**  
CAN SUPPLY YOU

## We Will Build You a Home

On the installment plan and endeavor to meet your views as to amount and duration of payments.

Under our simple system the rent-payer becomes a property owner.

## Vendors' Notes For Sale

They run from one month to five years, and afford the best possible investment.

## The Waco Co.

J. T. Davis, President. J. Lee Davis Sec.  
W. I. McReynolds, V-P. and Gen. Mgr.

## ALBEMARLE-HOFFMAN NEW YORK

A new modern hotel representing a Five Million Dollar investment on the site of the former Hoffman House.

BROADWAY, 24th STREET, FIFTH AVENUE  
The Acme of Architectural Perfection

Located at the Hub of New York's Greatest Business, Overlooking Madison Square.

Accommodations for 1,000, offering maximum luxury and comfort at much lower rates than offered in any other Hotel in America, consistent with highest class service.

A Good Room at \$1.50 Per Day  
A Good Room, with Bath, \$2.00 Per Day

Handsome Apartments of any number of rooms at proportionate rates. The Management is a guarantee of the highest refinement and protection to ladies and families.  
**DANIEL P. RITCHIEY.**





## WORST DAYS OF NEW SCHOOL TERM FOR WACO KIDDIES OVER

**Geel! But It Was Trying on the Young Folks Last Week to Buckle Down to Books After the Freedom of the Summer Holidays.**

It was a trying week for the kiddies this past week, and no mistake. No matter how studious, how industrious in applying himself or herself to books and classes the little boy or little girl may have been during the preceding session, the effect of three months of freedom from school routine is always the same. The children face the new term with awe and apprehension.

In most instances there is a new teacher to reckon with, for most of the boys and girls have jumped up a grade. And going into a new class, to be under the eye of a new teacher, always gives a school boy or a school girl an uncomfortable feeling. It's enough to excite the apprehension of any kiddie. Now, isn't it?

### Ordeal Quickly Passed.

But after the ordeal of the first two days it was not so bad, after all. They all agreed on that. The new teacher was not an ogre nor anything like it. All she demanded was what was required by last year's teacher—order in the classroom, decorum, attention to studies and punctuality in attendance.

So when the boys got together at recess and after school, and the girls went off to themselves at the same time and exchanged confidences, the prospect brightened considerably. And before the end of the week the feeling of resentment against school routine engendered by the summer's freedom was gone and things were swinging along smoothly, just as before the last term of school closed.

### See Lots of New Faces.

After all, there's lots of fun in the early days of a new term. Just think of the new acquaintances one makes! Lots of new pupils turn up among the boys and girls, and that means something in the way of a relief from the monotony of life. What would a little girl do, anyway, without new companions occasionally with whom to exchange confidences and swap sympathy?

### Some Street Scenes in Waco.

The opening of school is hardest for the kiddies who have never before experienced the restraint of class routine. They must experience many uncomfortable sensations while undergoing the "breaking in" period. It takes some a great deal longer to become reconciled to school duties than others. Some balk after the first day and have to be coaxed, led or driven. None of the first-termers is any too happy during the first week. The little girl you saw in the street looking with a rueful countenance in the direction of the school house to which her companion, who had acquired a knowledge of the "ropes" by attending school the whole of last year, was unmistakably a new pupil. How unlike the trio of happy faces you observed when at the recess hour three older girls, comrades this term but

unknown to each other last term, were coming out of the school yard gate as you passed. And the little fellow you saw trotting along the sidewalk, tears rolling down his cheeks and his chubby countenance a picture of woe; it was easy to surmise that he was late for school and he feared the consequences of his tardiness.

The streets of Waco afforded in the last week many of just such scenes as are shown in the pictures on this page.

But the new term is now in full swing and the youngsters will begin to actually enjoy the routine this week. All the uncertainties have been passed. Everybody's acquainted with everybody else, just the same as last term; everything's running in a smooth groove again. And everybody's happy.

## GREAT CHAIN OF GROCERIES

To Extend Throughout Texas, With Headquarters House in Waco.

The organization of the Consolidated Grocers' company, which was incorporated with capital of \$150,000 last Friday, is of far greater importance in a business way to Waco than now appears on the surface, according to the statements of the organizers of the concern made yesterday.

The incorporators are J. F. Lobdell, M. D. Dugger and W. L. Dugger, all of Waco. It is stated that it is designed to embrace retail grocery interests in a chain of stores extending throughout the state. The stock is to be placed as far as possible with the grocers, thus making of the company a co-operative concern, the owners of the individual stores each having holdings in the parent concern.

### Headquarters in Waco.

The headquarters establishment, the organizers further explained, is to be established in this city and they assert their belief that the selection of Waco as the home city of the chain of stores will add substantially to the importance of the city as a business center.

Plans for extending the chain of stores and increasing the capital stock are already under consideration and the promoters of the enterprise believe they will experience little difficulty in securing additional capital as rapidly as they are able to work out their plan of expansion.

### CHILTON IS PROSPERING.

Business Men Expect Big Fall and Winter Season—Town Grows.

Chilton, Sept. 27.—Extensive building operations mark the onward march of this town. Five brick stores and dwellings have just been completed in the heart of the business district and others are projected. Business generally is good and the merchants report the largest fall trade on record. There are two cotton yards here this year, both of which are handling large business. Farmers report good crops of every description in the surrounding country and there seems every prospect for the best fall and winter the business men hereabouts have enjoyed in recent years.

## FACULTY IS GLEEFUL

BAYLOR PROFESSORS HAVE GOOD REASON TO BE ELATED.

More Students Coming in Tomorrow and Tuesday and Rolls Are Swelling.

With an actual enrollment of 826 pupils when the registration closed for the week at Baylor university, the authorities there are especially gratified. With the adoption of rigid entrance requirement and a raise of 25 per cent in the tuition fees, it would have been but natural for a sharp decline in the attendance to have resulted. Such has not been the case, however, and all are pleased with the situation.

Since the organization of the classes last Wednesday the work has progressed satisfactorily and everything is well under way. Quite a number of additional students are expected on Monday and Tuesday and it is quite likely that the actual attendance will reach the 900 mark by the end of the week.

### Students Organizing.

With the work of class organization out of the way and the society campaigns practically complete, attention of the students at Baylor will be turned, henceforth, to launching the various organizations through which the activities of the students find expression. Members of the Press club will gather Thursday night to organize and plan the work for the fall term and a good attendance is expected. An enlarged work for the new year is anticipated.

### The Band Will Play.

Prof. Charles W. Parker, director of the Baylor band, has already had the candidates for that organization together and he announces the prospects are excellent for the best band Baylor has ever had. A majority of the old men are back and these, together with some first-class material from which to choose the recruits, will enable him to again put out a band that will be a matter of pride to the university.

### Warblers Keying Up.

Prof. J. E. Eggert will begin work soon in reassembling the Glee club members, preparatory to a year of hard work and good performances, he believes. Rehearsals will be frequent and regular and those candidates for the club who do not work and attend the rehearsals will be dropped without ceremony. J. D. Isaacs is business manager of the Glee club, and he expects to book a large number of engagements for the musicians later in the year.

### 'Varsity Press on the Job.

The Lariat and The Literary, the weekly and monthly publications, respectively, at Baylor, made their appearance on the campus this week and were cordially received by new and old students alike. The associate members of the staffs of the two publications have not been announced as yet, the first issues representing largely the work of the editors-in-chief and a few special friends who assisted them. The regular staffs will be chosen soon. A feature of the initial issue of the Lariat was a two-page insert issued on behalf of the college Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. in lieu of the handbook that has been issued annually for the information of the students heretofore.

## TO EXAMINE FOR HOOKWORM

A. and M. Students Again Selected for Examinations—Dr. Brownlee Will Investigate.

College Station, Tex., Sept. 27.—Dr. S. B. Brownlee of the Rockefeller Hookworm commission arrived here this afternoon and will examine cadets at the Agricultural and Mechanical college to determine whether they are infected with hookworm. He will spend the entire week here and although it will not be compulsory, Dr. Brownlee is expecting to examine the big portion of the 850 students at the college. Dr. Stiles, the hookworm expert who was here two years ago and examined the corps, pronounced Aggies the best developed bunch of students he had ever seen. Dr. Brownlee will have the co-operation of the college surgeon, Dr. Otto Ehlinger.

### CROWDS AND BUSINESS.

"Money Follows Men—Free Men, Free Money."

(Extracts from Gerald S. Lee's Book, "Crowds.")

Having a soul in business pays not because it affords a practical power, but because it affords a practical and conclusive method of driving the devil out of business.

The value of a piece of land is the number of footsteps passing by it in 24 hours. The value of a railroad is the number of people near it who cannot keep still.

If two great shops could stand side by side on the main street of the world and all the virtues could be put in the show window of one of them and all the virtues in the show window of the other, and all the people could go by all day and see the windowful of virtues as they were and the windowful of vices as they were, all the world would be good in the morning.

A man's success in business today turns upon his power of getting people to believe he has something that they want.

It is superficial for a comfortable man with a bun in his pocket to talk to a starving man about having some higher motive than getting something to eat.

The problem of modern industry is to be not the distribution of money supply, but the distribution of man's supply. Money follows men. Free men. Free money.

When we admit that business success today turns or is beginning to turn on a man's power of getting work out of the people, we admit that a man's power of getting work out of people, is business efficiency, turns on his power of supplying his people with ideals.

The way to lift one's employer off one's back is to make one's back so efficient that he cannot afford to be on it.

It is because when people do right they do it in a kind of general, pleasant abstract way, and when they do wrong they always do something in particular that they are so wicked.

# Bread Is The Staff of Life

It is the most important article entering into your diet and by all means should be pure and wholesome

TO HAVE GOOD BREAD USE

## BELLE OF WACO FLOUR

MADE IN WACO, BY WACO PEOPLE

It's the best flour you can buy. It is made in one of the finest, cleanest, most sanitary mills in the United States. Sold by your grocer.

## Waco Mill & Elevator Co.

### Pointing the Way Out to a New Scholar



Some of the little ones, entering upon their first school term, must be coaxed, led or driven.

### JEFF KEMP FOR COMPTROLLER HOFFMAN AND DAVIS NEXT

Says Will Look Over Field and May Announce His Candidacy Soon.

Postmaster and Publicity Man to Talk to Ad Club Next Thursday Night.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—The possibility of another candidate for comptroller was voiced today when Jeff T. Kemp of Milam county made the statement that he was looking over the field and would probably issue an announcement of his intentions within a short time.

The next meeting of the Waco Ad club promises to be one of the most interesting of the fall season. The date is Thursday, October 2, and the principal speakers on this occasion will be Postmaster W. H. Hoffmann and M. B. Davis, publicity director of the Texas Cotton Palace. The business session will follow a luncheon in the "Kitchenette" at the Young Men's Christian association rooms.

Bank Examiners to Meet. Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—The state bank examiners will meet in this city for a three days session opening Sunday. The meeting is several days earlier than usual, owing to the desire of Commissioner Collier to attend the meeting of the American Bankers' association in Houston.

Advertising by Mail. Mr. Hoffmann was programmed for an address at two previous meetings of the club, but each time important business called him from the city unexpectedly. His presence next Thursday is assured and his subject will be something out of the beaten track, a discourse on the relation of the United States mails to the distribution of advertising matter. He will show the

Window glass at Cameron's.

### Crying Because He Is Five Minutes Late



This is his first week in school and his awe of the teacher has not worn off yet. He fears the worst.



## BOYS! BICYCLES

Ride one of our HIGH-GRADE

## BOYS! BICYCLES

to school. They are always on time. Lots of fun, the finest of exercise and cheaper than car fare. All styles and prices.

We carry a full line of parts and supplies to repair your old wheel. We trade old bicycles in on new ones, and sell on easy payments.

## Hall Cycle & Plating Co.

417 FRANKLIN STREET

ad men how to get the best results from the use of the mails for advertising.

Cotton Palace as a Medium.

M. B. Davis will tell how the Cotton Palace advertises the business men of Waco and his subject will not only enlighten and entertain those present, but will bring out some facts and figures which will prove astonishing.

The Question Box work will again be taken up and the questions submitted, but held over at the last meeting, will be read and debated at this Thursday's meeting. One of the questions submitted, and which will bring out a great deal of discussion, is, "Does the ad club approve of its members advertising in theater programs?"

The attendance at the ad club is growing at each succeeding meeting, there being sixty-two present at the last semi-monthly gathering.

On this occasion the members will be served hot coffee and a good old-fashioned "like-mother-used-to-cook" meal. Secretary Hankins of the Young Men's Christian association will have charge of the spread, which will be served promptly at 6:30 o'clock.

### Randle Resigns.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—J. C. Randle of Fort Worth, deposit and warrant clerk in the comptroller's department, today tendered his resignation, to become effective on September 30. He will enter the law department at the University of Texas.

Electrolytic hypochlorite, a by-product of electric lighting plants, is claimed in Europe to be one of the most effective and least expensive disinfectants.

### WILL HANG BAILEY'S PICTURE

Gordon, the Artist, Visits Capitol to Arrange Placing of the Painting.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—Bernard R. Gordon of Houston, the artist who has recently completed the portrait of Senator Joseph W. Bailey, was in the capital today to make arrangements about the hanging of the painting. The work will be hung in the senate chamber, along with several others of Mr. Gordon's work.

Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds Conley agreed to the proposition to hang the life-size picture of Mr. Bailey in the vacancy created by the removal of the picture of Sam Houston.

### LOSS BY SEED FIRE HEAVY.

Damage Will Probably Amount to More Than \$100,000, It Is Believed.

It is now estimated that the damage to the cotton seed in the seed house of the Independent Cotton Oil company at Bruceville, which caught fire last Thursday, will exceed \$100,000. When the fire started there was about \$25,000 worth of seed in the house, President Cooper Williams of the company announced yesterday, and half of the seed had been destroyed. The seed saved from the fire will be depreciated in value by the damage done by water. The fire was under control last night, to all appearances.

## LOOSE LEAF GOODS

MOORE'S MODERN METHODS. IRVING PITT-RING BOOKS, PRICE BOOKS, ETC.

Hill Printing & Stationery Company

14th and Franklin

PHONES 1849

If You Want Grades and Service, See

D. M. WILSON

LUCAS PAINTS ROOFING

CASH, DOORS, HARDWARE

14th and Franklin

PHONES 1849

## BROOKLYN SHITS OUT THE GIANTS

CLOSE HOME SEASON WITH A CLEAN VICTORY OFF NEW YORK.

## WHEAT HITS OUT HOMERUN

Boston Beats Philadelphia Nine to Three—Doonan Goes Into Bleachers After Insult.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	
Standing of the Teams.	W. L. P. C.
Philadelphia.....	95 47 .669
Chicago.....	85 64 .569
Pittsburgh.....	78 69 .531
Brooklyn.....	65 81 .445
Cincinnati.....	63 81 .438
St. Louis.....	49 99 .331

Brooklyn, Sept. 27.—Twelve points to the good, "Ty" Cobb has entered the home stretch in the race for the batting championship of the American league. His chief rival, Joe Jackson, is hitting at a rate of .373 to Cobb's .385. Tris Speaker apparently is out of it. He has fallen behind Hendrickson of Boston, batting .364 to the latter's .368. Established in twenty-six games. Other American leaguers batting .300 or better are: Collins, Philadelphia, .342; Baker, Philadelphia, .337; Gilhoolie, New York, .337; Lajoie, Cleveland, .336; McInnis, Philadelphia, .326; Gandil, Washington, .322; D. Murphy, Philadelphia, .315; Leibold, Cleveland, .314; Bauman, Detroit, .313; Crawford, Detroit, .312; Stovall, St. Louis, .307; Williams, Washington, .306.

Topped only by Earl Yngling, the Brooklyn pitcher and pinch hitter, Jake Daubert of the same club is practically leader in the National league with an average of .359. Five points behind the mark set by Yngling in thirty-five games. Ham Hyatt, Pittsburgh pinch hitter, next with .357. Crandall, Cleveland, Philadelphia slugger fourth with .331. Besides those the .300 class hitters in the National league include:

At St. Paul, Minn., 329; Becker, Philadelphia, .325; Hess, Boston, .325; Walsh, Philadelphia, .320; Yngling, Pittsburgh, .309; Myers, New York, .308; Titus, Chicago, .306; Zimmerman, Chicago, .306; Hauser, St. Louis, .304; Tinker, Cincinnati, .304; Wagner, Pittsburgh, .303; Mack, Philadelphia, .301; Wheat, Brooklyn, .300.

Cravath is still leading home-run hitters with 18; Ludorf of Philadelphia is next with 17, and Saier of Chicago with 14. Baker is ahead in the American with twelve and Veach of Detroit next with nine; Bodie, Chicago, and Crawford of Detroit, are tied for third with eight each.

Milan, Washington, leads the American league in the race for the batting title with 54 and Myers, Boston, next with 49. While Philadelphia leads in batting and fielding as well as in the race for the pennant in the American league, New York leads in the National only in the chase for the flag. St. Louis being on top in fielding and Brooklyn in batting.

The late rally of the Chicago Nationals placed three of their pitchers among the first five mablen in the National, who are:

Pitcher— Won. Lost. P. C.  
Demaree, New York.....15 3 .833  
Vaughn, Chicago.....14 7 .688  
Humphries, Chicago.....14 7 .688  
Alexander, Philadelphia.....21 7 .759  
Johnson is still leading in the American with a wide margin. The first five are:

Pitcher— Won. Lost. P. C.  
Johnson, Washington.....14 3 .800  
Houck, Philadelphia.....12 4 .750  
Walsh, Chicago.....8 3 .727  
Waldenberg, Cleveland.....25 12 .676  
Wood, Boston.....12 5 .706

eleven were evenly matched with the line, comparatively equal. Neither team was able to gain consistently through the line. Colgate's team contained 9 veterans who played on the team which defeated the red and white last year by a score of 13 to 7.

Yale Shows Strength Against Holy Cross—Pennsylvania is Big Surprise.

Yale 18, Holy Cross 0. New Haven, Conn., Sept. 27.—Yale defeated the Holy Cross eleven this afternoon 18 to 0. The blue team scored in the first period on a goal from the twenty-yard line by Guernsey, captain of freshman eleven last year. In the second period Holy Cross attempted a drop kick from the thirty-yard line, but it was blocked.

Early in the final period Holy Cross drove back steadily until the ball was in Yale's possession on the visitors' 74-yard line. Then the latter held and Yale lost the ball on downs.

Pennsylvania 53, Gettysburg 0. Philadelphia, Sept. 27.—Pennsylvania showed better form in her opening football game of the season today than the red and blue has displayed in her first game in several years, defeating Gettysburg college 53 to 0. Pennsylvania defeated the same team last year 35 to 0.

Princeton 14, Rutgers 3. Princeton, N. J., Sept. 27.—Princeton defeated Rutgers college in the opening football game of the season here today 14 to 3 after a hard tussle. The Tigers defeated the Red Devils with a series of formations not anticipated by the visitors.

Rutgers threatened several times to cross to Princeton goal line, but in each instance the home eleven showed a defensive power, which did not characterize their play throughout the game. The Tigers used the forward pass often, and it worked successfully only once. The punting and the drop kick for a field goal by Alman was the feature play of the visitors.

Harvard 34, Maine 0. Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 27.—Harvard's varsity football eleven presented a powerful attack and an impervious defense today in its first game of the season, winning from the University of Maine 34 to 0. A complete team of substitutes was called into play for the Crimson in the closing periods.

The feature play of the game developed by the first kick-off, when Logan received Maine's kick on Harvard's 23-yard line and ran 87 yards for a touchdown. A few minutes later Mahan took the ball for a right-end run had carried it 70 yards for another Crimson score.

Indiana 48, Depauw 3. Bloomington, Ind., Sept. 27.—Indiana university overwhelmed Depauw 48 to 3 in the opening game of the football season on Jordan field this afternoon. Only in two or three instances did the visitors threaten the Crimson goal.

Once in the second period when Rowan placed a place kick from the 30-yard line made Depauw's only score.

Indiana gave all the men a try-out. The Crimson players made long gains with the forward pass.

Minnesota 14, South Dakota 0. Minneapolis, Sept. 27.—Displaying strength, but apparent lack of team work, the University of Minnesota today defeated the South Dakota university football team 14 to 0 in a hard-fought game. Minnesota last year lost to South Dakota.

Cornell 0, Colgate 0. Ithaca, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Cornell and Colgate battled fiercely to a tie here today, neither team being able to score. The ball was saw-sawed up and down the field during each quarter, with Cornell having the most of the game. In the fourth period Cornell held the ball on Colgate's one-yard line, but lacked the necessary punch to shove it over, Colgate holding like a stone wall. The

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY. YOUNG MAN with business ability, sober, industrious, not afraid of work, and would like to learn paying business. Wanted—Cook, only 3 in family. Mrs. J. H. Lockwood, 602 N. 16th.

WANTED—Cook, only 3 in family. Mrs. J. H. Lockwood, 602 N. 16th.

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WANTED—Cook, only 3 in family. Mrs. J. H. Lockwood, 602 N. 16th.

## DEBUTS MAKE TWO FROM MAPS

COBB'S REMARKABLE BATTING IS A FEATURE OF THE DOUBLE HEADER.

## GETS SIX HITS IN TWO GAMES

Jackson's Total for Afternoon is Two. Last Game is a Hard Fought One.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	
Standing of the Teams.	W. L. P. C.
Philadelphia.....	95 52 .647
Washington.....	85 63 .574
Boston.....	82 64 .566
Chicago.....	73 68 .525
Detroit.....	72 72 .500
St. Louis.....	64 84 .432
New York.....	55 89 .383

Detroit, Sept. 27.—Detroit captured a double-header from Cleveland here today 7 to 6 and 4 to 3. The first game was a slugfest. The second contest, closely fought, was called on account of darkness after the first half of the seventh inning. The double defeat tumbled the Naps from second place and advanced Washington, which won from New York today, to that position.

Detroit used two pitchers and Cleveland called on three in the first game. In the second the Tigers scored their winning runs in the sixth inning. Until then the game had been a light tussle. Willett and Cullip, Cobb's remarkable batting today practically made certain that he would lead the league again this season. In each game he secured three hits, while Jackson's total for the afternoon was two. Cobb pounded out two triples, a double and three singles.

First game— Won. Lost. P. C.  
Cleveland.....060 004 011—6 12 2  
Detroit.....100 240 008—7 12 1

Batteries—Steele, James, Cullip and O'Neill; Dubuc, Comstock and Gibson.

Second game— Won. Lost. P. C.  
Cleveland.....001 020 0—3 5 4  
Detroit.....020 002 4—4 6 3

(Game called on account of darkness.) Batteries—Cullip and Carlisch; Willett and Gibson.

Washington 8, New York 3. New York, Sept. 27.—Washington made it three straight from New York winning today with ease 8 to 3. Caldwell pitched a perfect game, while the local scorers three runs in the ninth on two singles and four bases on balls. The victory went Washington to second place.

First game— Won. Lost. P. C.  
Washington.....020 200 300—8 3 0  
New York.....000 000 000—3 7 1

Batteries—Green, Love and Lewis; Caldwell, Pich, Smith and Sweeney.

Chicago 6, St. Louis 2. Chicago, Sept. 27.—St. Louis was held before the pitching of Jim Scott today and lost 6 to 2 to Chicago. Scott struck out fourteen of his opponents, one fewer than the season's record, held by him. Fournier's triple in the first inning with the bases filled gave Chicago enough to win.

First game— Won. Lost. P. C.  
St. Louis.....000 002 000—2 6 4  
Chicago.....000 001 100—6 10 2

Batteries—Baumgardner, Wellman and Agnew; Scott and Keatley.

Boston 5, Philadelphia 3. Boston, Sept. 27.—Cobb's pitching was a stumbling block to Philadelphia, the new American league champions, this evening, Boston winning 5 to 3. The world's champions hit Houck's delivery at timely intervals, while errors by Baker and Orr accounted for three runs.

First game— Won. Lost. P. C.  
Philadelphia.....000 000 012—3 6 2  
Boston.....000 210 020—5 11 3

Batteries—Houck and Lapp; Collins and Snel.

Miss Helmer Wins Memphis Tourney

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 27.—Miss Myra Helmer of the Midlothian club, Chicago, won the 1913 championship of the Women's Western Golf association at the Country club here today.

Miss Ruth Chisholm of the Mayflower club, Cleveland, 3 up and 3 to play. Miss Helmer won on the fifteenth hole and was never in danger, outplaying her opponent all the way. She was 4 up on the left of the green, but Miss Chisholm rallied, winning the tenth, having the eleventh and twelfth and winning the thirteenth. This advantage was lost, however, when Miss Helmer by superior playing won the fourteenth. In the fifteenth hole Miss Helmer made a long drive while Miss Chisholm dubbed her drive into the ditch. Miss Helmer played a long brassie shot straight up the course and Miss Chisholm's fifth went to the left of the green. Miss Helmer's sixth shot did not get out of the rough. Miss Helmer's fourth was over the green but she laid dead to the hole on her eighth, and holed out in the sixth, winning the match.

The cards: Miss Helmer.....4 5 5 5 6 4 5 6—48  
Miss Chisholm.....5 6 7 5 7 5 6 5—52

In the play off of the triple tie in the approaching and putting contest Mrs. H. Phillips, Memphis, won with 11 points. Miss Margaret Knapp of Chicago was second with ten points and Miss Elizabeth Allen of Stock Island, Ill., third with eight.

Washington Sells Laporte. Kansas City, Sept. 27.—Frank Laporte, utility fielder of the Washington American baseball club, was purchased today by the Kansas City club of the American Association.

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## Bayor Opens Season by Defeating Howard Payne

Local Eleven Outclasses Visitors in Game on Muddy Field—Forward Pass Is Only Consistent Means of Offense.

In a muddy game on Carroll field yesterday afternoon Baylor opened the football season with an easy victory from Howard Payne College by a score of 15 to 6. The only time the Brownwood eleven progressed more than a few yards into Baylor territory was when Mitchell broke through for the sensational run of the game, ending the hour end for sixty yards and a touchdown. The rest of the time Howard Payne was on the defensive, making first down only twice.

Both teams played a second game, which was accentuated by the heavy field and muddy ball. During the last half, however, the Baylor backfield began to work more smoothly and made consistent gains. Neither team able to make progress around the end with any consistency, the dozenish with which Baylor was credited were made by line bucks and forward passes.

Shows Dexterity. In the passing game, Baylor did very creditable work, going 40 yards in two passes for the second score of the game, and showing fair dexterity in handling the placed ball, which deserves special commendation in consideration of the sticky condition of the field. The Brownwood team was very passing. The forward pass and the few attempts they made were easily broken up.

Coach Norman C. Paine of Baylor said after the game that he was well satisfied with the spirit of his men, and that with some work he expected to build a good team. Two of the men he played yesterday had never seen a football until two days ago.

He used a total of twenty-five men, with the purpose of seeing every bit of his possible material under fire, and expressed himself as believing that it is "a game bunch." The squad has learned only a few plays so far, the coach said, but the reaction to the first game came adept in the fundamental work before tackling anything more intricate.

The kicking of the team needs more development, according to Coach Paine. The team is weak on the defense. With these exceptions the showing yesterday was as good as could be expected, especially early in the season and outclassed the opposing team in every department.

Howard Payne was woefully weak on punting. Her long punts were heard from 25 yards. On kick-offs the ball never went further than 20 yards. The general weakness of the visitors was off the line several times, showing the long end run for a touchdown was the feature of the day, and "shortly" played a fighting game throughout.

Allen of the visitors also mixed up in most of the scrimmages, and made a good appearance. Kenney broke through the line several times, showing the long end run for a touchdown was the feature of the day, and "shortly" played a fighting game throughout.

Line-up Shifted Fast. The Baylor line-up was so rapidly that it was hard to pick out any particular star. Captain "Tipt" Fouts, however, put up a fast defense, and gained well for the six yards projected by the other end, also covered the passes in good form. Williams, one of the few veterans, showed some of the old Baylor spirit, and worked hard on the backfield, where he was ably assisted by Jenkins, Matthews and Tibbets. Ward and Isaacs played well in the line.

How It Was Done. Howard Payne won the toss and kicked 20 yards into Baylor territory. Baylor failed to gain and punted 35 yards. Howard Payne made first down on a free-for-all fumble and another on line plays. Baylor held in the center of the field, the ball going over. Baylor failed to gain and Williams punted forty yards. Clint Penn received the ball, but dropped it when Crosslin hit him with a fast tackle. Fouts recovered and ran twenty yards for a touchdown. No goal. Score 6 to 0.

Superior punting ability enabled Baylor to keep the ball in Brownwood territory the rest of the quarter, and although the pigskin was carried to Howard Payne's ten-yard line, there it was lost on downs and the quarter ended with the ball in Baylor's possession on Howard Payne's 40-yard line.

Second Quarter. A forward pass, Crosslin to Fouts, netted 25 yards and put the ball on the five-yard line. Line bucks carried the Baylor back through and carried the Baylor quarter back for a ten-yard loss on the next play. Then a fumbled pass was successfully captured behind the goal line by Leach. No goal. Score 12 to 0.

Third Quarter. Baylor held the ball in her opponents' territory the rest of the half, which ended with Baylor holding the ball on Howard Payne's 40-yard line.

The visitors kicked 20 yards and Matthews returned 15 yards. Line bucks carried the Baylor back through and carried the Baylor quarter back for a ten-yard loss on the next play. Then a fumbled pass was successfully captured behind the goal line by Leach. No goal. Score 12 to 0.

Fourth Quarter. Line plunges and passes failing, Williams made a successful run for Baylor, standing on the 15-yard line. Score 15 to 0.

Howard Payne kicked 15 yards, with no result. Baylor brought it to the center of the field on line plays, after making two more first downs. Baylor was held in the center of the field, the ball going over. Baylor failed to gain and Williams punted forty yards. Clint Penn received the ball, but dropped it when Crosslin hit him with a fast tackle. Fouts recovered and ran twenty yards for a touchdown. No goal. Score 15 to 0.

Neither side was endangered for the rest of the quarter, the game ending with the ball in Baylor's possession on Howard Payne's 40-yard line.

Considering the weather, the fact that the game was delayed by the visitors' tardiness late and that it was more or less of a practice game, the attendance was good, about 250 admissions being paid.

How They Lined Up. Baylor— Leach, Mansell.....Baker, Green, Matthews, Rogers.....Kinney.....Left Tackle.....Lattimore, Robertson.....Hardy.....Right Guard.....Ward, Edwards.....Shelton.....Center.....Hughes, Stewart.....Nicholson.....Right Guard.....Fielder.....Fouts (Capt.).....Madden.....Right End.....Crosslin, Jenkins, Mitchell.....C. Penn.....Quarterback.....Williams, Wilkins.....Mitchell.....Left halfback.....Tibbets, Patton.....Allen (Capt.).....Jenkins, Matthews, Johnson.....Tankersley, Sturdivant.....Fullback.....Referee, Herrick; Umpire, E. M. head line-man, Mendenhall of Baylor; umpire, Boyson of Howard Payne.

Time of quarters—Ten minutes.

MANY YACHTS ARE READY FOR LIPTON

Six Seventy-Footers Already Proposed—Elimination Races Will Be Big Event—Nat Herreschoff Will Design One, Maybe More.

New York, Sept. 27.—If the present plan of American yachtmen can be considered equivalent to yachts there will be no scarcity of cup defenders when Sir Thomas Lipton and his Shamrock IV arrive off Sandy Hook next summer. No less than six seventy-five footers have already been proposed and should all be built, the trial and elimination races will be equal in interest to the cup contests proper, scheduled for next September. It appears at this time that at least four of the six yachts projected will eventually slide off the ways and that yacht racing with a reasonable type of ocean racer will receive a tremendous boom.

One order has already been placed with the famous designer, Nat Herreschoff, of Bristol, R. I., and two others are assured if the project is accepted. The first syndicate in the field which is known among the amateur yachtmen as the Big Six, consists of Cornelius Vanderbilt, F. S. Bourne, J. P. Morgan, George Baker, E. S. Walters and A. C. Mearns. Plans for this yacht which is to be sailed by Robert Emmens of Boston are almost completed.

A second yacht will quite probably be built by three members of this syndicate, assisted by C. Oliver Iselin. Bourne is heading this movement and has been assured of the co-operation of two other members of the "Big Six" syndicate, Alexander S. Cockran, owner of the racing yacht Westward, also has tentative plans for a cup defender of which he is to be the sole owner.

Still a fourth group which is discussing a seventy-five footer is projected by Commodore E. Walter Clark of Philadelphia and George M. Pynchon of New York. The co-operation of one of two other yachtmen is desired before any definite announcement is likely from this group.

The plans for the fifth and sixth yachts are rather vague at this time, but contain, nevertheless, possibilities which may develop additional barriers between the American's cup and the Shamrock IV. George Owens, a yacht designer and Corinthian sailor of note, who went to Chicago two weeks ago with the yacht Stranger to sail for the Manhattan cup is a prime mover in the matter. He has sought financial support from Chicago and Great Lake sailors for a yacht to be designed and built by him, and the middle week appeared to like the idea of being represented in the salt water classic of yachting.

New England would also like to see a yacht sailing for the land of the Puritans. The original plan of a New England syndicate yachtman, which such a venture has been abandoned, is to take it place, however, the suggestion of a boat to be built by popular subscription. There is a possibility of such an entrant for the trial races with San Francisco and the far west yet to be heard from.

Just at present New England is in the throes of football and the prospects for sterling teams at both Harvard and Yale, the leading universities. The Crimson clan, the routed of the Blue a year ago is exceedingly optimistic and not without cause. A larger or better squad of candidates has not assembled in the Cambridge stadium in years. There is enough material for two typical Harvard elevens and the struggle for the position of captain will be keener this fall than for many seasons.

A fast and powerful backfield, consisting of Brickley, Hardwick and Bradlee of the 1912 team is available, augmented by Eddie Mahan, last year's freshman captain; Freely, Logan and Cartmell, the latter trio all candidates for the position of quarterback, left vacant by the graduation of Harry Gardner. All told there is material for five backfield combinations and judgment by Coach Haughton shifted the players about during the early weeks of practice he proposes to have at least three quartettes ready to enter the game at any time. Veteran and substitute material for the line also is abundant and when the Logan line and the position of quarterback and center are solved Harvard is going to have a football team hard to defeat.

This is the very task that Yale football authorities have set for themselves and despite the fact of anything like the material that is at the disposal of the Crimson coaches, there are those who believe that it is not impossible. Yale graduates and classmates are united in the plan to revive the famous bulldog spirit at the hands of Harvard, and believe that they will succeed.

The early practice at the Rhode Island seashore sent the leading candidates back to New Haven in excellent condition. With Head Coach Howard Jones in charge, "Silent" Frank Hawkey and other players of his type to assist, with Walter Camp as a general advisor and strategist, Yale has a really formidable array of field generals. Although it is conceded that Harvard has a big advantage in her wealth of stars and marines, the belief is growing that the Crimson clashes against the Blue at Cambridge on November 22, the stadium will witness a football battle royal.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY. YOUNG MAN with business ability, sober, industrious, not afraid of work, and would like to learn paying business. Wanted—Cook, only 3 in family. Mrs. J. H. Lockwood, 602 N. 16th.

## SLEET AS A COACH

VARSLITY GETS LIEUT. WIER OF THE ARMY AS GRID TRAINER.

Will Have Charge of Scrub Eleven. Most Complete Coaching Staff in the South.

Austin, Sept. 27.—A second assistant coach for the varsity team has been secured by the coaching staff of the University of Texas and under the general direction of Head Coach Dave Allerdice he will devote his entire attention to the development of the line. Lieutenant Joseph Wier of the Eighth Cavalry, now stationed at Texas City, has been selected to fill the position and has been granted a two months' furlough. He will report at Clark field Monday. Lieutenant Wier will also coach the scrub eleven. He comes with a great reputation, having played on the army eleven for four years, being captain of the famous team of 1911. In this year he was the star of the army eleven and was placed on Walter Camp's second all-American at guard. Lieutenant Wier will have an abundant supply of excellent line material and under his coaching it is expected that the Texas line will be able to cope with the great elevens which the 1913 schedule has provided. Assistant Athletic Director and Trainer Disch, who has formerly had charge of the scrub eleven, will have entire control of the freshman squad.

Under this system the University of Texas is assured of a perpetual supply of candidates for the varsity each year as both Trainer Disch and Lieutenant Wier will devote much time to the development of new men. It is expected that under this system the strength of varsity will be augmented through the fact that Head Coach Allerdice and Assistant Coach Rix will be enabled to give their entire time to building up the team from the veterans of former years and those who are the most promising of the first year candidates.

With the addition of Lieutenant Wier, Texas will have the most complete, skilled and competent coaching system in this part of the country. Nothing of such a magnitude has ever been attempted before in the southwest and it is a very rare thing that any of the other southern institutions have such a complete corps of coaches. Head Coach Allerdice was captain of "Hurricane" foot, Michigan, eleven in 1911 and was regarded by Walter Camp as being the equal of Ted Coy in kicking. J. Burton Rix, as assistant coach, is a man upon whom the Longhorns have learned to rely. He received his football training at Dartmouth where he was regarded as a wonderful halfback. Assistant Coach Rix is well known in Texas intercollegiate athletics, having formerly been connected with Austin college.

RESULTS ON THE GRIDIRON

Yale Shows Strength Against Holy Cross—Pennsylvania is Big Surprise.

Yale 18, Holy Cross 0. New Haven, Conn., Sept. 27.—Yale defeated the Holy Cross eleven this afternoon 18 to 0. The blue team scored in the first period on a goal from the twenty-yard line by Guernsey, captain of freshman eleven last year. In the second period Holy Cross attempted a drop kick from the thirty-yard line, but it was blocked.

Early in the final period Holy Cross drove back steadily until the ball was in Yale's possession on the visitors' 74-yard line. Then the latter held and Yale lost the ball on downs.

Pennsylvania 53, Gettysburg 0. Philadelphia, Sept. 27.—Pennsylvania showed better form in her opening football game of the season today than the red and blue has displayed in her first game in several years, defeating Gettysburg college 53 to 0. Pennsylvania defeated the same team last year 35 to 0.

Princeton 14, Rutgers 3. Princeton, N. J., Sept. 27.—Princeton defeated Rutgers college in the opening football game of the season here today 14 to 3 after a hard tussle. The Tigers defeated the Red Devils with a series of formations not anticipated by the visitors.

Rutgers threatened several times to cross to Princeton goal line, but in each instance the home eleven showed a defensive power, which did not characterize their play throughout the game. The Tigers used the forward pass often, and it worked successfully only once. The punting and the drop kick for a field goal by Alman was the feature play of the visitors.

Harvard 34, Maine 0. Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 27.—Harvard's varsity football eleven presented a powerful attack and an impervious defense today in its first game of the season, winning from the University of Maine 34 to 0. A complete team of substitutes was called into play for the Crimson in the closing periods.

The feature play of the game developed by the first kick-off, when Logan received Maine's kick on Harvard's 23-yard line and ran 87 yards for a touchdown. A few minutes later Mahan took the ball for a right-end run had carried it 70 yards for another Crimson score.

Indiana 48, Depauw 3. Bloomington, Ind., Sept. 27.—Indiana university overwhelmed Depauw 48 to 3 in the opening game of the football season on Jordan field this afternoon. Only in two or three instances did the visitors threaten the Crimson goal.

Once in the second period when Rowan placed a place kick from the 30-yard line made Depauw's only score.

Indiana gave all the men a try-out. The Crimson players made long gains with the forward pass.

Minnesota 14, South Dakota 0. Minneapolis, Sept. 27.—Displaying strength, but apparent lack of team work, the University of Minnesota today defeated the South Dakota university football team 14 to 0 in a hard-fought game. Minnesota last year lost to South Dakota.

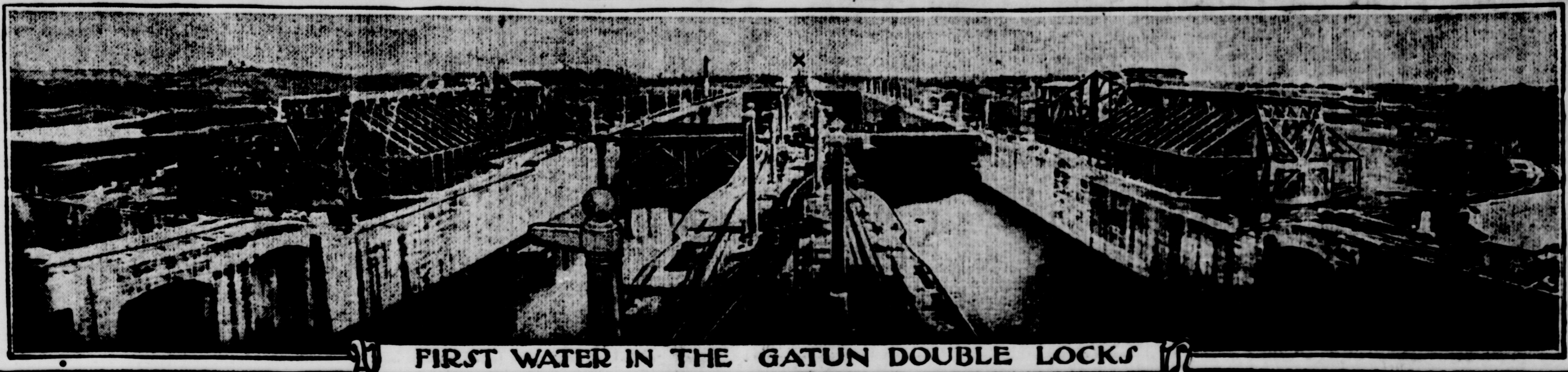
Cornell 0, Colgate 0. Ithaca, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Cornell and Colgate battled fiercely to a tie here today, neither team being able to score. The ball was saw-sawed up and down the field during each quarter, with Cornell having the most of the game. In the fourth period Cornell held the ball on Colgate's one-yard line, but lacked the necessary punch to shove it over, Colgate holding like a stone wall. The

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY. YOUNG MAN with business ability, sober, industrious, not afraid of work, and would like to learn paying business. Wanted—Cook, only 3 in family. Mrs. J. H. Lockwood, 602 N. 16th.

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# THE FIRST PHOTOGRAPH OF WATER BEING LET INTO THE PANAMA CANAL



LOOKING FROM LIGHT HOUSE TOWARDS ATLANTIC ENTRANCE SEEN IN THE DISTANCE.. PHOTOGRAPH BY MISS ANNA McDONOUGH

COPYRIGHT BY THE NEW YORK HERALD COMPANY

The above is the first photograph showing the water being let into the great Gatun double locks at the Panama Canal. The interesting picture shows the peculiar structure of the locks and the massiveness of the structure can be seen by comparing the railroad tracks on one of the concrete walls of the lock. The photograph was taken from a lighthouse with the camera pointed toward (X) the Atlantic entrance of the canal.

The greatest diggers the world has ever known have laid aside their shovels.

The work of the army of steam shovels which for nine years have been eating their way through the vitals of the Isthmian mountains came to an end recently. Workmen are now engaged in taking out of the nine mile Culebra cut the machinery, tracks and other equipment preparatory to the letting in of the waters. This will begin gradually on October 5, and five days later the sole barrier between the waters of the vast Gatun lake and the cut will be demolished by dynamite. With the blowing out of the Gamboa dike there will disappear the last obstruction with the exception of the canal locks themselves between the waters of the two oceans.

To be sure there remain in Culebra cut a few million cubic yards of earth and stone which must be taken out before the job can be declared complete. But what is this task compared to the removal of the 100,000,000 cubic yards of material already taken out of the cut, especially when any one of the fleet of dredges which are to do the work can get away with 685 cubic yards of material an hour? The force which has to its credit a marvelous succession of world's record breaking performances in digging can be counted upon to make short work of the finishing touches to the job.

**Many Features.**  
To the mind of the engineer there are many features of the work of building the Panama canal which presented much greater difficulties, much more intricate problems than the digging of Culebra cut. But to the lay mind the making of the canal has always presented itself as a job of ditch digging—the biggest job of its kind ever known to be sure, but still essentially work for diggers. And even the engineers who have worked out all the niceties of the task of lock construction are obliged to admit that the digging has been the fundamental of the great canal now so near completion; that it has been the body of which locks and dams and other features have been but the limbs.

That is why the practical completion of Culebra cut is an event so thoroughly worthy of notice by the American people for whose benefit it has been dug, for it is in Culebra cut that the bulk of the canal digging has

been done. It is also the cut which is making the Panama canal possible.

**What Is the Cut?**  
What is Culebra cut? It is simple enough when expressed in figures, quickly spoken. It is a great ditch, nine miles long, averaging 120 feet in depth, not less than 300 feet wide at the bottom, and from a quarter to a half mile wide at the top. Its bottom lies 45 feet above the level of the sea and will soon be covered with water to a minimum depth of 40 feet, and thus will a great part of the work which has been done there be obscured.

The cut represents the removal of more than 130,000,000 of cubic yards of earth, counting what both the French and the American diggers did. The Americans alone will have spent about \$90,000,000 in the cut when it is all finished.

Passing through the canal from the Atlantic side, Culebra cut lies at the distant end of Gatun lake, that artificial body of water, 34 miles long with a surface of 164 square miles, which has been created at Panama. Gatun lake will be 85 feet above the level of the sea, and with the blowing out of the Gamboa dike next month vessels will be afforded a continuous passage from Gatun dam across the lake and through the cut, without encountering any locks.

**Gives a New Standard.**  
The vast difference between the estimates of the amount of work necessary to make Culebra cut and what actually has been done shows just how much bigger the job was than anything engineers had ever tackled up to ten years ago.

The digging of Culebra cut has, for one thing, given the engineering world a new set of standards by which to measure the requirements of future work of similar character.

It was estimated in the beginning that 53,000,000 cubic yards of earth would have to be taken out of the Culebra cut, not counting the 24,000,000 cubic yards removed by the French. Yet next spring will see more than twice that amount of material dug out of the cut. The original estimate of the international board of advisory engineers as to the amount to be taken out if a sea level canal were constructed was only 5,000,000 cubic yards in excess of what has actually been removed for a lock canal, the amount of which is 45 feet above sea level.

It was then estimated that the cut would accommodate 100 steam shovels in operation. Experience has shown that the maximum number which could work at one time in the cut was forty, and no one has ever chided Colonel Goethals for not digging industriously. Yet had the original estimate of the capacity of these steam shovels been verified by experience the United States would be today looking forward to a celebration of the opening of the Panama canal in 1925, instead of in 1914 or 1915. So great has been the increase of efficiency among the canal builders that even though the estimate of total excavation have been increased from time to time until more than 100,000,000 cubic yards have been added not a single day has been added to the time required for the digging of a single dollar added to the cost. It was largely the men at work in Culebra cut who made possible this virtual gift of 100,000,000 cubic yards of excavation, thrown into the job extra.

The slides alone in Culebra cut added about 25,000,000 cubic yards to the work of the diggers there. If all the horses in the United States were hitched up to wagons containing the material dumped into the cut by slides they would not be able to move it. The pressure of the slides is estimated at a single acre of material weighing 100,000,000 cubic yards.

The Cucaracha slide alone has added 5,000,000 cubic yards to the excavators' task, while the Culebra slide has brought in more than 6,000,000 cubic yards more. The canal engineers have records of more than a score of important slides, great masses of the banks of the cut which have been in motion almost ever since the Americans took up the business of canal digging.

The Cucaracha slide is the oldest and the most active of all the slides. It began in July, 1905, when cracks and fissures were noticed far up the banks of the cut. It hasn't stopped sliding yet and will not until the slope of the banks has been reduced sufficiently to lighten the pressure.

There is only one method of treatment of slides, that is to dig the material out as fast as it slides in. The canal workers became so accustomed to slides that when a million or more cubic yards of earth fell into the "big ditch," burying steam shovels and railroad tracks, and sometimes whole trains twenty feet deep they calmly proceeded to dig everything out again. Sometimes the slides moved as rapidly as four feet in 17 minutes and often workmen engaged in digging out a slide continued at their work with great danger of their own lives.

**Four Kinds of Slides.**  
The geologists have divided the slides into four kinds, due to two causes. The causes are, first, the

weak and unstable condition of the rocks of the cut, attributable solely to nature, and second, the oversteepness and height of the wall of the cut, the blasting and other works due entirely to man. The four kinds of slides are: The structural breaks, the most common and most difficult to deal with; the normal or gravity slides, the fault zone slides, and fourth, the weathering and erosion slides. It has been found necessary to reduce the slope of the sides of the cut to one foot of rise to every ten feet of horizontal distance, or less than half the slope which the eminent engineers first estimated.

The slides were an entirely new, unsuspected and vexatious feature of the Culebra cut, for the French never dug deep enough in the score of years they gave to the job to cause any sliding of the sides. The Culebra cut was the only section of their proposed canal on which the French did any work after 1889, when the first failure occurred. In 1904, when the United States took over the canal and the French equipment, the Culebra cut looked as if the French had done nothing.

Even in the places where they had dug the deepest the channel was so narrow and the vegetation so thick that there were scarcely any visible traces of what they had done. The maximum excavation by the French was 35,000 cubic yards a month, which is 30 per cent less than the American diggers took out in a single day in the cut.

**When the French Began.**  
It is interesting to read the accounts of the day, February 1, 1882, when the French began work on Culebra cut. There were flowers, and flags and speeches and champagne, the festivities ending with a grand ball. Even then they had ready the motor boats in which they intended to sail through the waters of the canal they were about to dig in so short a time.

On the sides of Culebra's hills when the United States took possession in 1904, were standing the old excavators and other machinery which they had used. The American engineers say now that the French did well considering the inadequate equipment they had. The United States used the old excavators the first few months and it was not until November, 1904, that the first modern steam shovel arrived on the job. By June, 1905, the last of the French excavators had been discarded from the job and replaced by a giant steam shovel. Even at that the French took out a total of 24,000,000 cubic yards—about eighteen months' work for the battery of shovels that Col. Goethals put to work in the cut.

**Used Better Equipment.**  
Yet it is admitted that the Americans could have done but little better had they been compelled to get along with the French equipment. Not only in the actual excavating but also in the matter of disposing of the spoil from the cut were the French equipment and methods inadequate. Even with improved machinery it was not until Col. Goethals took charge of the job in April, 1907, that really rapid progress was made in digging out the cut.

When Col. Goethals went down to see if an army engineer with semi-military system could do what the civilians had failed to do the country had begun to lose faith in the canal job. Col. Goethals felt that the first thing to be done was to restore the confidence of congress and the people of the United States in the capability of the canal workers and

**"77"**  
A hard stubborn Cold that hangs on, is broken up by Humphreys' "Seventy-seven"

**COLDS**

The second sign of a Cold is a sneeze, a shiver, or a hot flushed face, which never would have been if you had heeded the first sign of lassitude, as described last week.

Even now it is not too late to break up the cold if "Seventy-seven" is taken at once.

Don't wait until the cough and sore throat set in, or it may take longer.

"Seventy-seven" is a small vial of pleasant pellets, that fits the vest pocket, easy to carry, easy to take—

Is for sale in every store in America—that sells medicines, price 25c and \$1.00, or mailed on receipt of price.

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 156 William Street, New York—Advertisement.

that to accomplish this end he must manage somehow to "make the dirt fly."

**Excavation Figures.**  
By establishing the principle of competition between steam shovels, by reorganizing the transportation methods for getting the spoil out of the cut and by eliminating all red tape which was blocking the actual work of digging, Col. Goethals began to get results. Bearing in mind that he arrived on the job in April, 1907, the following record of excavation by years shows what was done:

Year—	Ambient Excavated from Culebra cut—Cu. Yd.
1904-05	648,911
1905-06	1,250,570
1906-07	4,861,570
1907-08	11,285,217
1908-09	13,955,723
1909-10	14,866,427
1910-11	15,925,976
1911-12	16,448,513
1912-13	15,762,255

Col. Goethals is one of the most modest men in the world, and he gives to his predecessor, John S. Stevens, with a reputation of his own as a railroad man, a great deal of the credit for the work which was done in Culebra cut after 1907. William J. Shaw, who has probably studied the Panama canal more extensively than any other American writer on the subject, quotes Col. Goethals as saying to him:

"The people talk about the success of the army engineer at Panama, but it was fortunate that Mr. Stevens preceded us. The real problem of digging the canal has been the disposal of the spoil, and no army engineer in America could have laid out the transportation scheme as Mr. Stevens did. We are building on the foundation he laid and the world can not give him too much credit."

Any one who has been through Culebra cut in the last few years will carry the spoil away from the confusion of the Culebra cut, the bottom of which is 45 feet above sea level, demonstrating again how little the world's engineers really knew about the magnitude of the job tackled by Uncle Sam.

**No Spectacular Features.**  
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**Problems Are Intensified.**  
With the concentration of the heavy digging in the cut, the work of stripping three miles long and then a mile and a half long the transportation problems were intensified. The slides were always interfering with the railways. Opposite Gold Hill there were usually seven tracks in parallel, and it became a common sight to see a train stuck in a jam, waiting for a single slide. But by a highly developed system of train operation things were kept going. Dispatchers knew where each of the seventy-five trains were every minute, and yard masters in the cut and on the dumps co-operated wonderfully to keep the dirt moving.

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tem of cost accounting, which at first was ridiculed by his associates, but within a year or two when it began to produce results, the scoffing ceased. The cost accounting system was devised to show three things, the cost of each unit of every job, the cost of each unit of similar jobs in different parts of the canal and the cost of each unit in similar jobs on the same section of work. Thus the whole work was put on a comparatively and also competitive basis and every division knew whether it was leading or following behind its competitors in the same sort of work.

The efficiency system extended to every operation and to every laborer, no matter how humble his task. Even the dynamite, of which an average of 1,000,000 pounds a month was used in blasting the rock of the cut, was made to double the amount of work per ton that it did at first. Even so, in places the Culebra cut cost \$15,000,000 a mile.

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in after life. Twenty-six are not members of any church.

Well worth pondering is the thought advanced by Speaker Clark. He is a member of the Christian church, sometimes referred to as the "Campbellites."

"Without religion the world would be a bedlam in twelve months," Mr. Clark told me. "The history of all times and countries proves that." Commenting on the numerous vacant churches of the country, those which have been converted into automobile garages, manufacturing establishments and other offices, Congressman Lloyd of Missouri voiced the opinion of many of his colleagues.

"In the recent past the contest between the various churches was such as to produce discord and strife and as a result of it there were necessarily constructed more churches in small towns and in country places than were needed. Some of these have been abandoned very properly, and the congregations have combined, much to the profit of Christianity."

Representative Rupley of Pennsylvania believes that Sunday schools and affiliated organizations are accomplishing as much good in a religious way as the preacher in the pulpit.

"While at times intolerance and bigotry have been responsible for great suffering, nevertheless the general effect has been good," writes Representative Kahn of California, who is of Jewish faith.

The "petrol haze" as they call it in England, or the "gasoline haze" as we should call it in America, is discussed in the *Lancet*, the almost too wide-awake English medical publication. The "petrol haze," which gathers in the streets in stagnant conditions of weather, is inclined to health, but not, it appears, very inclined. The unburnt petrol or partly burnt oil is not favorable to respiration. At all events, we are told, it does not smell good.

Robert Louis Stevenson was a wonderful dreamer and could dream in sequence, continuing a dream from the point where it had broken off the night before. It was in this way that the greatest part of "Jekyll and Hyde" was put together. Barte, too, is said to have dreamed many cantos of "The Divine Comedy," and Voltaire records how the "Hemlock" came to him in sleep. "It occurred to me," he writes, "in spite of myself and in which I had no part whatever."

Static electricity produced by the feathers of a duster used to clean incandescent lamps has been known to break the filaments.

**Now Is the Time**

to have your last Fall and Winter Hats renovated and remodeled

**LEVIN HAT CO**

\$2.00 Hatters and Renovators

418 Franklin Street

Bet. 4th and 5th Sts.

New Phone 1137 Old Phone 1140

Hats Called for and Delivered

**OUR FIXED POLICY**

Our goods are worth the same any day in the year. Our prices always one price, at a very low profit. We do not charge twice the price in September, October and November and HALF PRICE in January and February. Who wants to pay two prices? Not our customers.

We buy in immense quantities. Have a small expense as compared with our competitors and we can sell for half others' prices. We are satisfied with large sales and small profits. Once a customer always a customer. Meet us face to face; we will explain why.

Order your Fall Clothes now, even if you do not want them until Thanksgiving or Christmas. Remember, we have 4,222 Satisfied Customers, whose names are on file and we gladly offer as our references.

A satisfied customer our best advertisement. Any customer displeased with his purchase at our store can have his money back.

**Only All Wool Goods**

**Perfect Fitting**

**UNION MADE**

**Hammond-Vawter Co.**

WACO'S LEADING TAILORS AND HAT STORE.

LADIES' TAILORS AND DESIGNERS.

614 AUSTIN AVE.

**START THE CHILDREN IN MUSIC**

If

**Auditorium Next Friday**

Special Matinee and Night  
GALA OPENING THE MUSICAL COMEDY SEASON.

**PRODUCTION DE LUXE**

WILLIAM PFIREMANN PRESENTS

**MARY'S LAMB**

BOOK, MUSIC &amp; LYRICS

By **RICHARD CARLE.**WITH **DEN McGRATH**

**BEST MUSICAL COMEDY OF THE  
SEASON WITH BEAUTIFUL  
GIRLS, ENCHANTING SONGS**

**A METROPOLITAN CAST OF  
30 PEOPLE**

DON'T MISS SEPTEMBER MORN IN REAL LIFE.

**At the Theatres.****CALENDAR FOR WEEK.**

Thursday Night—Formal opening of season, presentation of *Salome*.

Friday Matinee and Night—McFadden's *Mary's Lamb*.

Saturday Matinee and Night—McFadden's *Flats*.

**"Salome" Comes Thursday.**

With a company of over 100 people, including an orchestra of twenty-five musicians, Massenet's beautiful "Salome" will be heard in this city at the Auditorium Thursday night. In presenting to the public this mammoth production of "Salome," expense seems to have been thrown to the wind. The company embraces such famous stars as Joseph F. Sheehan, Madame Antoinette Le Brun, Miss Lydia Sturtevant, Miss Connie Olynn Cocklin, Miss Grace Boxcox, Charles H. Swickard, Harold J. Gels, Nelson Shanley, William Young, Lawrence Wallace and others. The chorus of sixty singers and dancers is supplemented by an orchestra of twenty-five musicians under the baton of Chevalier Theodore Stearns, and thrown in for good measure is the most famous of all interpreters of the great "Salome" dance, Miss Sophia Benucci. This is Miss Benucci's first appearance in America and her work is without doubt the most artistic and daring thing which has ever been attempted on an American stage. It is said that the only work approaching this artist's dance was the one done by the other famous artist, Nipperwah, who was brought over to



Bertha Yeoman, with "Mary's Lamb," at the Auditorium Friday matinee and night.

Bertha Yeoman is a prima donna of good voice and dashing appearance. Arthur Bell, as the artist who loves the niece of Mr. and Mrs. Lamb, displays a good baritone voice and much ability as an actor. Miss Doris Mann, as the niece, is a clever and pretty soubrette.

This musical show has the proper foundation of good music and good voices. The male chorus is particularly good, and the company ensemble, wherein the voices of divers easy-to-look-at and good-to-hear chorus ladies are heard in a feature not equalled in many musical comedies. The "Mary's Lamb" company carries its own musicians to augment the theatre orchestra.

"September Morn" is a new feature of the Richard Carle "gambol." She is one of the "modest little models," whose physical likeness are silhouetted on a screen in the studio scene, act 2.

"There are fourteen tuneful musical numbers in 'Mary's Lamb,' composed by Carle himself, which is sufficient proof of their worth."

**McFadden's Flats.**

Comedy of the better sort, music that has more charm than to merely soothe the savage beast, comedians who understand their business and high grade vaudeville specialties, contributed by real headliners, are promised in the revised edition of "McFadden's Flats," the foremost of all comedy productions which will be seen at the Auditorium Saturday matinee and night. From all accounts there is not a dull moment in the entire offering, which without doubt is one of the most up-to-date and enduring entertainments on the boards today. The production has been augmented with an enlarged chorus of thirty bewitching and clever young ladies who know how to wear stunning gowns in befitting style and grace, new scenery, elaborate stage and electrical effects and song hits of the tuneful, catchy variety.

**WHY IS THE MOON?**

It is a Vast Mass of Molten Matter That Made Room for Our Oceans.

(Kansas City Star)

For the origin of our moon Laplace's majestic nebular hypothesis needs slight modification. Sir George H. Darwin, in his theory of tidal evolution, traces back the earth-moon system to a hot, oblate sphere covered with a solid crust some 25 miles thick. This as yet moonless planet may be pictured as whirling upon itself with terrific speed in a period of five of our hours. Tides created by the sun and the acceleration of rotation caused a weakening of the centrifugal force, and at a critical point this instability overcame gravitation and some 5999 million cubic miles of molten matter were sundered from the earth and hurled outward to revolve in proximity to the parent planet.

Now, when we scan the earth attentively for indications that may confirm this origin we are confronted with many instructive facts. Prof. W. H. Pickering has shown that if the earth be viewed from a distance in space, directly above a point 1600 miles north-east of New Zealand the land areas that compass this waste of waters are disposed in an almost perfect circle. This roughly circular chasm, the Pacific, is more eloquent of the creation epic of our moon than written volumes.

In his inaugural address, delivered at Columbia university, New York, in 1908, Prof. Albrecht F. K. Penck spoke on the geographical and geological similitude between the eastern coast of North America and the western coast of Europe.

"In a very remarkable way these two sides of the Atlantic repeat the same structural features; there is an astonishing symmetry, as Edward Suess has shown clearly. In Sweden and Finland we find the same rounded and glaciated surface, the same numerous lakes, as in Canada. It is very interesting to see how the Appalachian region ends at Newfoundland, forming the projecting eastern corner of North America, and just opposite in South Ireland, in South Wales and Cornwall, and in Brittany the belt of the old Hercynian mountains of Europe begins. Marcel Bertrand maintained that we have here to deal with the two ends of one very extensive belt of mountains which extended through the North Atlantic ocean."

Commenting on this part of the lecture, Prof. Andrew H. Patterson, of the University of North Carolina, said: "Professor Penck is evidently not considering this (tidal) theory at all in his lecture, and yet it seems what he has to say lends a greater probability to the theory."

That the great oceans which cover the earth are permanent in place is evident from the fact that the average height of the land above sea level is about 2250 feet, while the average depth of the seas and oceans is 13,869 feet. Thus the average depth of the water is over six times the mean elevation of the land.

A strong argument for the permanence of the continents is the fact that no marine deposits of any geological period extend over an appreciable portion of each continent. This should have been the case if they were once covered with oceans for any length of time, and the failure of such continuity of marine fossils is proof of the immunity of the land from past submersion.

Mr. Osmond Fisher has shown that observations made with the pendulum on islands proved the sub-oceanic crust to be both thinner and denser than the crust under the continents. After the moon had been hurled from the present ocean basins these latter would be thinner than the continental crust, but would solidify and become compact when the water vapor in the air condensed and ran into the basins.

To the silvery orb that illumines earth's dark nights, then, we owe not only our tides, but our vast and deep oceans themselves. To her we owe also the more important continental areas on which high types of mammalia could evolve. For without the latter habitat we must ever have remained—collectively as well as individually—of a very low order of mental development, a race of cold-blooded fishes, or at best amphibians.

The ancient dwellers in Arcady boasted that their beatific race came into existence before the moon herself, but they were probably ignorant of the period they claimed for their ancestry. They must needs have mounted back in time some 57,000,000 years, in which case their race would be hallowed, indeed, by prelunar antiquity.

In testing out the steel car with a view to proving its indestructibility by fire, a railroad company placed in one of this type two hundred pounds of shavings and wood saturated with oil, set fire to it and allowed the mass to burn itself out. The paint and upholstery were destroyed, but no damage was done to the car as a structural whole. At present 2872 steel passenger cars are in service on this one system, and this is about one-half of the total of steel passenger cars in service in the United States.

Mrs. Agnes Riddle, who is serving a second term in the Colorado legislature, is the wife of a ranchman.

**AUDITORIUM**

GRAND OPENING Theatrical Season 1913-14, Thursday, October 2nd.

**MASSENET'S BEAUTIFUL MUSICAL SPECTACLE**

Splendid Cast

:-:

Large Chorus

:-:

Special Orchestra



THE MOST TALKED ABOUT AND MAGNIFICENT  
SPECTACLE OF THE AGE \*\*\*  
A TREAT FOR THE EYE \*\*\*  
A DELIGHT TO THE SENSES

**SALOME**

SPLendid CAST

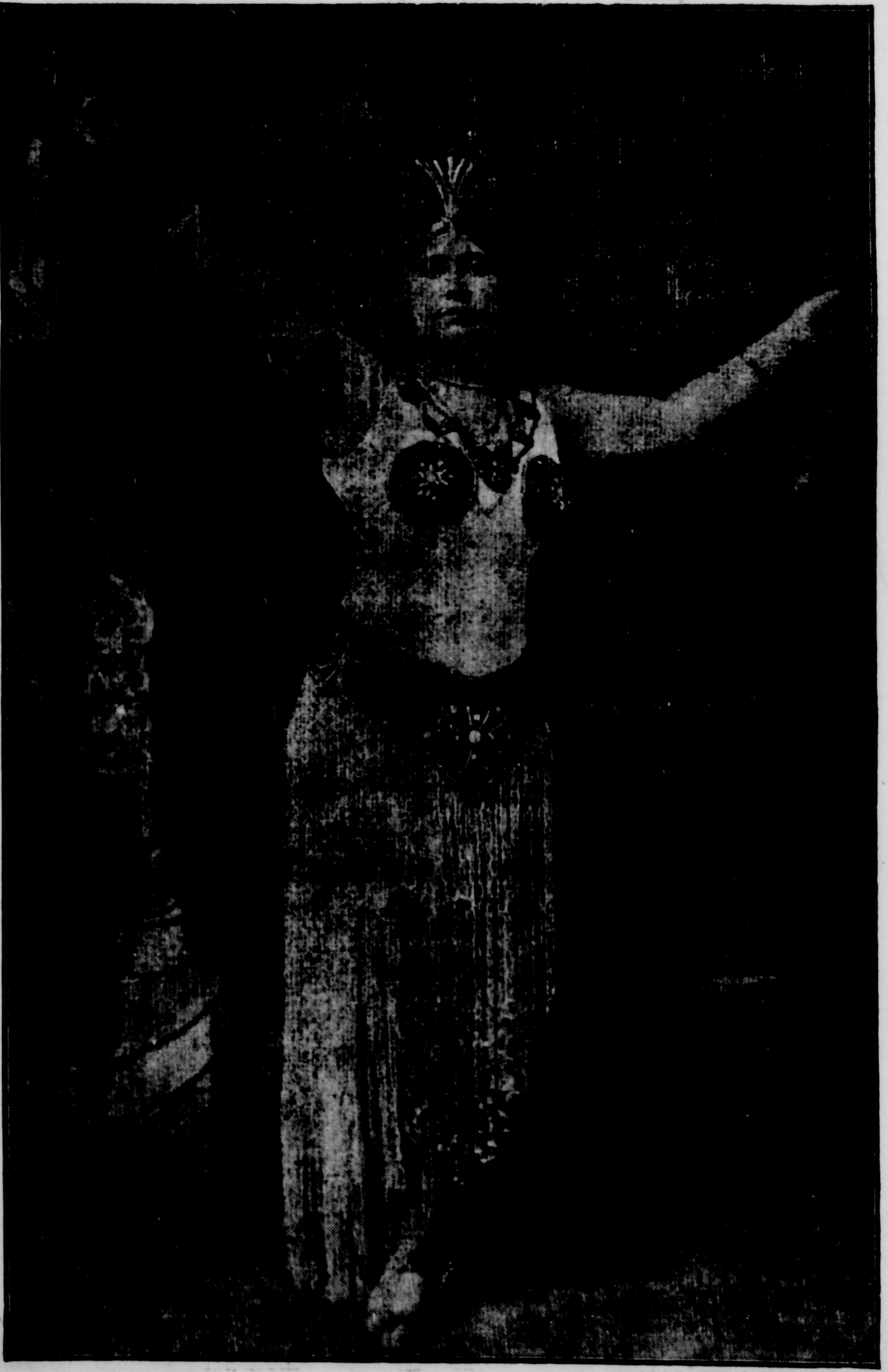
OF 60 \*\*

ORCHESTRA



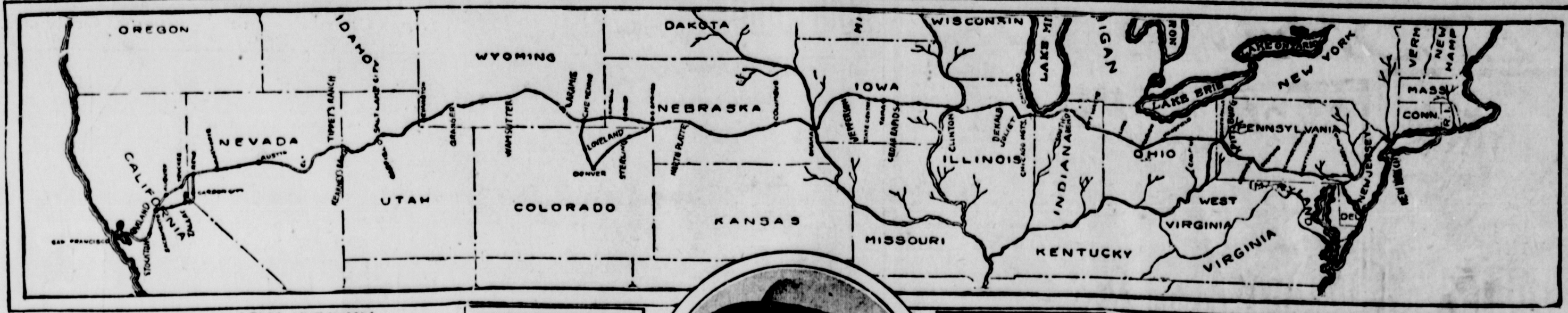
PRICES \$2.00, \$1.50 \$1.00, 75c, 50c

SEAT SALE MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29th



Madame Antoinette Le Brun, prima donna, Massenet's beautiful musical spectacle, "Salome," Auditorium one night only, Thursday, Oct. 2.

# ROUTE SELECTED AS THE TRANSCONTINENTAL ROAD WHICH IS TO LINK NEW YORK CITY AND SAN FRANCISCO



## ROUTE OF LINCOLN HIGHWAY

Announcement of the route for the Lincoln Highway, to extend from New York city to San Francisco, has just been made by the Lincoln Highway Association, an organization formed by some of the most prominent manufacturers in the automobile and allied industries in the United States.

The highway, according to the announcement, is to pass through thirteen States. Nearly \$5,000,000 of the \$10,000,000 required to carry out the ideas of the association has already been subscribed by the founder members.

Henry R. Joy, president of the Packard Motor Car Company, is president of the association. Carl G. Fisher, president of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway Association, and A. R. Pardington are vice presidents. Among others prominent in the automobile industry who are directors are John N. Willys, president of the Willys-Overland Company; R. D. Chapin, president of the Hudson Motor Car Company, and F. A. Seiberling, president of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company.

In connection with the announcement of the arrangements made for the routing of the highway Henry R. Joy, president of the Packard Motor Car Company, makes an appeal to the general public for subscriptions of \$5 each. He also asks the public officials of the States, counties and townships through which the route is laid to use their efforts to improve the roads incorporated therein and to rename and remark them with the insignia of the Lincoln Highway.



## EYE STRAIN MAY CAUSE DYSPEPSIA

Says a Noted Physician in the Saturday Evening Post—Glasses Prescribed By Dr. W. B. Georgia Will Give Relief.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson, A. M. M. D., one of the most noted physicians in this country, has the following to say in a recent issue of the Saturday Evening Post relative to eye strain and dyspepsia (indigestion). After dwelling for some time on the subject of dyspepsia (indigestion) and its various causes, the doctor says: "If neither abundance of good food nor exercise nor rest will relieve your dyspepsia (indigestion), then the probabilities are that you will have to deal with some special disturbance or defect farther down the alimentary canal or entirely outside the digestive system."

"One of the commonest causes of chronic indigestion, or dyspepsia, as you may call it, is due to eye strain, and persistent lack of appetite, or discomfort after eating, or gas on the stomach, or so called gastralgia, will often be completely relieved by the use of glasses. It is not too much to say that probably one-half of all cases of chronic dyspepsia are due to these three causes—eye strain, bad teeth and catarrhal conditions in the nose and throat. Go to a competent specialist and have these conditions relieved and your dyspepsia and indigestion will often disappear like magic."

If you suspect your eyes of giving you dyspepsia, frontal headache, dizziness, nervousness, pain in the temples and back of head, you can consult no one more competent than our Dr. W. B. Georgia. If you need glasses he will tell you so; if you do not need glasses he will advise you to consult your dentist or throat specialist.

To find him look for the big electric spectacle sign—Dr. W. B. Georgia & Co. Optometrists and Lens Grinders—324 Austin—opposite Sanger's—ground floor. Over ten thousand satisfied customers in Waco and McLennan County.

## Creator Was Woman Says Tablet 4000 Years of Age

It was a woman who created mankind, according to a tablet 4000 years old just deciphered at the Pennsylvania University Museum by Dr. Arno Poebel, who is at work translating the tablets dug up in Nippur some years ago by the museum expeditions. This discovery is not only the most important in the history of the museum, but in many respects the most important in the history of civilization.

About thirty-seven years ago George Smith, the English scholar and explorer, brought back from Babylon the cylinders which gave a Babylonian account of the origin of mankind and much of his early history, and these not only excited great interest but had a profound effect upon the theological teachings. The parallelism between the Babylonian story and that of Genesis developed a new school in theological criticism. But the cylinders of Smith only dated back to the reign of Assurbanipal in the seventh century B. C. The university museum tablet dates back possibly 2500 B. C., and it is reasonably certain to be no later than the reign of Hammurabi, about 2100 B. C.

The new account of the creation and the flood throws much new light on the early ideas of the Babylonians and Sumerians.

**Novel Features of Tablet.**

The striking novel features of the new tablet are these:

That it was a female deity who created mankind, known as the "black-headed," from the color of the hair.

That new deities or new characteristics of the gods are discovered in the original document, although they have been hinted at in other ways. The character of the female goddess is now made important from the earliest times and equal with the two male ruler gods. Later tablets speak of these as unimportant.

That the first seven pre-deluvian cities were not all destroyed, some not until historic times. There is historic basis to much of the statement in this epic.

Dr. Poebel has prepared a careful literal translation of the tablet. It originally was about seven inches square, but on such a surface the ancients could write in ideographic signs a long epic poem, and that is what this tablet contained. Like the first chapter of Genesis, the story opens with a grand poem on the origin of the heavens, as well as of the earth. It appears that Nintu, a female god, created mankind, and she laments that the other gods seem bent on the destruction of her subjects. She

speaks of the human beings as "my children." It appears that Anu and Enlil were the chief gods of power, though they were among seven of equal rank, the first being god of heaven and the second god of earth. Then comes the story of the creation: "Nintu created the black-headed" (human race). "The fields of the grounds produced abundance, the cattle and the four-legged beasts of the field artfully they (the gods) called into existence."

**Wrath of Gods Kindled.**

The story then indicates that the wrath of the gods was kindled against men for some wickedness, and the narrative continues as follows: "At that time Nintu wailed like a woman in travail. The holy Ishtar wailed on account of the people. Enki (who was the god of wisdom) held counsel with Anu and Nintu over the proposed destruction of mankind. At that time Ziusgadda was king and high priest of Shuruppak (meaning city of the last day of the flood) and he made obeisance to the gods and prayed, prostrating himself in humility and daily and personally he was in contact with them by means of dreams, and conjured them daily by the name of heaven and earth."

The account continues with a description of "windstorms which possessed great power, the rainstorms in their entirety went with them, and the storms were terrible. After seven days the rainstorm had stormed over the land and carried away the huge boat. Then the Sun god came forth, shading light over heaven and earth. Ziusgadda opened the roof of his ship and the light of the Sun god was let in to the interior of the huge boat."

After the storm and the waters had disappeared Ziusgadda prayed to the gods of heaven with a loud voice and sacrificed an ox and a sheep. Evidently the prayer was answered, and it would appear that Enki and Nintu

persuaded the gods not to continue their wrath further. As for Ziusgadda (Noah), he is honored by being taken to an island in the Persian Gulf, where he lives in a sort of Paradise.

**FORECASTING THE WEATHER.**

One Who Thoroughly Understands the Clouds Can Do It. (New York Press.)

Look how cloudy it is! It'll pour shortly!

How often do you hear that remark? Yet clouds do not necessarily mean rain; in fact, they mean quite the reverse in a good many cases. Clouds, indeed, will tell you more about the coming weather than any other signs, providing you thoroughly understand the meaning of the clouds you see.

The three chief types of clouds are the cirrus, stratus and cumulus, and the best times to study them are at sunset and sunrise. Cumulus clouds are the most impressive of all clouds, and are more commonly to be seen in summer than winter.

These clouds pile themselves up in masses near the horizon. When they are only of a moderate size and gradually melt away during the evening they indicate a spell of fine weather. But if, on the contrary, the clouds continue to pile themselves up like huge snowy mountains, then look for rain.

The stratus cloud is generally formed at the end of a fine day. It is like a widely extended horizontal sheet, and hanging so low that it frequently touches the earth's surface in the form of a fog. When such clouds are formed in the morning it tells the sky expert to look out for another fine day. Stratus clouds, indeed, seldom indicate rain.

Cirrus clouds, as their name indicates, are white, curly clouds, like curly hair or curly feathers. They are the highest of all clouds, floating five to ten miles above the earth, and often drifting in quite a contrary direction to clouds lower down. Cirrus clouds are called by sailors "cats' tails" or "mares' tails," and generally foretell rain.

When cirrus clouds lie in long straight wisps from west to east, then be sure that rain is coming. When they float at a lower level than usual they become what is known as cirrocumulus, small, round masses arranged

in groups or lines, giving the appearance known as mackerel sky.

A mackerel sky. Not twenty-four hours dry is one of the oldest and truest of weather proverbs.

The nimbus cloud is a mixture of all three of the chief types of clouds. It is a dark, shapeless cloud, with ragged edges, as a rule, and floats about a mile high. From its surface it throws off cirrus clouds, known to sailors as "scud," and the amount of rain that falls varies generally with the amount of scud.

The more rapidly nimbus clouds form the sooner will the rain be over, as a rule. When a dark nimbus cloud is topped by heavy masses of clouds like huge mountains, then look out for thunder.

Here are a few hints for forecasting the following day's weather. First of all look at the northwest for your weather. However threatening the sky may appear, if you see a bit of blue in the northwest you won't have a steady downpour. At the worst it will only be showery.

If the day has been very fine and the blue sky is suddenly speckled over in the evening with little curly clouds then look out for a change of weather. The longer they take to form the longer the time before the change comes about.

A red sun in the early morning is a bad sign, for there will be wet weather before the next 24 hours are over. Though the sky at sunrise may be absolutely cloudless, yet if the eastern horizon is red or orange, the clouds will roll up and rain probably will fall before daylight.

Evening red and morning gray. Two sure signs of one fine day. is another pretty safe rule.

**HOUSEHOLD EFFICIENCY.**

How the Scientific Method of Doing Housework Saves Women's Steps.

Efficiency, and its kindred phrase, "scientific management," come readily enough to the tongue of every well-informed person nowadays. Those early experiments of efficiency engineers which showed how easy it was to eliminate waste motion in such simple tasks as piling up pig iron or laying

bricks the right way also suggested that efficiency methods could be employed in every form of industry with great consequent gain in time and labor saving.

So the efficiency idea grew, and was put into practice here, there and everywhere, until it became a common topic of conversation. Yet, strange to relate, although husbands talked business efficiency over the dinner table with their wives and guests, the idea that there could be such a thing as household efficiency never seemed to occur to anyone, at least for a long time. But there was just as much innate logic in household as in industrial efficiency; someone made a chance allusion to it somewhere, the germ of the idea grew and spread until now household efficiency has been put into practice in so many progressive homes that well defined principles for doing housework with the greatest success and with minimum time and labor are available for every housewife.

In the last analysis, household efficiency is first simply a matter of studying one's motions about every item of housework until one has worked out for oneself a standard and economical way of doing every task and to arrange a definite working schedule for each day. The next step is to study the arrangement of the kitchen, which of course is the main scene of housework in every home. The final step is for the housewife to select the most efficient tools.

The first step of standardizing housework is not nearly as difficult as it seems on the surface. Once a woman realizes that it is a very awkward and wasteful method to wash dishes with the drainboard on her right and the dishes piled on her left, she will have the drainboard changed to her left and stack her dishes on the right hand side where they will be most quickly get-at-able. And if she will go at her dishwashing job with the idea of eliminating every minute of waste labor, she will also quickly learn the importance of adjusting her dishes to the right height and of sorting her dishes into the group that must be wiped, and the group that need not be wiped be-

cause it comprises chinaware that drains dry of its own accord. It is the same with dusting, sweeping, bread-making—in everything that the mistress of the household does in the "good old-fashioned way" there are a number of wasteful steps, stoops and stretches that modern household efficiency would daily eliminate. Citing a well known example, the old-time bricklayer used to stand before a wall, and when he wanted to lay a brick he had to stoop, pick up a brick weighing four and one-half pounds from a mixed pile at his feet and carry it to the wall. If he happened to weigh 150 pounds, he would have to lower his bulk four feet every time he picked up each of the 2,000 bricks he laid in a day. One day, after he had watched bricklayers at work, an efficiency expert devised a simple little table which holds the bricks in an orderly pile at the workman's side. They are brought to him in orderly piles right side up. Because he doesn't need to stoop or sort, the same man who formerly could lay only 120 bricks an hour can now lay 350 bricks, and he uses only five motions, where formerly it required eighteen. What a suggestion there for the women, who when she sprinkles her clothes, stoops to lay each separate piece in the clothes basket at her feet instead of placing the basket on a high chair beside her and level with her table!

Studying kitchen arrangement should lead to fruitful labor-saving in any home. For standard kitchen arrangement means keeping all the cooking and cleaning utensils in compact space, each where it is always at the workman's elbow at the moment it needs to be used. It means, as one household efficiency expert points out, the arrangement of utensils in relative groups, those that are used in preparing the meal together; those that are used in cleaning up after the meal, together. It means having everything at the proper height for easy reaching, and it means well-lighted surroundings.

It, being borne in mind that the central station in every modern town stands ready to suggest how every living and working room can be electrically lighted so as to afford every possible help to efficient housework.

The selection of tools that will best eliminate waste motion is just as important to the housewife as to any other worker. It is now generally conceded that electric equipment, which fortunately is now quite within the capacity of the most humble purse, makes the most efficient tools for the mistress of the home to work with. An expert has devised a tentative list of electric home appliances in what she considers to be the order of their efficiency. The list includes the electric iron, the electric washing machine, the sewing machine, the electric sweeper, toaster, grill, coffee percolator, fireless cooker and electric fan.

The housewife who devises ways and means to reduce her waste motion to a minimum will do her work much better and more quickly than heretofore, no matter what her household utensils. But the ideal combination for her would be to devise a really efficient way of doing things and in accordance with a strict daily schedule, and then do them with as complete a modern electric household equipment as possible. For these electric appliances save countless steps and stoops and waste motions where they are used regularly in the home, and their cost is quickly forgotten in the convenience, satisfaction and improved health which their use entails.

Designed for feminine use is a new hand mirror fitted with an electric light at one end, current being supplied by a storage battery contained in the handle.

To enable a person to photograph himself from a distance, a Californian has invented an electrical attachment for cameras.

## A Scene Which Caused Trouble for "The Lure"



In the third act of "The Lure," the author of which is George Scarborough, formerly of Waco, the presentation of which in New York has caused an investigation by the grand jury there, is one of the most dramatic scenes of the piece. A secret service man of the government, hav-

ing in, tried to induce the second girl to return. She had been persuaded, when the first young woman broke in on the scene to interrupt it. The play has been rewritten by the author, George Scarborough, himself a government secret service agent, and this scene may be eliminated.

ing in, tried to induce the second girl to return. She had been persuaded, when the first young woman broke in on the scene to interrupt it. The play has been rewritten by the author, George Scarborough, himself a government secret service agent, and this scene may be eliminated.

## Rheumatism

A Home Cure Given by One Who Had It

In the spring of 1892 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know for over three years. I tried remedy after remedy, and doctor after doctor, but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finally I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with Rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatic trouble to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to try. After you have used it and it has proven itself to be that long-looked-for means of curing your rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, but, understand, I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Don't that fail! Why suffer any longer when positive relief is thus offered you free? Don't delay. Write today. Mark H. Jackson, No. 31 Gurney Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.



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# FEEDING A PYTHON



Python Asleep After Feat



Getting the Kinks out of the Serpent

PHOTO COURTESY N.Y. ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY



Taking Python to Feeding Room



Breaking the Hunger Strike

## A Real Hunger Strike - Four Rabbits for a Starter - Largest Snakes in the World - Many Specimens At Zoo - Cages Resemble Native Haunts.

**F**ORCIBLE feeding is not such a bad thing after all. When you get to know that food is worth while, you are sorry that you ever went on a hunger strike and become just as ready to take food as the next one with a good appetite. This has been proved by Emmeline, formerly known as Czarina. Emmeline went on a hunger strike which lasted twenty-seven months and during that period of abstinence from food went from 350 pounds to 170. Emmeline started her hunger strike long before Mrs. Pankhurst conceived the idea, but unlike the militant suffragette the American would-be-martyr did not get out of her cell, save for half an hour and then had to go back again. Emmeline ate now once a week and if she had her way she would be willing to eat every day. The trouble is that most of the time she is asleep now, because of her gorging and can't wake up to beg for food.

Emmeline or Czarina, which ever you like, is the largest snake in captivity in the snake house of the New York Zoological Park. She is a regal, or reticulated python and comes from the Malay Peninsula. She has been

there now for nearly ten years. While she has a powerful neck that makes it possible for her to drive her head like a battering ram through a barrel, and teeth that are long and strong enough to tear a man's arm from the socket, Emmeline is good-natured. She is not the dreaded Ular Sawa, as most of her family is called by the Malays. There is only one thing that can be found fault with and that is that she is simply obstinate, and true to her sex when she won't she won't. It is a common thing for members of the Boidae family to which Emmeline belongs to go on hunger strikes. They do it frequently when they are taken captives and the most tempting pig, fat rabbit, or plump capon will not tempt them. The big snakes just look over the live food thrown into their cages and treat it with the indifference of a politician for a constituent after Election Day.

For several years after being brought to the New York Zoological Park, Emmeline showed no symptoms of regaining food like others of her relatives had done. She ate regularly and was a pet. Raymond L. Ditmars, Curator of reptiles of the New York Zoological Society, and his assistant, Charles Snyder, did more boasting about the big python than about any other reptile they had. She was called Czarina after the steamship which brought her from the Far East.

The python's hunger strike began twenty-seven months ago. Her cage mate Billy, a boa constrictor, had frequently done the same thing, but his refusal to take food seldom lasted for more than a week and then he'd get so hungry that he'd just have to forget about his decision and start eating again. When it was discovered that the python had gone on strike, and that Billy was getting her share of the food, it was thought that she



Ready to Feed the Big Snake

too, would soon follow the boa's methods and fall a victim to appetite. The experts were wrong. Czarina was not that kind of a snake.

Everything possible was done to tempt her. She was placed in a large cage by herself and chickens, guinea pigs, porkers of the roasting size and rabbits were put into the enclosure. She refused to be tempted and spent most of her time sleeping, or coiled up in a corner of the cage.

The snake had been on strike for a year when Mrs. Pankhurst started her militant methods in London and then Czarina lost her regal title and became Emmeline. This did not bother her in the slightest. She refused to respond to any name and just snaked and acted as no python which was a pet of the park officials should do.

When the second year of the strike started Emmeline began to look weak. She was emaciated and showed that even the largest python in captivity in this country cannot stand fasting when it is carried on too long. Then Curator Ditmars decided that if the English authorities could force the human militant suffragettes to take food when they didn't want to, they

were not going to have much of a lead on him. Then preparations were made to force Emmeline to eat.

The preparations for the forced meal consisted of getting all keepers of the snake house ready to help. Four rabbits were killed and skinned. The four carcasses were then tied together, the hind legs of one being lashed to the neck of the one next to it with vegetable fibre. When the four were properly tied in a string, a bamboo pole about ten feet long was called for and the rabbit which was first in line was spitted.

Then the keepers got out Emmeline. She made no attempt to fight them, save once or twice when she was being taken into the open she tried to get a half Nelson around Keeper Snyder's body, and when this failed she proceeded to knock down two of the other men with her powerful tail.

Once in the open the keepers stretched out Emmeline's body. Five men stood near her head. Curator Ditmars forced open the powerful jaw of the snake and two keepers grasped the upper and lower jaws and distended them until the snake's mouth was open wide enough to allow the cura-

tor to get the head of the first rabbit in the cavity.

As the rabbits were skinned there was no fur to catch on the powerful recurved teeth of the snake. Emmeline actually grunted as the string of rabbits started slipping down her throat. She squirmed a lot, but there were too many keepers to stop the operation and in three minutes Ditmars had shoved the string of carcasses five feet past the obstinate teeth and then with a twist released the bamboo pole on which they had been strung. Emmeline did her best to regurgitate the food, but failed. Then she was carried back into her cage and promptly went to sleep for two days.

When she awoke Emmeline showed that the food had done her good and that she had come to realize that hunger strikes were not worth while. She began to show more activity than she had in two years, and before the end of the week was begging to be forgiven. When a rabbit was given her the little animal disappeared down her throat in less than half a minute and she was crowding close to the

## Of Ancient Origin - Once Owned By the Grand Conde - Luxury Beyond Belief - Gardens the Wonder of Europe - Art Treasures - Blot On Napoleon's Fame.

**O**NE of the most interesting of all the French chateaux, both for its beauty and for its historical associations, is Chantilly, not far from Paris. The history of Chantilly goes back to the first centuries of the Christian era. A Roman, named Castilius, fortified and occupied the same little rocky island which today supports the chateau. It was surrounded by marshes and was difficult of access which added greatly to its safety. Those same marshes were later transformed by the genius of Le Notre, most marvellous of landscape gardeners, into the picturesque canals and tiny lakes we see today.

From the ninth to the fourteenth century Chantilly belonged to the family of Montmorency, lords of Senlis. It then passed to Pierre d'Ormont, who rebuilt it, making it a splendid fortress. His foundations are still intact and were used for the present chateau. The last of the d'Ormont family, a daughter, married a Baron de Montmorency, and her grandson was the very celebrated Anne de Montmorency, Constable of France. After his day came the royal prince of Bourbon-Condé, owing to the marriage of a daughter of the house of Montmorency with that family. The son of that marriage was the famous hero of many battles, the brilliant statesman, the exquisite and fascinating man of the world, known through the length and breadth of Europe as the Grand Condé. Even the king, Louis XIV, was jealous of his fame and splendour and magnificence. Many millions of dollars were spent by him in making Chantilly the most beautiful estate in all France. He entertained there most of the kings and queens of Europe, all the great writers, the princes of the church, famous beauties, everyone that was known and celebrated. Madame de Sevigne wrote in her letters, "The life at Chantilly is the most brilliant and intellectual that can possibly be imagined, the magnificence of the dinners, suppers and balls, has never been equalled. Hundreds of fountains play continuously, day and night, throwing perfumed spray upon the air, already fragrant with the scent of many flowers. Time passes like an enchanted dream and all the world is at the feet of our Great Condé." Again she writes in those famous letters of hers, "Our hero is glorious in all ways. The whole of Europe praises his valor in war and in addition there is no charm

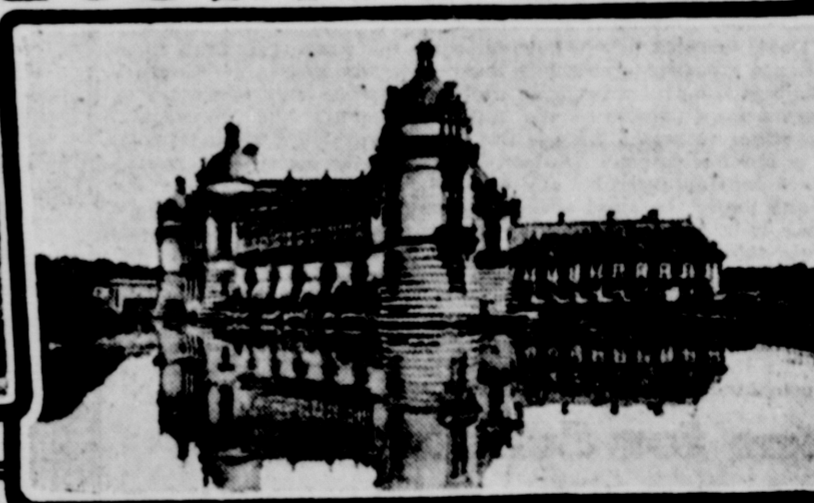
## CHANTILLY, Most Beautiful Estate in France



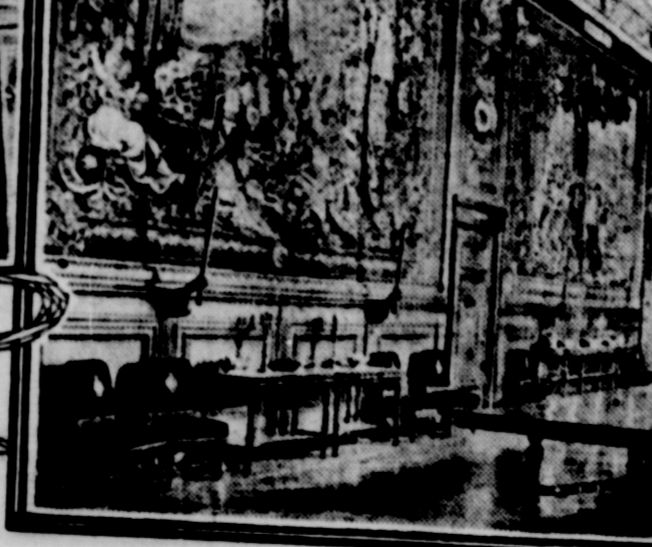
Flags Captured in the Battle of Rocroy This Immense Hall is Entirely Filled with Paintings of the Victorious Battles



For Miles the Paths through the Woods are Laid in this Fashion



The Chateau



The Dining Room

and no talent he does not possess, he can converse with every man with wide knowledge and deep interest upon that man's own special subject; there are no books he has not read, no great men he has not known and entertained." Moliere wrote his plays in order to perform them there. Bossuet, La Bruyere, de Boileau, Racine, Fenelon and all the other celebrities of the time were constant visitors. Le Notre worked twenty years to make the gardens the wonder of Europe. The vast forests were intersected by miles and miles of absolutely straight avenues and paths, radiating from great circles and extending to other great circles, all of which was carefully planned to simplify the hunts for which Chantilly was famous. Thirty millions of francs were spent in building the immense stables in which were housed their magnificent state-carriages, their three hundred thoroughbreds, a small army of grooms and coachmen as well as six packs of hunting dogs. There was also in these stables a vast domed hall in which bells were given at which a thousand

persons danced. The most magnificent fetes were given to entertain the king who brought with him some six hundred members of his court. These were all lodged and fed and entertained.

In that golden age of Chantilly many amusing tales were told, and written in the old books, of happenings at the chateau. Every one knows about the head cook who, during a dinner given to the king, threw himself upon his sword and died because the fish was late in arriving. He was not willing to survive the shame. It speaks well of the versatility of the great nobles that one of them took charge of affairs at once and the king and guests knew nothing of the catastrophe. It is even said that the host himself was kept in ignorance. Another story that always appealed to

the writer was found in a very old book with queer old French spelling hidden away in the Bibliotheque Nationale. It is this—take it with a grain of salt if you will—Among the wonders of Chantilly was a very complete menagerie, from which one day a large and very savage tiger escaped. There was a magnificent garden-party in progress and the lawn was gay with lovely women, elaborately dressed, with powdered hair and waving plumes. The tiger bounding from the shrubbery landed, much to his surprise, among these fairy forms. It is said that he was so impressed by their beauty that he became as gentle as a lamb and frolicked around them in ecstasy and finally with evident reluctance to leave such charming society, sadly but politely returned to his cage.

During the French revolution Chantilly suffered as did all the homes of the French nobility. It was used both as a hospital and as a prison and the vast stables served as barracks for the soldiers. The late owner, the Duke d'Aumale, devoted his entire life to the restoration of the chateau, and in addition to the already priceless collections. Among the paintings every one is a gem. The world-famous names are all there, and in the library are the rarest of first editions, not only of the European languages but of the Greek and Roman classics, most wonderful illuminated manuscripts are there and most beautiful examples of the bookbinder's art. One may study the history not only of France, but of Europe and of the beautiful chateau itself among these drawings, paintings, bronzes, miniatures, sets of

armor, tapestries, medals and trophies of every kind.

In the gardens are several beautiful little chapels or temples dedicated to Diana, to the goddess of love, and others. On the "Island of Love," near the temple of Venus, lunch was often served in the days when Louis XIV was a guest.

Chantilly belongs to the French nation now and is open as a museum. The Duke d'Aumale, the last owner of the chateau, was the fourth son of King Louis Philippe and uncle to the present Bourbon heir, the Duke of Orleans. He had two brilliant sons, whom he had carefully educated and trained to be worthy of their great race, but both of these young men died and so the duke gave his home to France for the good of the public. He left it in the care of the Institute as being a body not easily moved by any political changes. He turned over to them also the forests and farmlands and all the many buildings that comprise the vast estate. He did this while he lived in order to see his plans put into execution before his death. Provision is made for students and artists to work there at will, and special rooms are set apart for them where they may examine or copy paintings, books or other works of art. The duke d'Aumale's ownership of the place was due to the sad tragedy of the duke of Enghien's death, the only son of the last prince of Condé. This young man, whose pure and noble character as well as his bravery and brilliant qualities, had endeared him to all France, was with many others exiled during the First Empire. He was at the time a guest in the Duchy of Baden, on neutral soil and was leading the simplest of lives, ab-

sorbed in study. Some too-zealous friends of Napoleon persuaded the emperor that the young prince was plotting against his life. At dead of night a detachment of two hundred soldiers, with a general and several prominent officers crossed the Rhine, dragged the prince from his bed, hurried him first to Strasbourg and then to the fortress of Vincennes, near Paris. They arrived at night after a most exhausting journey. He threw himself down upon his prison-bed and fell asleep. After midnight his jailors awakened him and said that his trial was to begin at once. Before arousing him they had dug his grave! A mockery of a trial took place. There were no witnesses, no one to plead his cause and he himself scarcely knew of what he was accused. He was, of course, condemned. A quick volley fired by the light of a lantern and the young man, the descendant of twenty kings, was flung face downward into the hastily dug trench. At St. Helena Napoleon made frequent reference to this dark blot on his own fame and regretted that he had been persuaded to allow it. The heart-broken father, whose only son had been so needlessly taken from him, was recalled to France when Napoleon's star had set and another Bourbon sat upon the throne of France. Every effort was made to find the body of the young prince and give it fitting burial. The grave had not been marked in any way and was hard to find. Finally some one came forward who remembered seeing men digging at a certain spot that particular evening. An excavation was made and the body was found. Reverent hands laid all that was left of the loved one with the rest of his proud race and the father gave the beautiful chateau to his little nephew, the Duke d'Aumale. He brought the child there and taught him to love the place, trained him in all its history, told him of the great victories won in battle by the princes of Condé, of their great social brilliancy and statesmanship, and bade him follow in their footsteps. The child grew up with this intense love of Chantilly and devoted the larger part of his life to caring for the place and restoring what had been injured in the revolution to its original splendor. Some treasures had been removed; these he traced, re-purchased and brought back.

The most famous of all French race-courses, after Longchamps, is at Chantilly, directly in front of the great Condé stables of which mention has been made. They are so magnificent that nearly all strangers think them the chateau. The approach to the chateau is most imposing. One crosses a draw-bridge over a moat and arrives upon an immense stone terrace, then another draw-bridge which leads directly into the great court of honor, in which is the entrance to the chateau itself and also to the beautiful chapel. Around this court are covered galleries with beautiful stone columns and statues.

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OUR POLICY "THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"



All Interurban Cars Stop in Front of the Sanger Store. You can Board and Leave Interurban Cars Here.

## This Week We Join Hands With the People Between Waco and Dallas in a Rousing Welcome to the Interurban as Well as a Tribute to the Men Who Are Responsible for this Great Achievement

The growth and prosperity to come from this one attainment will be wonderful and the Greater and Still Better Sanger Store demonstrated on Thursday and Friday during the Formal Fall Opening its thorough preparedness for the greater business that is to come to Waco this Fall and Winter, due to the unprecedented growth of Waco as a city as well as the greater business that the Interurban will bring here. Never did this store swing into a season quite so well prepared to meet the wants and desires of the people of this section. Our enlarged floor space and increased stocks, more varied than ever before, give you wonderful advantages in shopping here, to say nothing of the lower prices at which we offer dependable merchandise.

We Have Installed an Interurban Ticket Selling Station in Our Soda Fountain Section on the First Floor

For the convenience of the public we have installed an Interurban Ticket Selling Station on the First Floor, in our Soda Water and Confectionery Department. All Interurban Cars will stop directly in front of the store, and the Soda Water Department is equipped with chairs, making it an ideal place to wait for the cars, and in addition we have comfortable rest rooms and writing rooms on the First Floor. We wish to make it plain to all, that these conveniences are for the public and you are just as welcome when you come here merely to wait for your car as when you come to buy. Interurban Tickets for all points on the Interurban will go on sale with the beginning of the Interurban service Wednesday morning, October 1st.

## Women's Evening Gowns and Dancing Frocks Priced at \$19.75, \$25 and Up to \$250

These Gowns are full of charm, each having their own characteristic touches and smart dashes to stamp them from the common place. Their charm lies in the swirling, graceful draperies in the soft frills and vestees of Lace. You will marvel at their beauty. Gowns from the hands of the master designers.

PRICED \$19.75, \$25.00 UP TO \$250.00.

## Women's Street and Reception Dresses

They take their inspiration from the world's fashion centers. The styles afford a world of new effects. The materials include Crepe, Moire, Charmeuse, Crepe de Cene, Canton Crepes, Brocades, come in striking combination effects. Navy, Copenhagen, Tulle, Ruby Tulle, Sea Green, Tete de Negre and Mahogany.

PRICED \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00 TO \$75.00.

## The Supremacy of Our Millinery Department and of the Styles We Are Showing

Was demonstrated during the Opening Days of last week and fashionable women have set their stamp of approval upon this notable display of beautiful creations of Paris and Paris inspired Millinery as well as the clever American models. The exclusiveness of our showing, the great number of Hats here to choose from, make it possible to select Millinery in the prevailing mode that is not only stylish but becoming to your individuality. You will find our prices most reasonable.

MADE TO ORDER.

The Hats created in the work rooms here will be ocular evidence of the superlatively good taste of Sanger Milliners—and suggest a Hat made to order to suit the individuality of the new Fall Gown or Suit. Early orders will insure against the delay that is bound to come as the season advances.

## Special Sale This Week of Human Hair Goods

We direct your attention to our large display of Human Hair Goods in the Millinery Department on the Second Floor, and also to the special low prices at which Hair Goods are offered for this week.

\$2.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$1.50	\$6.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$4.87
\$2.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$1.88	\$7.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$5.25
\$3.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$2.25	\$7.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$5.68
\$3.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$2.63	\$8.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$6.00
\$4.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$3.00	\$8.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$6.38
\$4.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$3.38	\$9.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$6.75
\$5.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$3.75	\$10.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$7.50
\$5.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$4.13	\$12.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$9.34
\$6.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$4.50	\$15.00 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$11.25
		\$27.50 HAIR SWITCHES .....	\$20.68

## The Largest and Most Complete Collection of Silks in the City Await Your Inspection at the Sanger Store

The big Daylight Silk Room is filled to overflowing with the most beautiful Silks of the season. There is not a desirable new Silk that is not here and in every wanted color and shade. The best from the foreign as well as American Silk looms are in this collection. Our buyers spent months in the Silk markets and they overlooked nothing. The vast quantities in which Sanger Brothers of Texas, Dallas and Waco, buy Silks, is reflected in our low prices. We buy direct from the manufacturers and buy in quantities that are not duplicated by any other store in the South. You see the best in Silks here and under the most advantageous conditions, our Silk Room is not only Daylight, but it is direct overhead daylight, and you can perfectly match any shade or color. Your selection looks the same when you get it home as it did when you were picking it out. Our French Room affords the advantage of selecting Evening Silks under the same light conditions that you will wear this class of Silk. With this great stock to pick from and the advantages you have here for selection, plus the fact that we stand back of every yard of Silk that we sell, you can make no mistake in buying the Silks for your new Gowns and Dresses here. Stocks are at the height of completeness now and we invite your inspection.

## Ribbons for School Wear

"Hair Bow" Ribbons for the little miss to wear to school. A good quality of Plain Taffeta and Moire Ribbons, 5-12 inches wide, in navy, brown, cardinal, black, purple and Kelly green "Quality Ribbons" at a very special price of ..... 19c

## 65c to 75c Fancy Ribbons 39c a Yard

The biggest special we ever put on sale in Fancy Ribbons, for each piece is a quality Ribbon. Handsome Printed Ribbons in the rich, dark autumn coloring. Ribbons that are 6 to 7 inches wide and ideal for the girdles and sashes so much in vogue. Genuine 60c to 65c values and all new Ribbons, at ..... 39c

## Brocaded Velvet Ribbons \$2.50 to \$4.00 a Yard

See the wonderful line of Imported Velvet Ribbons, elegant Brocaded Novelties, 5 and 6 inches wide, the handsomest novelties ever shown in Ribbons at, a yard, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and ..... \$4.00

## White Moire Ribbons for Sashes

We are showing a big line of 8, 9 and 10-inch Moire Ribbons in black and colors for girdles and sashes; black Kelly green and purples are here at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard. Wonderful Ribbon values.

## LATEST NOVELTIES IN JEWELRY

VANITIES 75c—German Silver Vanities, with Mirror and Powder Puff; dimes and quarters; extra value .....	75c
VANITIES 75c—German Silver Vanities, with Mirror and Powder Puff; oblong and square shapes; a very special offering at .....	75c
VANITIES \$1.00—German Silver and Old Gold; Vanities combining Mirror, Powder Puff and Coin Holder and Card Case. A well made Vanity; very attractive novelty .....	\$1.00
STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES—A most complete line of Sterling Silver Novelties in Card Cases, Vanities, Coin Holders, ranging in price from \$1.50 to .....	\$30.00

## SANGER STORE RETAIL

1913 — 1813

LOOKING BACK AS WE WELCOME THE INTERURBAN.

A little more than a hundred years ago there were but few newspapers in America, steam engines had not been thought of, and locomotives and steamboats, railroads, telegraphs, telephones, postal cards, friction matches, revolvers, percussion caps, breech-loading guns, automatic guns, stoves, furnaces, gas and steam heat and electric lights for business houses and dwellings, sewing machines, umbrellas, coal, kerosene oil, safety lamps, photographs, paper money, free schools, bed springs, lever watches and cotton, silk and woolen factories, in anything like the present meaning of these terms were utterly unknown.

A little more than a hundred years ago the spinning wheel was in almost every home, and clothing was spun and woven and made in the household, and the printing press was a cumbersome machine worked by hand; and a nail, or a brick, or a knife or a pair of shears or scissors, or a razor, a woven pair of stockings, an ax, a hoe or a shovel, a lock, or a key, or a plate of glass of any size was not made in the United States. In 1790 there were only seventy-five postoffices and the entire extent of our post routes was less than 1,900 miles. Cheap postage such as the Parcel Post and Rural Free Delivery, were not even imagined and had any one suggested the transmission of messages with lightning speed by wire, or wireless or flying through the air in an airship or riding in a carriage that had for its propelling power anything other than horses or oxen, he would have been thought utterly insane and might have been burned. In a word, it is true that to the century passed have been allotted more improvements, bearing on the comfort and happiness of mankind than to any other which has elapsed since the creation of the world.

Combining the various lines of merchandise under one roof—the department store—is comparatively new. The Sanger Store in Waco was established in 1872. At that time there were but few of what are now known as department stores in existence, but the idea of several stores under one roof has been studied and improved upon until today the Sanger Store stands as an example of what has been accomplished, in the placing of what might be termed special departments, under the department method under one roof. As fast as the genius and the inventor have perfected features that would tend to make for comfort and convenience in shopping we have installed these features as a part of our store service.

And now with the people of Waco and of this section of the Great Southwest we welcome the coming of the interurban as the greatest of all things.

The entire history of the Electric Railway has been made in the past few years. Thomas Davenport, a poor blacksmith of Brandon, Vt., constructed what might be termed the first electric railway. The invention was crude and of little practical value, but the idea was there. In 1835 he exhibited in Springfield, Mass., a small electric engine running upon a circular track, the circuit being furnished by small batteries carried on the car. Three years later, Robert Davidson, of Aberdeen, Scotland, began his experiments in this direction. He constructed what was then a powerful motor and mounted it upon a truck. In 1849 Moses Farmer exhibited an electric engine which drew a small car containing two persons. In 1851, Dr. Charles Grafton Page, of Salem, Mass., perfected an electric engine of considerable power. On April 29th of the same year a trip was made from Washington, D. C. to Hlandsburg, over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad track with a car run by electricity and the highest speed attained on this trip was nineteen miles an hour. And so experiments with partial success continued until 1875, when Messrs. Siemens and Halske, of Berlin, constructed and erected an electric railway with a third rail placed in the center of the two outer rails, which supplied the current which was taken into the motor on the car through a sliding contact. The third rail is still used where electric companies can use it without endangering life. Then came the trolley wire overhead as well as underneath. In 1880 Thomas A. Edison constructed an experimental road near his laboratory in Menlo Park, N. J., and in 1888 electric cars were perfected to such an extent that they began to be used to replace horse cars all over the world and especially in the United States, and this week Waco welcomes the Interurban which connects us with Dallas and other points between here and there and even beyond, with a speed even greater than that of the locomotive.



## Largest Showing of Suits at \$25 in the City

We make a specialty of Women's Suits at \$25.00. Our showing at this price is large and most complete. All the jaunty and smart styles are shown at this price and in every new material. The linings are of the best and the tailoring of these Suits is above reproach. All colors and sizes.

\$25.00

## Coats and Wraps—An Exceptional Display of Smart Street Coats at \$9.95 and up to \$75.00

Our assemblage of New Coats is marked by styles and fabrics that are unusual and highly attractive. Exact copies of foreign models. Dovetails, Velour, Plush, Broad-tail, Crepe, Fur Fabrics and New Shaggy Weaves. The colorings present a host of new rich tones.

PRICED \$9.95 TO \$75.00.

## New Autumn Blouses at \$5.00 to \$25.00

There is a charm in these Blouses that is indescribable. They are shown in the daintiest of Laces, Nets, Crepes and Chiffons. They are a revelation to behold and pleasing to the eye and not expensive in price. You will wonder how these dainty French Waists can be produced to sell at these prices.

PRICED \$5.00 TO \$25.00.

## Dainty Lace Waist Special at \$3.95

Special lot of Dainty Lace Waists, high and low necks, beautifully designed with ribbons, frills and edgings.

SPECIAL AT, EACH, \$3.95.

## Womens' and Misses' Skirts

The most snappy of the authentic styles. Especially do we call attention to the New Tier Skirt and the smart draped models in all the new materials of the season. Every material that is in vogue this season is shown here in the new style Skirts. All sizes and lengths.

PRICED AT \$5.00 TO \$25.00.

## Small Women and Junior's Department

To meet popular demand for Small Women and Juniors' apparel we have added this new department. Suits, Dresses and Coats in a large and complete showing, styled to suit the most fastidious and designed in keeping to height and form, every correct detail is embodied.

## Small Women and Junior Suits \$16.50 up to \$55.00

A delightful showing from smart, simple to elaborately designed Suits. All wanted cloths and colors.

PRICES \$16.50, \$22.50 UP TO \$55.00.

## Pretty Neckwear Novelties

50c NECKWEAR—Monday we make a special exhibit of Women's Neckwear at 50c to demonstrate forcibly the Sanger supremacy, both in point of value giving and variety. The new Gimpes will be shown also. Made of the finest Shadow Laces and Net, in both high and low neck. We particularly invite your attention to the quality and finish of these 50c Gimpes, for they are sold in many stores at 75c to \$1.00. See our special display of 50c Neckwear.

## The Best School Hosiery

The Sanger Store is better equipped than ever to supply all Hosiery wants. This week we are featuring Boys' and Girls' School Hosiery. We handle exclusively in Waco the following well-known brands of Children's

## Guaranteed Hose

"No Mend," "Notasame," "Buster Brown," "Wonder," "Cadet" and "Round Ticket." In addition we carry other good brands, such as Black Cat and Fays, making the greatest variety of Guaranteed School Hosiery carried by any one firm in the Southwest.

## School Hose

We feature 25 cents more than any other price in Children's School Hose, and we embody in this line all the good wearing points known in Hosiery making—double knee, linen toes and sole, reinforced heel—Hosiery built for the hard wear they must endure for school wear. Monday we will make a special display of 8 different brands of Guaranteed School Hose at 25 cents a pair. It will be a show well worth seeing and a good opportunity to lay in a supply of School Hose for the boys and girls.

## OUR LADIES' TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is capable of interpreting your ideas of a Fashionable Wrap, Suit or Gown to your entire satisfaction, or of originating a most becoming style for you. Mr. Preves, who is in charge of this department, is a man of unusual ability and experience and has spent many years in fashionable Paris shops as a designer. Ask for Mr. Preves, either in his work room on the Third Floor, or in the Wool Dress Goods department, and talk over new Fall Apparel with him. He will gladly advise you whether you decide to have him make up your new tailored garments or not.

MAKE THE SANGER STORE YOUR MEETING PLACE



THE INTERURBAN AND ALL WACO STREET CARS COME HERE DIRECT.

# Sanger Brothers

OUR POLICY "THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"



MAKE THE SANGER STORE YOUR MEETING PLACE